Francis H. Case

LATE A SENATOR FROM
SOUTH DAKOTA

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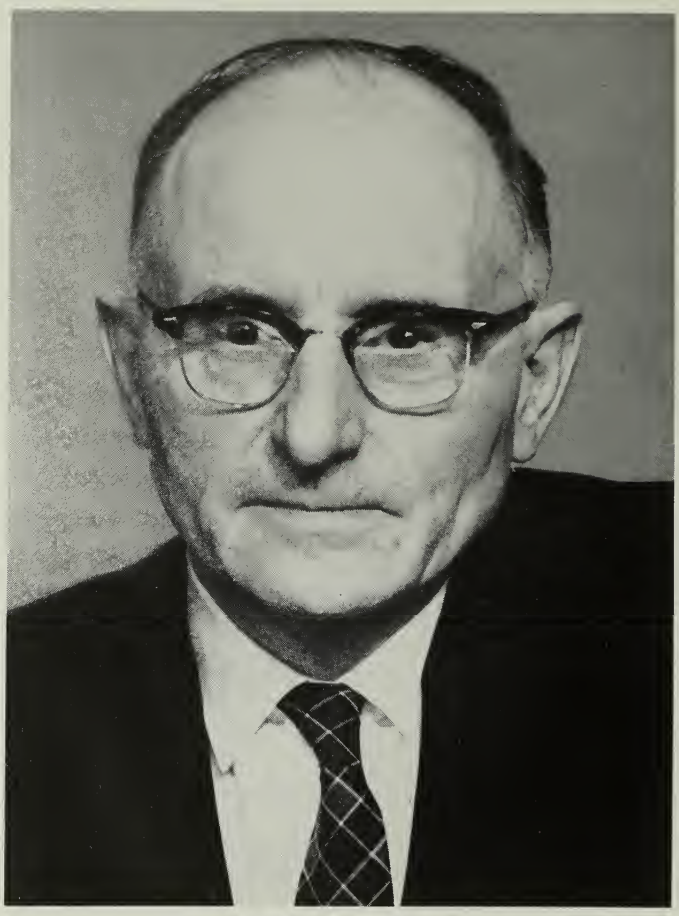

Memorial Services

HELD IN THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
OF THE UNITED STATES, TOGETHER WITH
REMARKS PRESENTED IN EULOGY OF

Francis H. Case

LATE A SENATOR FROM
SOUTH DAKOTA

U.S

Eighty-seventh Congress
Second Session

UNITED STATES
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Biography

FRANCIS HIGBEE CASE was born in Everly, Clay County, Iowa, December 9, 1896; moved with his parents to Sturgis, S. Dak., in 1909; attended the public schools; was graduated from Hot Springs (S. Dak.) High School in 1914, from Dakota Wesleyan University, Mitchell, S. Dak., in 1918, and from Northwestern University, Evanston, Ill., in 1920; during the First World War served as a private in the United States Marine Corps in 1918; lieutenant in the United States Army Reserves 1924–1931; captain and later major in the United States Marine Corps Reserves; assistant editor, Epworth Herald, Chicago, Ill., 1920–1922; telegraph editor and editorial writer on the Rapid City (S. Dak.) Daily Journal 1922–1925; editor and publisher of the Hot Springs (S. Dak.) Star 1925–1931; editor and publisher of the Custer (S. Dak.) Chronicle 1931–1946; member of the State regents of education 1931–1933; unsuccessful candidate for election in 1934 to the Seventy-fourth Congress; elected as a Republican to the Seventy-fifth and to the six succeeding Congresses (January 3, 1937–January 3, 1951); elected to the United States Senate in 1950; reelected in 1956 and served from January 3, 1951, until his death in the naval hospital at Bethesda, Md., June 22, 1962; interment in Mountain View Cemetery, Rapid City, S. Dak.

Memorial Services
for
Francis H. Case

Proceedings in the Senate

FRIDAY, *June 22, 1962.*

Mr. MUNDT. Mr. President, it is my very sad and most unhappy duty to inform the Senate of the death of my colleague, the Honorable FRANCIS CASE, the junior Senator from South Dakota.

Senator FRANCIS CASE passed away this morning at the Bethesda Naval Hospital, at Bethesda, Md. All of us were aware of his recent illness, but we had high hopes that he would regain his health and would continue to be with us. He appeared to be making a most welcome recovery. His death is a great loss to the State of South Dakota and to the Nation.

During his lifetime, Senator CASE held many positions of honor and trust on behalf of the people of our State. The people of South Dakota honored and respected him for his ability, his courage, and his integrity. No one ever needed be in doubt as to where Senator FRANCIS CASE stood on any issue.

During his service in the U.S. Senate, Senator CASE won the admiration and the respect of Members on both sides of the aisle. He will be sadly missed in this body.

Mrs. Mundt and I extend our sincerest and deepest sympathy to Mrs. Case, their daughter Jane, their granddaughter Catherine, and other members of the family.

Mr. President, at this time I should like to read a short biography of Senator CASE:

FRANCIS CASE, Republican, of Custer, S. Dak.; born December 9, 1896; former newspaper editor and publisher; operator of a ranch in the Black Hills; B.A., Dakota Wesleyan University, 1918; M.A., Northwestern University, 1920; L.H.D., South Dakota School of Mines and Technology; married Myrle Graves in 1926; children, Jane Marie, 1935; Fran-

cis H., Jr. (deceased), 1945; granddaughter, Catherine; served in U.S. Marine Corps, World War I; State regent of education, 1931–33; elected to House of Representatives from Second District of South Dakota in 1936, and served seven consecutive terms; elected to U.S. Senate in 1950, and re-elected in 1956; House record includes: Case-Wheeler Water Conservation Act, 1937 and 1940; Renegotiation of Excess War Profits, 1942; Government Corporations Control Act—joint sponsor—1945; United Nations Invitation to United States, 1945; Case bill, labor relations, vetoed, 1946; Synthetic Liquid Fuels Act, 1948; and active in behalf of appropriations to implement 70-group Air Force; member House Committee on Appropriations, 1939–51; House Select Committee on Foreign Aid, 1947–48, and Joint Congressional Aviation Policy, 80th Congress; Armed Services; member, Senate Committee on Public Works and ex officio member of Appropriations Committee from Armed Services for Defense appropriation bill and from Public Works for rivers and harbors appropriations bill; Senate record includes: legislation for weather research, cloud modification, desalination of water, and various amendments to highway acts; also introduced first legislation to dispose of surplus farm commodities for foreign currencies.

Mr. President, it has been arranged with the leadership of the Senate to set aside a time at a later date when Senators may deliver their eulogies in memory of our late colleague, Senator FRANCIS CASE, of South Dakota.

At this time, I send to the desk a resolution relating to the death of Senator CASE. The majority leader and the minority leader have some comments to make; and I ask that action on the resolution be deferred until they have spoken.

Mr. MANSFIELD. Mr. President, the United States and the State of South Dakota have lost a faithful and a dedicated servant in the person of our friend and colleague, FRANCIS CASE.

Like so many Members of this body, including the minority leader, the Senator from Illinois [Mr. Dirksen], and the colleague of Senator CASE, the Senator from South Dakota

[Mr. Mundt], I have served in both the House of Representatives and the Senate with this friend.

The death of this rancher, this newspaperman, but, above all, this statesman, has left a void which it will be hard to fill by his State, his country, and his party.

To say that I am shocked and distressed is greatly to understate my personal feeling, because I had great confidence in Senator CASE, and his integrity was never questioned.

Let me add that the many contributions Senator CASE made to the betterment of his State, our country, and the free world, will be remembered by all of us who have served with him and by all those who elected him to his exalted position.

On behalf of Mrs. Mansfield and myself, I extend our deepest sympathy to Mrs. Case, to their daughter Jane, and to the other members of their family.

Senator CASE will be greatly missed, because he made so many important contributions.

May his soul rest in peace.

Mr. MUNDT. Mr. President, I deeply appreciate the comments of the distinguished majority leader, for whom our late colleague, Senator CASE, has many, many times expressed to me profound admiration, respect, and affection.

Mr. DIRKSEN. Mr. President, sometimes the term "faithful servant" is rather widely used. If ever the tribute could be correctly used in referring to anyone with whom I have served in public life, certainly it could well be said of FRANCIS CASE: "Well done, thou good and faithful servant; enter into the joy of thy Lord."

Mr. President, it was my privilege to serve with FRANCIS CASE for six of the seven terms he served in the House of Representatives; and during that time there was laid the foundation of a deep and enduring friendship. Furthermore, in 1950 both of us became Members of the U.S. Senate; and that friendship continued to ripen into one of a Gibraltar-like quality.

I had a great affection for him; and I felt singularly honored when, last September, I was invited to go to Mitchell, S. Dak., to help initiate his campaign for 1962. It was one of the great, outstanding meetings ever held in the great, far-flung State of South Dakota. Present were all the living Governors of the State—and there are many of them; and all rose to pay testimony to the services of FRANCIS CASE.

FRANCIS CASE could well be described, I think, as a living profile in courage, in conviction, and in devotion to freedom; and he will be sorely missed.

FRANCIS CASE had a brilliant mind which was remarkably capacious, particularly for detail, and, for analytical ability, was one of the greatest I have ever encountered.

So today I say farewell to a friend. We shall sorely miss him. My sympathy and that of the family go to Mrs. Case and to their child and grandchild.

Mr. MUNDT. Mr. President, I am very grateful for the eloquent and meaningful remarks of the distinguished minority leader. Senator FRANCIS CASE and I served together for 24 years in the House and Senate as colleagues, as teammates, and as friends. While on occasion we had differences of opinion, I never once had a serious disagreement or argument with my beloved colleague. This is indeed a sad day for us all.

I call up the resolution which I have sent to the desk.

The VICE PRESIDENT. The resolution will be read by the clerk.

The Chief Clerk read the resolution (S. Res. 352), as follows:

Resolved, That the Senate has heard with profound sorrow and deep regret the announcement of the death of Hon. FRANCIS CASE, late a Senator from the State of South Dakota.

Resolved, That a committee of Senators be appointed by the President of the Senate to attend the funeral of the deceased.

Resolved, That the Secretary communicate these resolutions to the House of Representatives and transmit a copy thereof to the family of the deceased.

The resolution was unanimously agreed to.

Mr. MUNDT. Mr. President, as a further mark of respect to the memory of the deceased Senator, I move that the Senate adjourn until 10 o'clock a.m. tomorrow.

The motion was unanimously agreed to; and (at 12 o'clock and 13 minutes p.m.) the Senate adjourned until tomorrow, Saturday, June 23, 1962, at 10 o'clock a.m.

SATURDAY, *June 23, 1962.*

The Chaplain, Rev. Frederick Brown Harris, D.D., offered the following prayer:

O Thou Master of all good workmen, who dost accomplish Thy purposes on the earth through Thy servants who make Thy will their own: For all such who from their labors rest, who Thy name before the world confessed—Hallelujah.

Once more in this Chamber, in all the strife of tongues, a voice is hushed, Again, as a session here is called to order, there sounds in our ears, out of the silence, the solemn reminder: "In the midst of life we are in death."

We pause with a sense of personal grief and with the poignant consciousness that a voice which rang out so passionately within these walls but a few hours ago is silent now, as suddenly an honored Member of this body has laid down his burdens of public service, with his stewardship of world responsibility well performed. Gazing at the empty seat of our friend and colleague, FRANCIS CASE, we think with admiration of his ethical integrity as his strict and sensitive conscience, molded in the dedication of church parsonages, was never betrayed or even lured by the sirens of expediency.

And now, as we pray for Thy sustaining grace upon those who were nearest and dearest to our brother who answers no longer to his name here, may they and we be comforted and inspired by the record he has left, that—

E'en as he trod that day to God,
So walked he from his birth:
In simpleness and gentleness
And honor and clean mirth.

In the name of the risen Redeemer, who declares, "Because I live, ye, too, shall live." Amen.

A message from the House of Representatives, by Mr. Bartlett, one of its reading clerks, communicated to the Senate the resolutions of the House adopted as a tribute to the memory of Hon. FRANCIS CASE, late a Senator from the State of South Dakota.

MONDAY, *June 25, 1962.*

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr. Hickey in the chair). The Chair, for the Vice President, announces the appointment of the following Senators as members of the committee authorized by the Senate to attend the funeral of the late Senator FRANCIS CASE, of South Dakota:

Vice President Lyndon B. Johnson, of Texas.
Senator Karl E. Mundt, of South Dakota, chairman.
Senator Mike Mansfield, of Montana, majority leader.
Senator Everett McKinley Dirksen, of Illinois, minority leader.
Senator Bourke B. Hickenlooper, of Iowa.
Senator Milton R. Young, of North Dakota.
Senator John Stennis, of Mississippi.
Senator Frank Carlson, of Kansas.
Senator J. Glenn Beall, of Maryland.
Senator Roman L. Hruska, of Nebraska.
Senator Carl T. Curtis, of Nebraska.
Senator John Sherman Cooper, of Kentucky.
Senator Howard W. Cannon, of Nevada.
Senator Quentin N. Burdick, of North Dakota.
Senator J. Caleb Boggs, of Delaware.
Senator Jack Miller, of Iowa.

FRANCIS H. CASE

WEDNESDAY, *July 25, 1962.*

Mr. MUNDT. Mr. President, I send to the desk a resolution and ask for its present consideration.

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr. Metcalf in the chair). The resolution will be read.

The resolution (S. Res. 366) was read as follows:

Resolved, That the legislative business of the Senate be now suspended in order that memorial addresses may be delivered on the life, character, and public service of the Honorable FRANCIS CASE, late a Senator from the State of South Dakota.

Resolved, That the Secretary communicate these resolutions to the House of Representatives and transmit an enrolled copy thereof to the family of the deceased.

Resolved, That as a further mark of respect to the memory of the deceased, the Senate, at the conclusion of its business today, do adjourn.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the resolution.

The resolution was unanimously agreed to.

Remarks by Senator Mundt

Of South Dakota

Mr. MUNDT. Mr. President, the land of the prairies and of the mountains and of the towering pines from whence he came has reclaimed a loyal son.

Our colleague, FRANCIS CASE, has made the long journey home, to the beauty and the solitude of the Black Hills he so deeply loved.

Today, as we pay homage to this fine citizen from my home State of South Dakota, the recollection of many, many "yesterdays" floods across my mind as I look back upon the near quarter of a century of close association I had in serving with FRANCIS in the Congress of the United States.

My first recollection of FRANCIS CASE goes back a long time before he or I gave much thought to serving here in the National Legislature.

I had met FRANCIS when he was a publisher and editor in the Black Hills, and I was teaching in the public schools of eastern South Dakota.

I came to know him during his service on the State Board of Regents of Education of South Dakota, when, in fact, he was actually one of my employers, since I was, at that time, a member of the faculty of the General Beadle State Teachers College in my hometown of Madison, which came under the jurisdiction of the State board of regents of education.

Later we were to be a part of the same campaign team, he running for the House of Representatives from the Second Congressional District, and I from the First Congressional District.

He was elected in 1936. I was defeated. In 1938 we both were the candidates, he was reelected for his second term, and I was elected for my first term.

So, as that 76th Congress opened in 1939, and I arrived for service in the House of Representatives, it was FRANCIS CASE

who was there to welcome me to the National Legislature, to introduce me to our colleagues and to take me by the arm to the well of the House where the oath of office was administered.

Many the time I have since stood in the House—and in this Chamber—virtually side by side with FRANCIS CASE, as we pledged anew our allegiance to God and country, swearing upon this sacred oath to uphold and defend the Constitution of the United States.

And it was in January 1951, when I accompanied him down the aisle of this Chamber, as he began his new service to the State and Nation as a U.S. Senator, as he took his oath as a Senator.

And now, 25 years and a few months later, we are here today to pay our final respects to a fallen comrade, a valiant warrior, a veteran of the U.S. Marine Corps, and, truly, a veteran of the legislative battles that have been playing, for a quarter of a century, such a vital role in the progress and prosperity achieved in the country.

The bridge that spans that quarter of a century of service seems short, indeed, in the measure of time as we look back over these years.

But by another measure, the record that is one of vast achievement by Senator FRANCIS CASE, that bridge seems virtually endless as we look back over the accomplishments of a diligent, devoted public servant.

How does one review such service?

Well, how is it recognized by those one serves, by those who have entrusted the responsibilities of high office upon the shoulders of one individual?

To me, this is the recognition that counts, the confidence of a trust well placed.

And it was an enduring trust that the people of South Dakota had in the qualities of FRANCIS CASE, for he was called to serve on nine consecutive occasions, seven times to terms in the House, and twice to terms in the Senate.

So it is an honorable record of distinguished service that FRANCIS CASE leaves with us.

It is a record of such nature that I can stand here today without fear of challenge and declare that not only our State—the State that sent FRANCIS CASE to the National Capital—but our Nation as well, is proud of the mark on history that FRANCIS CASE has left.

It is such a record that it prompted the Reverend Robert Wagner, the Methodist pastor, in his very moving sermon at the funeral services in Rapid City, which were attended by many Members of this body, to point out that Senator CASE's service firmly engraved upon the office of U.S. Senator those three hallowed words, "duty, honor, country," which Gen. Douglas MacArthur, in his address at West Point recently, said, "reverently dictate what you ought to be, what you can be, what you will be."

Few men have achieved the deep respect that was accorded FRANCIS CASE by his colleagues in this Chamber and in the other body. It is a respect which I think is personified in the tribute delivered by the senior Senator from Vermont [Mr. Aiken], who referred to FRANCIS as "a legislator's legislator."

What better mark of the affection and the esteem by which a man is held can there be than that accorded FRANCIS CASE by our good friend from Vermont?

A legislator's legislator.

Or a man's man.

They mean relatively the same thing.

And they are meant sincerely.

And they encompass a whole dictionary of descriptive definitions one might study in search of a word of tribute, a phrase of comendation that is so deserving for a brilliant record and the man that compiled that record.

FRANCIS CASE was a legislator's legislator in all respects.

That he was such a man was earlier attested to by another of our colleagues, also a warm friend of FRANCIS, our distinguished minority leader [Mr. Dirksen] from Illinois. It

was on the public platform in Mitchell, S. Dak., at a dinner at which tribute was paid to him by close associates in our area, that the Senator from Illinois spoke in praise of Senator CASE.

He, of course, spoke more than a word of praise. I wish it were possible to recall all that he said that evening, for it was a memorable address of salute to a man for not only what he had accomplished but for what he was. All of what he said is pertinent today. But if I were asked to select only one sentence of that eventful address delivered by Senator Dirksen in Mitchell, S. Dak., where FRANCIS was graduated from Dakota Wesleyan University, and if I had the choice of only a few words, I would then select these quoted by Senator Dirksen in tribute to Senator CASE:

He gave more than he got.

How much is said in those few words by the distinguished minority leader.

If one sentence were to sum up a lifetime of activity, I think it is this one—"he gave more than he got"—for certainly the life of FRANCIS CASE was one of giving and contributing to the well-being of his fellow man.

There are many achievements which will remain to perpetuate the memory of our late colleague.

His dedication to and love of country is captured in the vital work he performed as a key member of the Senate Armed Services Committee.

There he labored long and hard to satisfy himself to the utmost that no stone was left unturned, no task remained incomplete, and no dollar was unwisely used so that the strength of our Nation was such as to keep our cherished freedoms.

His fond regard for his fellow citizens—particularly those who were less fortunate than others—found emphasis and action in his legislative proposals and his personal activities to assist our fine American Indian citizens in South Dakota.

His pride in our home State of South Dakota and his love for the people of the upper Great Plains prompted his con-

tinuing efforts to assist economic growth and to achieve greater prosperity through installation of projects and implementation of programs vitally needed.

But if one were to search for the most significant and lasting contribution that FRANCIS CASE made, it would be in the field of water resources, in his persistent drive and devoted determination to achieve to the fullest extent possible the wise use and preservation of this precious lifeblood of humanity.

FRANCIS and I visited on many occasions about the problems of water conservation and utilization.

Never have I come across a man more dedicated than FRANCIS CASE to the noble work of turning arid lands into green fields and changing sometimes-flooding and oftentimes polluted streams and rivers into controlled, fresh, clean water supplies for drinking and for a dozen other purposes.

Today, the State of South Dakota is divided by a huge manmade series of lakes, second only in size of impounded water to the vast expanses of the Great Lakes themselves.

The once uncontrolled, savage Missouri River is now a docile beneficent creature, churning out electric power, holding back the floods and soon spreading out its sweetness in a myriad of tentacle-like irrigation projects.

FRANCIS CASE played a prominent part in the development of this vast system of reservoirs.

And when the day comes, as come it will, that sweet water flows from the brackish wells and is converted from the sea, and when the skies can almost be commanded to bring forth the precious raindrops, these achievements also can include on their honors of credit the name of FRANCIS CASE.

Mr. President, I shall miss the fine association of a man whom I felt was firmly and thoroughly dedicated to the furtherance of the brotherhood of man concept.

In the memorial services held here in Washington for Senator CASE before his final journey back to South Dakota was begun, we heard these words said of FRANCIS CASE:

"He was a fine Christian gentleman."

I think that speaks volumes for the type of citizen FRANCIS CASE was and for the wonderful influence for good that he brought to bear in the arena of public affairs.

His death is a great loss to the State and Nation.

Mr. President, one of the truly warm friendships that existed was that between FRANCIS CASE and Badger Clark, late poet laureate of South Dakota.

Perhaps Senator CASE frequently quoted Badger Clark's works, and I know he received on many occasions inspiration from the words of this great western poet.

Perhaps one of the favorite poems of Senator CASE, from which he received inspiration, and which is meaningful for all of us, a poem written by Badger Clark, is the one entitled "The Job." It is a fitting memorial to the type of devotion Senator CASE gave to all of his tasks, both those assumed by him and those assigned to him.

In closing, Mr. President, I should like to read this poem by Senator CASE's friend, Badger Clark.

THE JOB

But, God, the thought was great,
The scheme, the dream—why, till the first charm broke
The thing just built itself while I, elate,
Laughed and admired it. Then it stuck,
Half done, the lesser half, worse luck!
You see, it's dead as yet, a frame, a body—and the heart,
The soul, the fiery vital part
To give it life, is what I cannot get. I've tried—
You know it—tried to catch live fire
And pawed cold ashes. Every spark has died.
It won't come right! I'd drop the thing entire.
Only—I can't! I love my job.

You, who ride the thunder,
Do you know what it is to dream and drudge and throb?
I wonder.
Did it come at you with a rush, your dream, your plan?
Yes, with rapt face and sparkling eyes,
If so, I know how you began.
Swinging the hot glove out between the skies,
Marking the new seas with their white beach lines,
Sketching in sun and moon, the lightning and the rains,

Sowing the hills with pines,
Wreathing a rim of purple round the plains.
I know you laughed then, while you caught and wrought
The big, swift rapturous outline of your thought.
And then—
Men.

I see it now.
O God, forgive my pettish row!
I see your job. While ages crawl
Your lips taking laboring lines, your eyes a sadder light,
For man, the fire and flower and center of it all—
Man won't come out right!
After your patient centuries
Fresh starts, recastings, tired Gethsemanes
And tense Golgothas, he, your central theme,
Is just a jangling echo of your dream.
Grand as the rest may be, he ruins it.

Why don't you quit?
Crumple it all and dream again! But no;
Flaw after flaw, you work it out, revise, refine—
Bondage, brutality, and war, and woe,
The sot, the fool, the tyrant and the mob—
Dear God, how you must love your job!
Help me, as I love mine.

Remarks by Senator Bottum

Of South Dakota

Mr. BOTTUM. Mr. President, as the newest Member of the Senate, appointed to fill the vacancy occasioned by the untimely death of our beloved FRANCIS CASE, I welcome the opportunity to speak upon this occasion. Fellow Members of long years association have told more eloquently than I can the story of his tremendous accomplishments as a Member of this august body. You who have worked with Senator FRANCIS CASE have seen firsthand his dedication to duty, the workings of his mind, the singleness of purpose, and all the other virtues which made up his character.

My association with Senator CASE began many long years ago. FRANCIS CASE entered the race for Congress in days of drought and economic disaster; and in that first race for Congress, he demonstrated over and over again his ability to work, to think, and to follow a course which convinced the people of South Dakota that here was a man worthy of their trust. In every campaign from that date to the day of his untimely demise, it was my privilege to work with him and for him, traveling back and forth across the prairies of South Dakota in what Senator CASE believed was a fight for freedom.

A graduate of Dakota Wesleyan University, Senator CASE was an active, devout member of the Methodist Church, a man whose religion and religious beliefs were a part of his everyday life, a Christian gentleman who was motivated at all times by his belief in God. Fortunately, through a great organization known as the Friends of the Middle Border, the written record of his achievements and his life, his papers, and his files, representing a lifetime of service, will be deposited at Dakota Wesleyan University, at Mitchell, S. Dak., where students of government will have a source

for study in a special shrine established and maintained to keep alive his memory, his ideals, his principles, and the great contributions which he made to his State and to his Nation.

Mr. President, as I sit in his office, discussing problems of Government with his wonderful staff, observing the voluminous files, correspondence, research, and bills which he introduced, and which were passed by this Congress, I am constantly amazed at the tremendous capacity of this fine friend.

But to turn back to the South Dakota scene, there can be seen the tangible results of a lifetime of labor. Modern highways stretching across the Great Plains, built under rules and laws sponsored by Senator CASE, under contracts and regulations designed to protect and conserve the taxpayer's dollar; great military installations, public housing, national defense, all a part of his plan and concern for America; the great Missouri River, bisecting South Dakota, with dams and lakes designed to conserve one of our greatest assets—the water flowing through our State, with powerplants producing energy to light the farms, to power industries, to provide jobs, and, eventually, if his dreams come true, with 10,000 farms—yes, more—receiving the lifegiving water of the Missouri through irrigation, will build and strengthen the economy of the great Midwest and of our Nation.

FRANCIS CASE did not think just about big things. One of the last bills he introduced was one to give relief to little people who for many years have lived and struggled on small mining claims in the Black Hills. This bill, to provide an opportunity for these citizens to secure homestead status on these small mining claims, gives further proof of his concern for all his people.

Mr. President, let this not be a time of sadness; let this not be a time of regret. Rather, let this be a time of rejoicing and remembrance of his Christian life, of his dedicated

life, of the life of a man placed on this earth with a purpose which benefited all mankind.

There were many sides and facets to the character of Senator FRANCIS CASE. His love of the outdoors, his love of country, his love of beauty, all went together to make the composite leader. Many times when the Senator was in his office late at night, or when he could not sleep, he used to express his thought in the form of short poems. Let me read to you one of those poems, which he wrote one night. It is entitled "New Year Ahead":

The world's in a snarl at this year's end
Few pundits find a favoring wind.
Times go by turns, someone has said
When darkest comes, the dawn must be ahead;
But each day, each year, each life must be lived
As men with choice are not by chance possessed.

Fair Freedom's rule is not a thing assured
Far stars are not to fainting hearts attuned
Real strength is not by sitting still acquired
Nor duty's call by wishing words absolved
High goals are not by downcast eyes attained
Nor wanted ports by drifting craft achieved.

Man's mountain climb by scars is marked
The trail, the trudge by steady steps are made
The daily gain may go unnoticed
But time attests this truth as stated
Pursuing the best to us entrusted
We reach the paths that lead to God.

And so, my fellow Senators, let us with regret pause on this occasion in remembrance of one of our great citizens. But, more important, let us turn our eyes to the future, and remember that the results of his life, the results of his work, the results of his personality and his character will be felt by generations to come; and those who will but pause and reflect and look back upon the life of Senator FRANCIS CASE will call him blessed.

I ask unanimous consent that a statement containing biographical reference to the late Senator CASE be printed at this point:

FRANCIS H. CASE

FRANCIS H. CASE, Republican, of Custer, S. Dak., was born in Everly, Iowa, December 9, 1896, and moved with his parents to Sturgis, S. Dak., in 1909.

He attended high school at Sturgis and Hot Springs. He held B.A. and LL.D. degrees from Dakota Wesleyan University, Mitchell, an M.A. degree from Northwestern University, and an honorary LH.D. degree from South Dakota School of Mines and Technology, Rapid City. He attended college for a time at Spearfish, S. Dak.

During World War I, Senator CASE served in the U.S. Marine Corps.

He married Myrle Graves, of Mitchell, S. Dak., in 1926. The couple had two children, Jane Commander, of Washington, D.C., and Francis H., Jr. (died 1945).

BUSINESS AND COMMUNITY LIFE

Mr. CASE edited newspapers in Rapid City, Hot Springs, and Custer from 1922 to 1942.

Active in promoting development in South Dakota as a newspaper editor, he proposed the Black Hills Summer White House for President Coolidge (1926–27); edited the Jefferson number of the Mount Rushmore booklet for Gutzon Borglum (1931); and actively promoted the development of highway and natural resource potential of South Dakota.

As a rancher, Senator CASE raised Herefords and saddle horses on his ranch near Custer.

PUBLIC LIFE

Mr. CASE served as a member of the State regents of education in South Dakota from 1931 to 1933. In 1936, he was elected to Congress from the Second District and served seven terms. He was elected to the U.S. Senate in 1950, reelected in 1956, and was serving his second term.

LEGISLATIVE RECORD

Mr. CASE's legislative record during his 25 years in Congress has been identified with water conservation, economies in Government, and highway legislation. He has striven for an effective national defense system with economy.

His resolution adopted in 1939–40 by the House Committee on Flood Control produced the studies which led to the authorization of the Missouri River Flood Control Act of 1944. His efforts obtained initial funds for Sheridan Lake, Deerfield, Shadehill,

Angostura, Pactola, Fort Randall, and Oahe Reservoirs, and Lewis and Clark Lake.

He authored the provision to reserve half of Big Bend's power for use in the State of South Dakota.

In 1949, while still in the House, he opened the battle against back-door spending, a form of Government financing through Treasury borrowing rather than through direct congressional appropriations, with a point of order during debate on a housing bill.

Other projects which reflect his efforts include: Sioux River, Vermillion, and Fall River flood control project; Ellsworth Air Force Base (Rapid City); Ordinance Depot (Provo); McNenny Unit Hatchery (Spearfish); conversion of Fort Meade to a Veterans Hospital (Sturgis); and establishment of the Black Hills National Cemetery; desalinization plant at Webster; Missouri River bridge near Platte; Grand River bridge near Mobridge; post offices at Sisseton, Pierre, Sioux Falls, Mitchell, and other South Dakota communities; Reserve and National Guard armories throughout the State including Woonsocket, Aberdeen, Salem, Miller, Sioux Falls, Hot Springs, Phillip, Clear Lake, and Wagner.

U.S. SENATE (1951–PRESENT)

Other accomplishments include:

Pioneered legislation setting up Saline Water Acts of 1952, 1955, and 1958 which initiated research into ways of converting inland brackish water and sea water into fresh water. The Webster, S. Dak., desalinization plant resulted from his 1958 bill.

Legislation creating the President's Advisory Committee on Weather Control which compiled the most comprehensive set of data available on the subject; placement of weather research programs under the National Science Foundation (1958); and a program for cloud-seeding studies under the Bureau of Reclamation's water supply research in 1962.

First legislative proposal for selling surplus farm commodities to foreign countries in exchange for foreign currency, the forerunner to the present Public Law 480 or food-for-peace surplus-disposal program.

Legislation honoring the rights of District of Columbia voters to vote for President and Vice President to end Communist taunts that citizens in our National Capital were denied any form of suffrage.

Extension of the Interstate Defense Highway System to provide needed links including a north-south route in South Dakota.

Numerous provisions in bills and amendments clarifying legislative language or trimming out unnecessary Federal spending.

Senate committee assignment: Mr. CASE was ranking Republican

member of the Senate Public Works Committee, having served as Roads Subcommittee chairman in 1953–54, and was third ranking Republican member of the Senate Armed Services Committee where he served as chairman of the Military Construction Subcommittee in 1953–54. He was also a member of the Appropriations Committee for national defense and rivers and harbor bills. In 1961 he concluded service on the Select Committee for National Water Resources, set up in 1958 to study the Nation's water needs, after the committee disbanded following completion of its work. Early in 1962, he was named to the Senate Committee on Preparedness.

U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES (1937–51)

Accomplishments include:

Initiated legislation for renegotiation of excess war profits (1942), credited with saving the U.S. Treasury $12 billion during World War II and the Korean conflict, and hundreds of millions of dollars since.

Joint sponsor of Government Corporations Control Act of 1945.

Joint sponsor of Case-Wheeler Water Conservation Acts of 1937 and 1940.

Initiated Labor Relations Act of 1946, later vetoed by President Truman, which was the forerunner of the 1947 Taft-Hartley Act.

Synthetic Fuels Act of 1948.

Authored a phrase change in the Internal Security Act of 1950 distinguishing between Communist "front" organization and Communist "action" organization which has been credited with protecting the constitutionality of that act by Supreme Court review last May.

House committee assignments: Irrigation, Mines, and Indian Affairs Committee, 1937–39; Appropriations, 1939–50; Select Committees on Phosphate Investigations, Foreign Aid, and Joint Congressional Aviation Policy.

Remarks by Senator Mansfield

Of Montana

Mr. MANSFIELD. Mr. President, the loss to the Senate, to South Dakota and to the Nation occasioned by the death of FRANCIS CASE was particularly saddening to me. Senator CASE and I had served together for many years, both in this body and in the House of Representatives. While we had political differences, at times, they were subordinated to our friendship. He had the capacity, too, of subordinating political considerations to the best interests of the Nation. This capacity is testimony to his great integrity.

During his long career as a public servant, the Senator from South Dakota had wide legislative interests. He was an outstanding authority on constitutional and procedural questions and was a knowledgeable lawmaker in many fields. His great range of interests was born of a rich and varied youth which included experience as a newspaper editor and publisher, cattleman, sporting enthusiast, State regent of education, enlisted man in the Marine Corps, and later an officer in both the Army and Marine Corps Reserves.

When he came to Congress nearly three decades ago, his interest continued to range over the whole spectrum of legislation. It was in military-connected fields, however, that he performed his greatest service. Perhaps the best testimony to his dedication to the public interest was the Renegotiation Act of 1942, which he initiated, and which is credited with the recovery of over $11 billion in excessive war profits during the Second World War.

Twice elected to the Senate by the people of South Dakota, his was a distinctive style of lawmaking in this body, characterized at all times by the highest degree of integrity. Nowhere was this integrity better demonstrated than in the

celebrated attempt some years ago to influence Senator CASE with a sizable campaign contribution. The modest, quiet man made clear in a most forceful way that his public trust as a Senator was not for sale.

It is because of these many qualities that Senator CASE made so many friends, all of whom now mourn his passing. We shall miss him sorely in this body. I wish at this time to extend again my own and Mrs. Mansfield's heartfelt sympathy to the members of his family, who bear the greatest loss.

Remarks by Senator Dirksen

Of Illinois

Mr. DIRKSEN. Mr. President, in that area of Chicago which is commonly referred to as the Midway stands a great marble statue fashioned by the hand of Lorado Taft, one of the greatest sculptors of our generation, if not the greatest. It is of interest to me because Lorado Taft was born in a small country town in my old congressional district. He has styled the statue "The Fountain of Time," and on it, with a broad face, he has limned the countenances of all manner of people who would be symbolic of any generation. It stands clearly as a rebuttal to the old and popular cliche that "Time flies." Times does not fly. Mankind marches and flies through the stationary corridor of time, and as we do we make history.

Not many people identify themselves too readily with the march of the generations through history, so that it can be said that they adequately identify themselves with the present as it is coupled to the past and the present as it is coupled to the future. But FRANCIS CASE was a man who fully achieved that distinction, and I have often marveled how it somehow marked his conduct and particularly his legislative interest.

He had a lively awareness of the present with its challenging problems, and it summoned up in him a rare determination to make the greatest contribution to the well-being and happiness of the people in his own time and generation, and leave a durable bequest to those who were to come after him and become the custodians and trustees of America in another day. And thus did he display his appreciation for the sacrifices of the past and his sense of obligation to the present.

With it all, he had a sharp sense of mission and responsibility to the future, and in his years of legislative conduct it may have escaped the casual observer, but it made a very deep impression on me.

First was his deep interest, and continuing interest, in the distilling of salt water to make it potable and usable for human purposes. I examined a good many of the treatises that he prepared on the subject. Why should this experimental activity command much of his time, his energy, and his study? He might not live to see the day when this process would come into widespread and practical use in all the corners of the earth, but there was a clear reason, and his distinguished colleague, Senator Mundt, has referred to it. It was his interest in water resources, which one day may yet become the most acute challenge before all mankind. He was sensitive to this challenge in his own time and for the future. So he wanted to advance the matter in his own time as a contribution to the future well-being, not merely of his own country, but of people everywhere.

There was one other activity in which he was deply interested, and that was the attention he gave to the work and to the business of seeding clouds with chemicals or some other divisive force for the purpose of producing rain.

In a way, I suppose it was quite natural that he should be deeply interested in that, because he lived a lifetime on the prairies of South Dakota, and there he had not only with his own eyes seen, but had experienced, the ravages of drought and what it could do to the lives and livelihood of the people.

"Surely," he must have said to himself, "even as nature causes the cool winds to caress a cloud and let the water fall upon thirsting acres, within the ingenuity of man there must be a process, there must be a way, of bringing that moisture from above so that it may be earthborne and fall on the thirsting acres where it is needed."

He was again in an experimental field. He did not know that it would be consummated in his lifetime. He did not know whether seeding clouds with silver iodide would one

day be practical. But he worked at it because he saw the necessity for it, and he had a great and consummate faith that, somehow, in the talent, in the faith, and in the ingenuity of man, that process would yet be found.

So, Mr. President, we give a reverent salute to a former colleague—a quiet, shy, industrious, hard-working public servant—whose labors perhaps were not always fully appreciated. There was upon him the mark of greatness, because he felt his debt to the past, because he so fully discharged his obligation to the present, and because he had a deep sense of trusteeship to the future. Truly these are the qualities which exalt a man and give him the stature of statesmanship.

Remarks by Senator Kuchel

Of California

Mr. KUCHEL. Mr. President, it is with a sad heart that I pay tribute to a highly respected and esteemed Member of the Senate, our friend and colleague, FRANCIS CASE. His death has been a great loss to the Nation, to the Senate, and to the Republican Party.

We all admire ability. We all respect conviction. We all pay homage to honesty. FRANCIS CASE had all of these. FRANCIS CASE's record of public service is a long one. A former newspaperman and part-time rancher, he served in the House for almost 14 years. This year, he would have completed his second Senate term, and he had already announced his decision to run for another term.

FRANCIS CASE has served his party and his Nation well. His contributions were many. He was a member of the Senate Public Works Committee, where I had the privilege in years gone by of working with him. There I was able to observe him more closely at work. He was always constructive, prudent, and perceptive in all phases of his work. He was a member also of the Armed Services Committee.

A one-time chairman of the District Committee, FRANCIS CASE was a fast friend of the District. We recall how vigorously he fought for a constitutional amendment to permit District residents to vote for President and Vice President. He brought the issue to its first vote in the Senate, and later cosponsored the proposal which has become the 23d amendment to the Constitution guaranteeing the presidential vote to District citizens.

He had become convinced in his last years of service that the next step toward full suffrage for District citizens should be Representatives for the District in the House. In his

usual spirited manner, he was prepared to fight for this goal.

Our Nation has lost a public servant of the highest caliber and the deepest convictions. Members of the Senate on both sides of the aisle were proud to call him a friend. I deeply regret his passing and I know that all of us here will miss him.

Mrs. Case, her daughter and her granddaughter have my family's deepest sympathy.

Remarks by Senator Russell

Of Georgia

Mr. RUSSELL. Mr. President, I would not wish to see this occasion pass without making some expression of my affection and respect for our departed colleague from South Dakota, FRANCIS CASE.

I well remember my first legislative contact with FRANCIS CASE. It was when he was serving in the other body, and I met him on a conference committee on appropriations for public works. I marveled at that time at his detailed knowledge of every item which came before that conference committee for consideration. I saw the chairman of the conference turn to him time and again for information as to the various items in the bill.

He later came to the Senate of the United States, and it was my privilege to serve here with him during his entire tenure in this body.

Mr. President, Senator CASE was a member of the Senate Committee on Armed Services, over which I am privileged to preside. I learned to rely on him as I have on few men for careful and objective consideration of issues which are vital to the security of our Nation and to the preservation of our institutions of government.

I have spent the greater part of my adult life in legislative work—10 years in the general assembly of my own State and 30 years in this body—and over that span of time I have come in contact with many legislators, some who have been able and some who have been great, but in all that period and among all those acquaintances I have never known a more conscientious, a more thorough, or a more courageous legislator than FRANCIS CASE.

He was not a lawyer, in that he had never engaged in the practice of law, but there were few keener students of constitutional law in this body than FRANCIS CASE. All of us have seen him time and again rise, when constitutional questions were under discussion, to quote from some of the great leaders of the past, from some of the great scholars or jurists of our Nation's history, thus reflecting a much broader knowledge of our constitutional system than ever possessed by many lawyers who have held licenses to practice law for many decades.

Senator CASE knew the rules of this body. We all know, Mr. President, that the rulebook itself does not contain half the rules of the Senate. Over half of our rules and procedures depend upon precedents which are not written into the rulebook itself. But he knew the rules and he knew the precedents. All of us have seen him time and again rise, when some complicated parliamentary question was before the Senate, to make a real contribution to its solution.

Senator CASE believed in the Senate as an institution of Government, and he was very jealous to protect the prerogatives of individual Senators and to defend this institution as a valuable component of our Government.

Above all that, Mr. President, through close association we became intimate personal friends. So long as I shall live, I shall have many sweet recollections of the kindnesses he has done me and of our intimate association together.

We are all saddened that he has gone from this Chamber never to return in the flesh, but, Mr. President, those of us who knew him and who loved him will long be inspired by our memories of his capacity, of his patriotism, of his unshakable integrity. The fact that he has served in this body and that his services have contributed to what we might call the spirit and the soul of the Senate of the United States will be a salutary and beneficial influence upon the lives of the American people for many years to come.

Remarks by Senator Stennis

Of Mississippi

Mr. STENNIS. Mr. President, it was my great privilege for more than 10 years to serve on the Committee on Armed Services with our late friend FRANCIS CASE. During that time we served together on many major subcommittees of that parent committee as well as some under special appointment by the Senate. I also served with him on the Appropriations Committee, since he was an ex officio member when we were working on the military construction appropriation bill. More recently, he was a member of the Preparedness Subcommittee of which I have the honor to be the chairman.

I learned to know him and to truly love him as a friend and a companion, as well as to respect and to highly value his services to this body and to the Nation.

I learned to know with great admiration his wonderful wife, Mrs. Case, as well as his lovely daughter, Mrs. Jane Case Commander. Also, I know and very much admire his brother, Mr. Leland D. Case.

Mrs. Stennis joins with me in making known to them our great appreciation for their late husband, father, and brother. We certainly wish them well as they continue to carry on and continue to reflect the fine spirit of our late friend.

Mr. President, I attended the funeral services for FRANCIS. I thought the minister preached a marvelous sermon—one more fitting I have never heard—in which he took for his text the story which Jesus told about the man with five talents, the man with two talents, and the man with one talent. I said, as we came out of that church, that FRANCIS CASE was certainly a five-talent man, and he returned even more than five talents to be passed on to humanity. He had a fine, penetrating mind, a marvelous memory, and

tremendous energy, all combined with his fine character. He always took the constructive, helpful approach.

If I may, I wish to relate one incident which occurred in 1953. Senator CASE, former Senator Duff from Pennsylvania, and I were members of a subcommittee which went to visit military installations in Western Europe and northern Africa. Senator CASE was chairman of that subcommittee.

The year was 1953. We were in French Morocco. Senator CASE's penetrating mind and ability to sense things that were not on the surface convinced him that the future for the bases we were building in French Morocco was uncertain and not secure. We had no such information in the United States. After Senator CASE had reached that conclusion, he went to work on it and further developed it.

To shorten the story, when we returned to the United States the three of us went to the White House to visit with the then President Eisenhower. The substance of Senator CASE's report at that time was that our tenure in French Morocco was not secure, and we would not be privileged to use the bases which were being constructed for a very long time. I do not disclose any executive privilege in stating that I remember that President Eisenhower whirled in his chair, picked up a telephone, called the Secretary of Defense Wilson, and told him not to proceed one step further with the building of the last base there until the military had conferred with him personally. I am certain that it was the insistence, persistence, and clear thinking and the penetrating analysis of that situation by Senator CASE that went a long way in formulating the decision in the President's mind not to build that base. It never was built. It is history to note that within a few years we vacated the bases we had already built.

I mention that story with emphasis because it illustrates the repeated instances in which that fine public servant worked. He was always at work. I never heard of him taking much exercise or engaging in other activities. His mind worked all the time. In analyzing a situation he demon-

strated completeness, thoroughness, impartiality, and constructiveness, with results such as those I have enumerated. That one action of his was a major factor in saving $50, $60, or $70 million, and was typical of him in all the 10 years that I served with him as a member of the subcommittee. When the Republican Party was the majority party, Senator CASE was the chairman of the subcommittee. When the Democratic Party was the majority party, I was chairman. But one of the fond memories I have of him is that in our service on that committee there was no difference. So far as our relations on the committee were concerned, people hardly knew which party was in power, because we did not treat matters that came before the subcommittee in a partisan way. We approached questions from the standpoint of military security. Senator CASE set the pace for that approach. He was ever interested and ever cooperative.

Mr. President, I wish to read briefly my remarks at the first meeting of the Preparedness Subcommittee after Senator CASE had passed on. His chair in the committee room was vacant. My remarks were not prepared. I opened the meeting with the following words:

Senator STENNIS. Since the last meeting of the Senate Preparedness Subcommittee, we have lost through death an esteemed, respected, and valuable Member of the Senate, of the Committee on Armed Services, and of this subcommittee. It is fitting and proper that we pause today in respect to his memory. The late Senator FRANCIS CASE was to me, and, I am sure, to all members of the subcommittee, much more than a fellow Senator and a fellow committee member. He was above all a stanch personal friend—as he proved so many times during our long association.

Senator CASE left behind him a heritage of dedication to his beloved country. Throughout his career, from his enlistment in the Marine Corps through his long and notable service in the Congress, he was inspired by unquenchable patriotism, and a determination to serve his country. Dedication to and love of the Nation guided his every action. He gave unstintingly of himself, his time, his energy, and his devotion to the public welfare.

All of us who had the opportunity to observe and the capacity to understand knew that FRANCIS CASE was a man of high purpose, of strong character, and of selfless motivation. He was dedicated in the true sense of the word; dedicated to his country,

to the public service, and to his flag—a flag which he served so well as a fighting marine in World War I.

When he was so suddenly called from this life he was completing his 26th year as a Member of the Congress, having served 14 years in the House of Representatives prior to his 12 years of faithful service in the Senate. The intimate knowledge and understanding of the Government and its complex affairs which FRANCIS CASE possessed has not been exceeded by any individual I have ever known. He was not a man who was satisfied by half an answer, he wanted all of the facts to insure that the information upon which he based his judgment was as complete as possible. He searched for the truth with unwavering perseverance and unflagging energy.

Wisdom and knowledge were the fruits of his diligence and devotion. He acquired detailed knowledge not only of those bills which passed the Congress but of those that failed of passage. He knew and understood the intricate programs of the military and other departments of the Government and the congressional debates concerning them. His acquisitive and retentive mind served both the Nation and the Congress well.

On yesterday the Vice President and 12 Members of the Senate journeyed sorrowfully to Rapid City, S. Dak., to attend the funeral of our departed friend. It was immediately apparent to all of us that FRANCIS CASE was a man who was appreciated, respected, and revered by all of the citizens of his home State. His funeral service was conducted by his own pastor who used, as his theme, the story told by Jesus of the three men and the talents entrusted to them.

As I listened to the service and the eloquent words of the pastor I was impressed by the parallel. FRANCIS CASE I realized was a man of many fine talents. Of equal importance, he put all of his talents to work and kept them working until the day of his death. The pastor's selection of a text could not have been more appropriate. The theme and the analogy fitted the man perfectly.

When the services were over and we sped through the clouds on the return trip to Washington, I am sure that we all shared a sense of pride in Senator CASE's record and a deep appreciation for the contributions of this distinguished man. He left this country stronger because of his dedicated service, his untiring efforts, and his unrelenting devotion to the public good.

There is one other thing I must say: Senator CASE, with all of his ability and talent, was one of the most modest men I have ever known. While his unusual ability commanded respect, his exceptional modesty had a great and warm appeal to those who knew him well.

I am personally indebted to him in many ways. For 10 consecutive years we served together as members of the Subcommittee on Military Construction. He was the chairman when the Republicans were in the majority and I was chairman when the Democrats had control. We worked in such harmony that I doubt that anyone could tell the difference. I hope that I gave him the same unqualified support that he gave me.

Senator SALTONSTALL. Mr. Chairman, may I just echo your sentiments in full. Senator CASE was not only a fine colleague but a very beloved friend of mine and I know we will miss him.

Senator STENNIS. I thank you, Senator SALTONSTALL. I am sure that those of the military who are here share the sentiments which have been expressed for this fine man and his great public service, I know that the members of the staff share them.

Then, Mr. President, when I had finished my statement, the official reporter who had been reporting the hearings all those years held up his hand. It was a very unusual thing to do. He held up his hand and said:

Mr. Chairman, may I be included among those who appreciated him?

The tribute of that reporter who knew him and had watched him as he passed in and out of the committee rooms all during the years and had expressed an earnest and sincere desire to be included among those who loved FRANCIS CASE is a tribute that could not possibly be exceeded.

FRANCIS CASE was the soul of modesty, and he was very considerate of everyone.

I added further:

I would like to add that when there was a vacancy on this subcommittee earlier this year. I urged Senator CASE to accept the appointment and join us. I did this because I knew his ability, his background, and his sterling worth.

Senator Margaret Chase Smith said:

Mr. Chairman, I would like to join the chairman and other members of the committee in paying respect to our very dedicated and beloved friend and colleague, FRANCIS CASE. He will be greatly missed by all of us and I know of no one who will miss him more than the chairman who worked so closely with him.

Senator Symington said:

Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I have already stated on the floor my deep sadness at the loss of Senator CASE, who, in my opinion, was one of the greatest Senators it has been my privilege to serve with from every standpoint, including ability and character.

Thus ended that small tribute coming from the heart and mind of those who were close to him.

I feel confident that the God he served so faithfully affords his soul a lasting resting place; and I know that there is a lasting benefit and strength to our Nation because FRANCIS CASE lived.

Remarks by Senator Carlson

Of Kansas

Mr. CARLSON. Mr. President, it was on the afternoon of June 21 that our late beloved colleague, FRANCIS CASE, stood at this very seat I am speaking from and made his last speech to Members of this body. As I listened to that speech, little did I realize that it would be his last, for the following morning we received the almost unbelievable news that he was taken in death.

We were again reminded of the uncertainties of this life.

FRANCIS CASE was completing his 26th year of service in the Congress of the United States. He began his service in the House of Representatives in January 1937. My service in that body preceded his by 2 years; therefore, when FRANCIS and Myrle Case of South Dakota arrived in Washington, it was natural—coming from the same section of our Nation—that the Cases and Carlsons should be drawn close together.

FRANCIS and I had many pleasant associations, not only in our work in the House of Representatives, but as colleagues in the U.S. Senate. In our earlier associations, we had many enjoyable hours together in early morning golf games that started at 6 a.m. It was occasions such as this that drew us close together. We not only knew each other, but we understood each other.

Others today have paid tribute to the outstanding services that FRANCIS rendered his State and Nation. I want to talk about FRANCIS CASE the man—his sincerity, his integrity, his courage, and his ability to analyze complex legislative problems.

One of his outstanding characteristics was that once he determined what was right—as he saw the right—he was fearless in fighting to maintain that position. Never once did he retract from a position that he thought was right. He not only voted for it, but stood here on the floor of the Senate

and fought for it. There may have been occasions when it was not politically expedient for him to take a firm position, but he never deviated from his course.

FRANCIS CASE had integrity. Integrity goes hand in hand with high moral purpose, lofty idealism, and a love of humanity. We associate integrity with trustworthiness, dependability, and honesty. FRANCIS had those qualities.

Another outstanding characteristic of FRANCIS CASE was his great capacity for work. It was only natural for him as a former editor and newspaper publisher to study legislative proposals that were pending in this body. He studied the merits of the legislation, he did not hesitate to call the Senate's attention to errors or flaws in the legislation, and time and time again, he offered amendments to correct errors and inequities. As we say, "he did his homework."

Typical of his interest and the thoroughness with which he analyzed legislation are his last words in discussing our military defense on the floor of this Senate. In a colloquy with our distinguished colleague from Missouri [Mr. Symington] he stated—and these are his last words:

> But by and large, the world is less likely to become involved in a nuclear war through accident if those who might initiate it, through ignorance, are not kept in ignorance. If they know we have strength, if they know we have a real deterrent capability, if they know we have the food to carry us through a conflict, if they know we have the necessary mineral resources and industrial processes, and if they know we have a capable defense in being, I think there is less likely to be a war by accident. That is, perhaps, a general principle. Some persons may not believe it has application in this instance; but I think it does, in the light of the discussion this afternoon.

As a third characteristic, I want to mention his deep love and affection for his family. Despite his devotion to his work, he always had time for a happy family life with his wife, Myrle, and his daughter, Jane.

Personally, I shall remember FRANCIS CASE as a good friend and a perfect gentleman at all times. I know of no greater tribute that can be paid to a man.

Henry Drummond's book entitled "The Greatest Thing in the World," mentions nine virtues that make up the stature of a perfect man, or a perfect gentleman.

The first of these nine virtues is patience, and those of us who have had the opportunity of knowing and working with FRANCIS CASE know that he had unlimited patience.

In addition to patience, kindness is another virtue of a perfect gentleman. Generosity and humility are additional virtues, and I believe Senators will agree with me that FRANCIS CASE had these virtues.

Courtesy is another requisite of a perfect gentleman. To this we add unselfishness. Good temper is another attribute and certainly those of us who knew FRANCIS CASE can honestly state he was not easily provoked to anger.

Guilelessness is another virtue and we can go back to the Scripture for a reference to the importance of this requisite. The Master, in selecting one of the 12, selected one by the name of Nathaniel. In describing him, He used these words—"Behold, an Israelite in whom there is no guile."

And then the ninth or last of these virtues is sincerity. FRANCIS CASE was a man that rejoiced not in unrighteousness, but rejoiced in the truth.

FRANCIS CASE is truly missed in this body.

Mrs. Carlson and I extend our sincerest and deepest sympathy to Mrs. Case, Jane, and Catherine.

Remarks by Senator Jackson

Of Washington

Mr. JACKSON. Mr. President, I had the honor of serving with FRANCIS CASE during all but 4 years of his long career in the House and in the Senate.

We all try to make a certain contribution in this body. We all endeavor to play an effective role. To enumerate the many great accomplishments for which FRANCIS CASE is responsible would take a long time. I can say that his contributions, especially to the legislative process, were legion. I would like to single out what I think was his unique role in this body and in the House of Representatives.

He had a thoroughness in his approach to all problems which over the years has earned dividends to our Government and our country. To state it simply, he "did his homework." He mastered the facts. I am sure that many in this body and elsewhere, who have had the opportunity of observing Senator CASE in action, would come to the conclusion that he had been in the practice of law for a long time. If there ever was an expert at the art of cross-examination, it was Senator CASE. Yet he was not schooled in the law. He was, however, a good newspaperman prior to his coming to Congress. He understood how to get at the truth.

In this connection, I must say that I have known no one who has had a more unlimited thirst for the truth. In this pursuit, as in all others, he was tenacious. His was, indeed, the inquisitive and inquiring mind, modest, kind, thoughtful, and understanding.

To his wonderful family, I extend my deepest sympathy.

Remarks by Senator Monroney

Of Oklahoma

Mr. MONRONEY. Mr. President, it was my good fortune to serve in Congress for 24 years with FRANCIS CASE. He enjoyed 2 years of seniority over me in the House of Representatives when I entered that body in 1938. As a freshman Representative, I learned of the great qualities of FRANCIS CASE.

During World War II, I observed him as he fought diligently, often against great odds, to secure the protection of the people of our Nation and our troops in the field, and, above all, the integrity of our purchasing and procurement system, the cost of which ran into the hundreds of billions of dollars.

FRANCIS CASE was the moving spirit behind the Renegotiation Act, which resulted in the recovery of large sums of money by the Government and prevented many of the excess charges and inaccurate or unsatisfactory goods which had marked many of the procurement programs in other wars.

FRANCIS CASE and I were elected to the Senate in the same year. He brought his vast experience to the Senate and to the committees on which he served.

I know of no man with whom I have served in 24 years in Congress whom I would rate as having a higher degree of dedication to patriotic duty than FRANCIS CASE, I know of no man who could excel him in his incorruptibility and his determination that the duties of the high office which he filled as a representative of his State be carried out with the same impeccable conscientiousness, honor, and honesty as FRANCIS CASE insisted upon in all the dealings which industry and people in general had with the Federal Government.

I knew of his courage to stand alone on the floor, if alone he be, to fight for the cause which he believed was right. If all the Senate were against him, he would still be presenting his opinion, in an able, competent, forceful way.

FRANCIS CASE could argue hard and debate strongly, but never offensively.

I have never know him to offend a colleague, no matter how violent the disagreement might have been over the subject which was under discussion.

FRANCIS CASE excelled in his industry, because the day was never too long, nor the problem too difficult or complicated, for him to devote his time, his energy, and his competence to seek his way through a difficult maze which beset the finding of a true solution of the problem. I think some of the great suggestions I have heard made when the Senate was closely divided and was unable to reach a solution came from Senator CASE, because of his understanding and his willingness to make adjustments, when the subject which he had studied and the case he had heard from the other side warranted the abandonment of a definite, fixed position, and a movement toward a solution, so that the Senate could legislate in that field.

I believe his past experience as a newspaperman gave him the inquiring and searching mind that marked him apart from many persons who were often confused by the large amount of detail or the technicalities of a problem. He could cut directly through complicated problems and find the truth.

I enjoyed my friendship with FRANCIS CASE, not only in the Senate, but also as a valued member of the Interparliamentary Union, in which he displayed great ability and exemplified the highest type of American statesmanship to the representatives of the 70 other nations of the world whose parliaments were then represented in the Interparliamentary Union.

In his friendly way, and with his ability to present America's viewpoint most accurately and favorably to other nations of the world, FRANCIS CASE made a valuable contribution to America's prestige abroad, because of his statesmanship, personality, and ability.

We shall sorely miss FRANCIS CASE on the floor of the Senate when debate waxes hot, and as we search for the middle ground on which all honorable men can agree, because he had a way of seeing clearly that open area which somehow had been overlooked by others.

I express my deep sympathy to his wonderful family, who always participated with him, and with whom he always participated, in sharing the problems and triumphs he had in this body.

Remarks by Senator Morse

Of Oregon

Mr. MORSE. Mr. President, in an hour such as this, words fail to express one's inner feelings when he speaks about the loss of a friend and a colleague in the Senate. Yet one could not sit in this body, as I have this afternoon, and listen to the eloquence of his colleagues as they have paid their deserved tributes to FRANCIS CASE, without realizing that the record which is made this afternoon is an indelible monument in the printed word which I think depicts remarkably well the statesmanship of FRANCIS CASE.

I wish to speak a few words about his service as a member of the Committee on the District of Columbia, for the District of Columbia is a better city in which to live because FRANCIS CASE lived. The people of the District of Columbia and of the Nation are highly indebted to him for his record as mayor of the District of Columbia, as the position of chairman is frequently referred to. When FRANCIS CASE served as chairman of the Committee on the District of Columbia, he performed many of the duties which are performed by the mayor in most cities of our country.

He was so dedicated to the task of seeking to make Washington a better place in which to live that after he had served as chairman of the Committee on the District of Columbia, he returned to the committee after accepting for a time an assignment on another committee. Again, he rendered eloquent service in behalf of the city and the country.

I need only mention his authorship of the constitutional amendment to provide voting rights to the people of the District of Columbia in Federal elections to prove my point concerning the great service which FRANCIS CASE rendered the District of Columbia. But he rendered many other services,

as well. How well I recall our debates in committee and on the floor of the Senate as we sought to bring to the people of the District of Columbia home rule which would really provide them with first-class citizenship.

I well remember when I first offered to the home-rule bill my amendment to provide for the election of a mayor for the District of Columbia. At first, Senator CASE thought he would oppose that amendment, and in the committee he voted against it. But by the time the bill with that amendment attached to it reached the floor of the Senate, he had completed his analysis; and the RECORD will show that not only did he vote for the provision for the election of a mayor, but he also spoke in support of it. Certainly the people of the District of Columbia owe a great debt to FRANCIS CASE for the very active part he played, year in and year out, as he sought to bring home rule to the District of Columbia.

Mr. President, let me say that one of the finest monuments which could be built to FRANCIS CASE would be the passage by Congress of a home-rule bill for the District of Columbia—legislation for which he fought so valiantly for so many years.

He was also very much concerned about the social problems in the District of Columbia, including some of the problems of crime, about which so much is being written these days in the press. On the District of Columbia Committee, FRANCIS CASE was one of our stanchest advocates of the provision of the appropriations necessary in order to give greater law-enforcement protection to the people of the District of Columbia. He was also very much concerned about the educational needs of the District of Columbia; and the RECORD will show that in that connection, too, time and time again he bespoke his support for greater support of the schools in the District of Columbia.

How well I remember when a subcommittee, of which I was chairman, conducted hearings in 1957 into the problem of hungry children in the District of Columbia. That situation touched FRANCIS CASE to the heart. When he recognized that the evidence showed that a large number of chil-

dren in the District of Columbia lived almost entirely out of garbage cans, that their food supply was largely made up of what they could scavenge from the alleys in the District of Columbia, he was deeply shocked. And when FRANCIS CASE went to work on such an issue, we could be sure that results would be obtained. Certainly all of us are greatly indebted to him for the support he gave my subcommittee—support which resulted in the making of the necessary appropriations in order to alleviate that problem.

Thus, Mr. President, I could mention issue after issue involving the District of Columbia to which FRANCIS CASE directed his attention, and in regard to which his support resulted in having Washington become a better place in which to live because FRANCIS CASE lived.

This afternoon, the senior Senator from South Dakota [Mr. Mundt], the Senator from Illinois [Mr. Dirksen], and other Senators have referred to the work of Senator FRANCIS CASE in connection with water problems. I believe it most fitting that those references were made, because the problem of an adequate supply of water was one of the issues to which Senator CASE devoted a very great deal of his time, during his years of service in the Senate.

He recognized that a civilization does not climb on a falling water table. He recognized that if we are to protect our civilization, we must give heed to the lesson of history that the water supply must be protected. So FRANCIS CASE was always a leader in connection with the work in regard to all phases of the water-supply problem. He was also a leader in connection with the problem of the control of water pollution. In his service on the District of Columbia Committee, he sought to do what he could to help solve the national shame that flows through the Capital City of the United States—the Potomac River. He used to recognize, and used to speak about it in the committee, that one of the filthiest rivers in all the world is the one which flows through the Capital of the United States; and he was always among those who sought to obtain the provision of at least sufficient funds to reduce the pollution of the Potomac

River. So, Mr. President, another of the finest tributes which we could pay to FRANCIS CASE would be social action to see to it that, as soon as possible, sufficient funds were provided to make it possible to work out with Maryland and Virginia a compact which would make the Potomac River a river in which people could swim, rather than the dirty cesspool it really is. What a great tribute it would be to FRANCIS CASE if the day could come when, along the banks of the Potomac River, thousands of boys and girls and their mothers and fathers would enjoy clean boating and swimming. He used to point out that this should be possible and that it could be if we had the foresight and if we were willing to practice the statesmanship that such a reform requires.

During the tributes this afternoon, mention has been made of the great interest of FRANCIS CASE in roads—another of his specialties in the legislative field. Mr. President, as a westerner, let me say that in this connection, too, all of us in the West owe a great debt of gratitude to FRANCIS CASE. I served for a time with him on the Public Works Committee, and he was our leader in connection with all road legislation. He deserves a great share of the approval which Congress deserves for the establishment and expansion of the Interstate Highway System. All the Western States are indebted to FRANCIS CASE for what was known, at the time when I served on the Public Works Committee, as the Case formula in connection with the distribution of Federal funds for our road system.

The Senator from Illinois [Mr. Dirksen] spoke about the great interest of Senator CASE in weather. Those of us who were close to Senator CASE used to josh him, in the lighter moments of our relationships here in the Senate, about being a rainmaker. We used to say to him, "You brought with you to the Senate some of the Indian lore of South Dakota—with your knowledge of the rainmaking methods and traditions of the Indians." He always enjoyed the fun we had with him regarding his interest in weather. But how correct he was: He made some very worthwhile contributions—as the Senator from Illinois [Mr. Dirksen] has said—in re-

gard to cloudseeding. What great progress has been made in regard to the use of those techniques and the changes in the weather which can be brought about by man by making use of those techniques in the arid areas of our country—techniques which, in fact, do time and time again produce the needed rain.

Mr. President, I close with a personal reference to FRANCIS CASE, because the Cases and the Morses are very close personal friends of the Owen Scotts, and have been for years. The Owen Scotts own a farm at Dickerson, Md.; and over the years our families have spent many happy hours on the Scott farm, either on Saturday afternoons or Sunday afternoons. There we enjoyed our mutual interest in livestock and in farming.

FRANCIS CASE was a good example of the old adage that the outside of a horse is good for the inside of a boy or a man. FRANCIS CASE was a splendid horseman. He loved to ride; and I have ridden many a mile with him, over the years, along with the members of the Scott family and the Case family and the Morse family. Although we had many differences in political philosophy, although we voted differently many times on the floor of the Senate, and although he, according to the political label—although I am never sure what the labels mean—was labeled a conservative, and I a liberal, I wish to say that on those weekends we simply did not bring our political life into our recreational associations. Instead, we enjoyed each other as friends.

But in a hobby, Mr. President, you really come to know a man. My experiences with FRANCIS CASE in connection with our hobby of horses and cattle gave me perhaps a better insight of the inside of that man than I would ever have had if I had not had the privilege of knowing him so intimately as a friend in this association.

Mrs. Morse and I wish to express to the Case family, as they well know, our sincerest thanks for the privilege that we had of being friends of FRANCIS CASE and of coming to know him as we had over the years, and to his family we extend our deepest sympathy.

Remarks by Senator Gore

Of Tennessee

Mr. GORE. Mr. President, the first meeting between the late FRANCIS CASE and me occurred in an unusual and a very personal way. It laid the foundation for a personal friendship that lasted until his passing. As a young Member of Congress, I obtained an apartment in the same building in which the then Representative CASE and his charming wife and little daughter lived. Air conditioning was not then customary, so on a warm evening the door of one's apartment was frequently left open to facilitate circulation.

On such an evening Mrs. Gore was preparing a meal. I was perusing the evening paper. Our little daughter, who had then just learned to walk, was in my care. Perhaps because of engrossment in a news article, I did not notice that she had toddled out the door, but upon noticing her absence, of course I went scurrying in all directions for fear that harm might come to the little one. I found her in the lap of FRANCIS CASE. As I said, this was our first acquaintance. I learned to know then his little daughter, Jane, who has since grown into a beautiful and accomplished young lady.

This friendship, which started on a personal basis, grew into a relationship of confidence and cooperation in an official way.

In the House of Representatives, Representative CASE and I served on the same committee. There I saw his great work as a committeeman. I think Senators who have spoken here today already have attested to the fact that his work as a committeeman was truly illustrious—not only illustrious, but entirely constructive.

In the Senate, Senator CASE and I served on the Public Works Committee. It was my privilege to serve as chairman of the Highway Subcommittee and to be the author of the highway bills of 1956 and 1958. Except for his aid, I doubt if those bills could have been written and enacted.

He was always a pillar of strength and a source of detailed knowledge and competent analysis. In addition, he was the embodiment of integrity. Senators will recall the time when he was under severe attack for having disclosed what he regarded, and what many other persons regarded, as an impropriety. I was the first Senator to rise in his defense. I did so gladly. I confidently did so, without full knowledge of the circumstances, but with full knowledge of and confidence in the integrity of FRANCIS CASE. I remember remarking at that time that I regarded him as a gentleman of perfect integrity. This was his life. This was his stature. This was a goal which he achieved, a goal which only a few may achieve.

His personal qualities of tenderness, regard, and tolerance toward his friends must have been reflected a hundredfold in his regard of his family.

His passing is a source of deep personal regret and sorrow to me. That he has departed this Chamber and our comradeship, never to return, is a source of sadness, but also a reminder of the inexorable march of time, and that, with the march of time, men must travel that path.

Remarks by Senator Thurmond

Of South Carolina

Mr. THURMOND. Mr. President, I am glad I had the pleasure of serving with the able and distinguished Senator from South Dakota, my friend FRANCIS CASE. I served with him on the Senate Public Works Committee and also on the Armed Services Committee of the Senate. On both of those committees he rendered to his country outstanding service, and certainly would have been a great asset serving as a member of any committee.

When I think of FRANCIS CASE, I think of the motto of the U.S. Military Academy, "Duty, Honor, Country." I think those words characterized the life of this great American. He was a man who could be depended upon to do his duty.

He arrived at his duty himself. It was not pointed out to him by any man. He had the courage to fulfill his obligations to his country as he saw them. To him his country came first and foremost in his obligations as a public servant.

He was an honorable man. When a question came up with regard to being offered a donation by certain interests, as to whether that was proper or not, he made the matter public. He did not do that with the intention of hurting anyone, I am sure. It was characteristic of the man, because he was so high, so noble, and so honorable that he could not in any way compromise with what he conceived might be evil intentions.

He loved his country. He served it well. The United States of America and the Senate are better off because of the service in the Senate of that great American, FRANCIS CASE of South Dakota.

I have had the pleasure of knowing his devoted and faithful wife and his pretty and talented daughter. I extend to them my deepest regret on the loss of a devoted father and a faithful husband. It is with regret that we see such a man pass from the scene—young in years, who has rendered such a magnificent duty.

Only the day before he had his attack I talked with him. I always enjoyed conversations with him because he was a wise and understanding man. I thought I saw then that he did not look as well as usual. I believe he possibly did not feel well, but he would not give up, because he was so devoted to performing his duty as a Senator, as a representative of the people of the sovereign State of South Dakota.

Our country has lost a noble man, an able Senator, and a great American.

Remarks by Senator Smith

Of Maine

Mrs. SMITH. Mr. President, it was my privilege to serve in the House of Representatives and the Senate with the late FRANCIS CASE. I know that everyone will agree with me that there was never a more sincere, dedicated, and painstaking person than the late Senator from South Dakota. He did his homework. Consequently, he was one of the most thorough statesmen in the history of our country.

I knew this not only because we served together in both Houses of Congress—but because we served together on the Senate Armed Services Committee, where he sat next to me—and on the Senate Appropriations Subcommittee on Defense, on which he served as an ex officio member representing the Armed Services Committee.

I was proud to have campaigned for his reelection in 1956 and he was always very generous in the credit that he gave my efforts in helping him gain the necessary margin in a very close election—so close that not until after the last returns came in did he pull ahead to victory.

This year I had looked forward to returning to South Dakota to campaign for him and for his reelection to a third term in the Senate. He prevailed upon a South Dakota college to award me an honorary degree in June as its commencement speaker but unfortunately I had made a prior commitment to be the commencement speaker on that date at Albright College in Reading, Pa.

FRANCIS H. CASE

Most of us are convinced that FRANCIS CASE literally worked himself to death—that had he been less conscientious—had he paid a little more attention to getting needed rest instead of sacrificing his health in his dedication to serving the people of South Dakota and the Nation he would be here today with us.

What more could be said in tribute to a public servant than that he gave his life to his country and to the people that he represented?

Remarks by Senator Aiken

Of Vermont

Mr. AIKEN. Mr. President, for 12 years it was my privilege to serve with the late junior Senator from South Dakota in this body, and I always found him to be a friendly, cooperative, and extremely able colleague.

His integrity, his courage, and his ceaseless care with seemingly small but very important legislative details marked him as a man of stature and importance. His comments carried weight because he had given careful study to the subject at hand before he spoke.

Perhaps the greatest monument to FRANCIS CASE is the new Defense Highway System that is being built from coast to coast through every State in our Union. As the ranking minority member of the Public Works Committee he performed much of the difficult work of preparing the way for the Federal Highway Act of 1956, which provides the statutory groundwork for this new highway system. In the years since that time, he continued to watch over the construction of the highway with that thorough attention to details that is imperative if a big job is to be well done.

I shall miss FRANCIS CASE in the Senate. His place will not easily be filled, if indeed it is ever filled, for his was a service that was both unique and invaluable.

Remarks by Senator Talmadge

Of Georgia

Mr. TALMADGE. Mr. President, if one word could summarize the distinguished career of public service of FRANCIS CASE, it would have to be "dedication."

During the few years it was my privilege to serve in this body with Senator CASE, I was impressed time and again by the diligence with which he pursued his duties. He was constant in his attention to all legislation, whether of particular interest to his State of South Dakota or not, and repeatedly demonstrated a breadth of knowledge and versatility of interest which earned him the admiration of all his colleagues.

FRANCIS CASE was particularly skilled in the art of legislative draftsmanship. He was expert in detecting the flaws and inconsistencies of complicated measures. He perhaps uncovered and brought about the correction of more legislative errors than any other single Member of Congress.

The entire Nation is in the debt of Senator CASE for his indefatigable and effective efforts in behalf of conservation of our national resources. And the example he set in personal integrity will long be cited as a new high standard of public service.

It can truly be said of FRANCIS CASE, Mr. President, that he had the faith of which Abraham Lincoln spoke—faith in the right which dares one to do his duty as he understands it.

Remarks by Senator Wiley

Of Wisconsin

Mr. WILEY. Mr. President, during the history of our young country, a great many dedicated, patriotic citizens have marched in and out of the doors of the Senate.

In the annals of the Senate, our country, and of life itself—is written the record of these men's contributions to humanity.

After the passing of our good friend, FRANCIS CASE, there lingers a mixture of sorrow that he is no longer with us; and yet deep gratitude that he has been here.

For his life, his dedication to his country, his contribution to progress, and his outstanding service to his beloved State, South Dakota, we are a richer, better nation.

In his life, FRANCIS lived nobly. In the Senate, FRANCIS epitomized—in character and integrity—a man who spoke softly; but his words reflected his sound, analytical, learned mind. Too, he was a thoughtful friend.

Regrettably, FRANCIS did not live to see—as I know he would have taken great pride in—the inclusion of South Dakota's Mount Rushmore, highlighting the magnificent, sculptured, mountaintop features of Washington, Jefferson, Lincoln, and Theodore Roosevelt, in early, historic, intercontinental exchanges of Telstar-vision.

FRANCIS H. CASE

We all have a rendezvous with farewell to mortality. To those FRANCIS left behind, I would like to leave the thought of this farewell as Nancy Turner so gently wrote:

Death is only an old door
  Set in a garden wall.
On gentle hinges it gives
  At dusk when the thrushes call.

Along the lintel are green leaves,
  Beyond the light lies still.
Very willing and weary feet
  Go over that sill.

There is nothing to trouble any heart,
  Nothing to hurt at all.
Death is only a quiet door
  In an old wall.

Remarks by Senator Capehart

Of Indiana

Mr. CAPEHART. Mr. President, neither I nor any of my colleagues in the U.S. Senate would venture to question the infinite wisdom of Him in whose judgment rests our destiny. Accepting that fact and not doubting that judgment, yet all of us will agree that occasions for tributes such as these paid today to the memory of one of us who has been called to his reward are recurring with ever-increasing frequency.

Words are always weak when one attempts to pay proper homage to one who has served his country in various capacities in such an eminent manner as did Senator FRANCIS CASE. There were few niches in which Senator CASE had not served his community, State, and Nation in a most estimable and able manner. Educator, soldier, newspaperman, statesman, and family man—in all these levels of service our late colleague was known to his acquaintances, neighbors, and friends as a man of unquestioned integrity, unbounded patriotism, and unyielding loyalty.

As we contemplate his passing we are not unmindful of the fact the Supreme One has seen fit to take from us in the past 8 months four of our most distinguished Members. And, in that contemplation, never can we repeat our country's motto with more solemn reverence and in that same spirit say again, "In God we trust."

Remarks by Senator Javits

Of New York

Mr. JAVITS. Mr. President, the Senate of the United States has lost one of its most diligent and respected Members, the people of South Dakota have lost a public servant who represented them in the House of Representatives and in the Senate with courage, energy, and dignity, and the country itself has suffered by the ending of this great American's service to it. I have lost a friend with whom I served 14 years in this and the other body.

The New York Times in its obituary notice of Senator CASE's death referred to his fearlessness and integrity, observing that—

> He was one of the quietest and most unobstrusive men in Washington politics. But when his sense of values was offended or his personal honesty was impugned in any way he became a tough, stubborn, and fearless fighter.

The Washington Post noted that his "earnest sincerity was a credit to Midwest Republicanism." He had a genius for findng the flaws in legislation and perfecting the bills he touched.

He first came to the House of Representatives as a Member of the 75th Congress in 1936 and won reeletion consistently thereafter. Prior to coming to the House he had had a distinguished newspaper career and had been a regent of the South Dakota school system. He served on the House Appropriations Committee, where he was once described as "a quiet, hard worker, with a bent for questioning administration appropriation figures." He served seven terms in the House and was completing his second term in the Senate, a quarter century of diligent and conscientious service to the Congress, and to his country. He had received his party's nomination for a third term in the Senate.

Senator CASE was long known for his concern for the District of Columbia and its citizens. He served on the District Committees of both the House and the Senate, was chairman of the Senate District Committee in 1953 and 1954, and in 1959 returned to that committee despite his increased responsibilities as a senior Senator. He cosponsored the proposal that became the 23d amendment by which District citizens now may vote in presidential elections. As chairman of the Senate District Committee he was responsible for legislation establishing District elections of party officers and delegates to the national conventions. On May 25 of this year he said on the floor:

> I have been friendly to voting rights for the people of the District of Columbia, and I do believe there should be representation for them.

When he left the District Committee last January he said then:

> I have given a good deal of time to District matters because I am interested in the problems of the Capital.

The Washington Star said of him:

> Perhaps more than any one other man, he was responsible for construction of both the Woodrow Wilson and the Constitution Avenue Bridges.

The Senate and the Nation will miss FRANCIS CASE'S quiet competence, and his unobtrusive dedication. We shall revere his memory.

Remarks by Senator Young

Of North Dakota

Mr. YOUNG. Mr. President, the passing of Senator FRANCIS CASE is a tremendous loss to the U.S. Senate, the State of South Dakota, and the entire Nation. FRANCIS CASE was a fine Senator and served in the best tradition of the U.S. Senate. He was known, respected, and admired by people everywhere. FRANCIS was a very close personal friend of mine and one whom I always appreciated. He helped me many, many times.

FRANCIS CASE was so typical of the area he represented—able, resourceful, and very independent in his thinking. He was a great student of all legislative matters and arrived at his decisions purely on the basis of what he believed to be right, totally disregarding pressures from any powerful groups who might oppose his point of view.

He had a great record of accomplishment during his many years of service. His name is attached to much important legislation. He was always meticulously dedicated to the belief that completed legislation be in the best possible form to accomplish the objective for which it was designed. The U.S. Senate can ill afford to lose great men like FRANCIS CASE.

Many of us will always believe that FRANCIS CASE could well have been alive today had it not been for his great devotion to his duties in the U.S. Senate. He refused to take time off for rest even though I am sure he knew that it was necessary and in accord with his doctor's instructions. He continued to work almost as hard as ever even though he knew he was endangering his life to do so. What greater devotion to service to one's country could there be than this?

I join with all the Members of the Senate in expressing heartfelt sympathy to his wife, Myrle, and his daughter, Jane.

Remarks by Senator Prouty

Of Vermont

Mr. PROUTY. Mr. President, South Dakota has lost a champion; the United States a great patriot; the Senate an indefatigable worker; and the Republican Party a constructive member. I have lost a friend.

It was my privilege, upon entering the Senate in 1959, to have been assigned to service on the Public Works and District of Columbia Committees of the Senate. On Public Works, FRANCIS CASE was the ranking minority member. On the District of Columbia Committee, I sat next to him on the Republican side.

It was thus I learned to know FRANCIS CASE quite well as a man devoted to his work, considerate of the views of his colleagues, and determined to produce legislation for the good of this Nation.

To my good fortune he was always more than generous with his time.

On the floor, as well as in committee, FRANCIS CASE deserved and received, in return as he gave, the respect, the admiration, and the friendship of his colleagues.

He was, in the fullest sense, a good man.

Remarks by Senator Burdick

Of North Dakota

Mr. BURDICK. Mr. President, Senator CASE's duties to this Nation, to South Dakota, and to the Senate are ended. To strive constantly to execute these duties was his life.

His was a public life. He served successively as a U.S. marine and Reserve military officer, newspaper editor and publisher, State official, and Member of Congress in both the House of Representatives and the Senate.

I respected his judgment. I felt it was deliberately arrived at undistorted by dogma or whim.

Although I have not had an opportunity to serve with him as long as many of my colleagues I shall never recall his service here without remembering the deep sense of responsibility to the Senate and the public interest which he demonstrated in 1956. In that year he came to the public defense of high ethics in public life by exposing an instance of misbehavior by a private citizen. This event established indelibly throughout the Nation his concern for integrity in public life. It was illustrative of the personal code of honesty he practiced and his pervasive sense of responsibility for what he conceived to be the public interest. Both of these principles are fundamental guidelines for those who seek the truth. In acting on these principles he strengthened them, the Senate, and the cause of good government everywhere.

Remarks by Senator Allott

Of Colorado

Mr. ALLOTT. Mr. President, I rise to join my colleagues on this saddest occasion of all to pay tribute to FRANCIS CASE. The brief of this moment is joined by many; those of us who worked with him and loved him in the Senate; those who were members of his staff and worked so closely with him; those of his church who knew him so intimately; those thousands of friends in South Dakota who loved him; and lastly, and most important of all, his wife and daughter, to whom he was completely and entirely devoted.

Those of us in the Senate will never forget his mild manners and his Christian attitude toward all—an attitude that could be as strong as steel when dealing with an older opponent and as kindly as an indulgent father when guiding a new Senator.

For those of us who tend to become cynical, FRANCIS CASE had these qualities: A humbleness and charity, coupled with a professional brillance and dexterity that was unequaled and no one could ever doubt his courage, either. For when his heart and clear mind had decided upon a course of action, a will and courage shown through both of them to uphold the right, as he saw it.

To his State, his church, and his family he was kindly and honorable.

Mrs. Allott and I have both had an opoprtunity to know his family and his deep sense of family love is rarely surpassed in this world. Here in fact was a gentleman, and here are none of us who have touched his life who will not be better for having done so.

Remarks by Senator Keating

Of New York

Mr. KEATING. Mr. President, the news of the death of FRANCIS CASE brought shock and sadness to this body which he so honored with his presence and so warmed with his friendship. Senator CASE was a public servant in the truest and loftiest sense of the term. His life was a story of complete and selfless dedication to the cause of the Nation, the State, and the citizens of South Dakota whom he so ably served. His seven consecutive terms in the House and his election and reelection to the Senate are clear testimonials to the qualities he possessed and to the confidence those qualities inspired in the citizens of his beloved State of South Dakota.

The important House and Senate committees on which FRANCIS CASE served were the beneficiaries of his high gifts of mind, of energy, and of devotion, and his name is linked with many pieces of constructive and forward-looking legislation in the fields in which he worked. Senator CASE also contributed notably to the appropriate and effective conduct of the business of the Senate by his unique and detailed knowledge of parliamentary procedure.

FRANCIS CASE has left our presence, but not our hearts or our memories. Our deepest sympathy goes out to his bereaved wife and family, to the great State that was so justly proud of him, and to the Nation that today mourns one of her distinguished sons.

Remarks by Senator Kerr

Of Oklahoma

Mr. KERR. Mr. President, FRANCIS CASE has sat immediately at my right at the sessions of the Rivers and Harbors and Flood Control Subcommittee of Public Works for the past 7 years. He and I have had the privilege of working out many complicated and controversial measures before they were submitted to the committee and the Senate. His foresight and experience as a legislator has provided an asset of keen value to this Nation in connection with resource legislation, which has molded policy for future generations.

We also served together on the Select Committee on National Water Resources. His interests in weather modification, water quality control, irrigation, and related water developments made his services to the committee outstanding.

FRANCIS CASE, the son of a Methodist preacher, practiced a code of moral and spiritual ethics based on the Golden Rule. Although he was not physically a large man, he was a giant of integrity.

I shall miss FRANCIS CASE. He was a cherished friend, a valued teammate, and a dependable adviser.

How beautiful upon the mountains are the feet of him that bringeth good tidings, that publisheth peace.

Remarks by Senator Case

Of New Jersey

Mr. CASE. Mr. President, I join my colleagues, without regard to partisanship, in expressing my deep sense of loss, personally and for the Nation, in the death of FRANCIS CASE, of South Dakota. Even since I have been a Member of Congress, beginning in 1945, I have served with him in both the Senate and the House.

FRANCIS CASE was a fine person, a fine Senator, a fine American. He gave everything he had to his job. His energy was unflagging. Nothing was too small or too great for him to tackle, and he never left anything unfinished. His conscientiousness and his courage were, I think, his outstanding characteristics. He was one of those Senators on whom other Senators learned to rely, and none of us ever found his confidence in FRANCIS CASE misplaced.

We shall miss him deeply in the Senate and Mrs. Case joins with me in expressing our deepest sympathy to his devoted wife and daughter and the other members of his family.

Remarks by Senator Chavez

Of New Mexico

Mr. CHAVEZ. Mr. President, I wish to join in paying tribute to our colleague, the late Senator FRANCIS CASE, of South Dakota.

It was my privilege to work closely and harmoniously many years with Senator CASE, who was the ranking Republican Senator on the Public Works Committee.

Senator CASE possessed a very keen and exploratory mind. As one of the highly valued leaders, he used his mind in developing, perfecting, and clarifying legislation for the national highway system, water resources development, watershed protection, pollution control, and in many other areas of significance to the country.

The 11 years of dedicated, tireless, and effective work in the Senate which Senator CASE contributed to the benefit of the Nation were preceded by seven terms in the House of Representatives. There he demonstrated the same qualities and abilities and provided similar benefits to the Nation and his State.

South Dakota and the Nation have lost an able and distinguished statesman.

Mrs. Chavez joins me in extending sincere sympathy to Mrs. Case, and her daughter, Mrs. Allen Commander.

Remarks by Senator Scott

Of Pennsylvania

Mr. SCOTT. Mr. President, it is a shock to learn of the sudden passing of a friend with whom one has been associated daily.

FRANCIS CASE and I served together, first in the House of Representatives, and then here in the Senate. We were both members of the Senate Public Works Committee. His approach to the problems of our Nation had my greatest respect, and I have observed no one in the Congress who served with more dedication and industry.

I admired him as an outstanding public servant in his work and I admired him as a man. To his family and friends, I extend my sincere personal sympathy.

Remarks by Senator Cooper

Of Kentucky

Mr. COOPER. Mr. President, it was my great honor to serve with FRANCIS CASE as a member of the Public Works Committee, and I was able to observe closely the special qualities which made him such a respected and effective Member of the Senate. He was always thoroughly prepared on matters coming before the committee. Because of his great ability and because of the respect and confidence in which he was held, he was able to secure the enactment of a great deal of important legislation—legislation which helped his State, and the Nation as a whole. While he was not one to seek publicity or recognition, those who served with him knew the extent of his ability and influence. He was able to get the job done.

Senator CASE was a man of great character and conviction, as he proved time and again in standing up for the principles in which he believed. His record will long serve as an example of statesmanship for those of us in public life.

He was a truly good man, and we are saddened by his loss. I know that our sympathy goes out to Mrs. Case and to his daughter who were so close to his heart, to other members of his family, and to countless friends in South Dakota and throughout the Nation.

Remarks by Senator Hruska

Of Nebraska

Mr. HRUSKA. Mr. President, since the death of our colleague FRANCIS CASE, thousands of befitting words have been written and spoke of him. Throughout the editorials in his home State, which he represented so well, and throughout the remarks of Members in both the House and Senate where he served for nearly 26 years there consistently appears the appropriate description of Senator CASE as quiet, unassuming, self-effacing. The Rapid City Journal said:

> Senator CASE never was one to be spectacular.

Yet, Mr. President, in a real sense he was spectacular. Not in appearance. Not in manner. Not in speech. He was spectacular in the creative character of his career as a national legislator.

Upon entering the Senate, my first assignment was on the Public Works Committee. Senator CASE was then the second ranking Republican member. We found an immediate working relationship and soon developed a close personal friendship which was sustained until his death.

Each of us is a better man for having known FRANCIS CASE. I found my load lightened by his steadying support. He was always willing to advise, to guide, to counsel. He displayed great courage and possessed deep convictions which served to inspire me in the work which was laid before us.

How spectacularly creative he was as a Member of the House for seven terms and the Senate for nearly two terms will become increasingly clear in the years ahead. His leadership in resource development stands as a monument to his service and bespeaks a fitting tribute to a lifelong dedication to this cause.

Still, Mr. President, as important and lasting as are these legacies of his service, FRANCIS CASE will be remembered by those of us who worked with him—his colleagues, his staff, and the employees of the Senate—perhaps best of all for his kindness and his profound respect for his associates and coworkers.

This endearing and rare quality will be sorely missed. Other men wise in the ways of government will move among us, but we shall not again see a man with his gift for kindness, a man so quiet but so creative.

Remarks by Senator Miller

Of Iowa

Mr. MILLER. Mr. President, it was my privilege to first become acquainted with FRANCIS CASE early in 1939 during his second term in the House of Representatives. I was a student here in Washington at the time, deeply interested in government, and Senator CASE was understanding and encouraging in pointing me toward Government service. Little did I realize then that some 21 years later I would be joining him as a colleague in the U.S. Senate.

When I came to the Senate, our acquaintanceship, which had been maintained during the intervening years, ripened into the comradeship which a congressional veteran like FRANCIS CASE would naturally extend to one whom he had encouraged many years before. He was warmly friendly, understanding, patient, and always helpful to me as a very junior colleague. I learned much from him—not only from a technical and procedural standpoint, in which areas he was truly expert, but from the standpoint of human relationships which are so important in the U.S. Senate. What little measure of success I may reach as a Member of this great body will be traceable in no small degree to the thoughtful guidance Senator CASE gave me.

He had many qualities for which he will be remembered, but the one which meant most to me—and this was pronounced from the time of our first meeting through our last—was his kindness, a quality which springs from love and understanding of one's fellow men in a setting of unselfish dedication to noble goals and ideals. It is a quality which too few of us possess and one which the memory of FRANCIS CASE will inspire more of us to try to achieve in our efforts to find peace of mind in a world where there is a just and lasting peace.

Mrs. Miller and I join in expressing our deepest sympathy to his gracious wife and family, to his many friends, and to the people of the great State of South Dakota in the loss of our great and truly beloved colleague.

Remarks by Senator Hickey

Of Wyoming

Mr. HICKEY. Mr. President, as a junior Senator, I would like to pay tribute to Senator FRANCIS CASE, late of this body.

Many senior Members of this body have more eloquently eulogized his capable service to his State and to this Nation.

I would like to add my voice to those who have eulogized him and recall the deep impression his diligence and sincerity first made upon me.

During this session a matter involving both of our States was directed to us by our respective State agencies which involved our mutually great resource of water. I appreciated his great knowledge and concern regarding our resource. We worked together to effect the passage of this piece of legislation which extended the opportunity of our States to work out a compact affecting the waters which traversed our State and emptied into his State.

The impression made by Senator CASE in this body on the junior Senator from Wyoming, will be lasting and fondly remembered.

My wife and I extend our most sincere sympathy to Mrs. Case and her bereaved family.

Remarks by Senator Boggs

Of Delaware

Mr. BOGGS. Mr. President, it is with a great deal of sadness that I rise to pay my respects to the late senior Senator from South Dakota, Senator CASE. I first met Senator CASE when I came to the House of Representatives in 1947 and had the privilege of his friendship and his counsel for 4 of the 6 years I served in that body.

In 1961, when I came to the Senate, I was fortunate to be able to renew that friendship with Senator CASE. I was equally fortunate, Mr. President, in being given a committee assignment on the Public Works Committee where the Senator from South Dakota was the ranking minority member. As a freshman Senator, I shall be forever grateful for the counsel and guidance that Senator CASE gave to me, not only during the consideration of the legislation which came before the Public Works Committee, but his willingness to be of assistance and help on all matters which were pending in this great body.

As the State of South Dakota and our country have lost a great statesman, I, Mr. President, have lost a friend. His many accomplishments for the betterment of the people of this country have already been told more eloquently than I could tell them. He has left his mark on this country by the contributions which he has made. As the minority leader pointed out, there are very few who have the brilliance of mind for detail and the analytical ability that the senior Senator from South Dakota possessed. He was devoted to freedom and he had the true courage of his convictions. He shall be sorely missed by us all.

Mrs. Boggs joins me in extending to Mrs. Case and the family our deepest feeling of sympathy.

Remarks by Senator Bush

Of Connecticut

Mr. BUSH. Mr. President, I join with my colleagues today in paying tribute to Senator FRANCIS CASE.

Over the past 10 years my friendship with Senator CASE had improved rapidly and at the time of his untimely death, I counted him one of the warmest friends I had in the U.S. Senate.

For the past 6 years I served with him on the Armed Services Committee and, recently, on the Stockpile Subcommittee. I found him to be one of the most conscientious men with whom I have ever come in contact. Nothing careless about FRANCIS CASE. He was meticulous in analyzing any situation and, for that reason, when he took a position on any matter, we could all be sure he had given it the most thorough consideration.

I venture to say that no Senator in the body today has the reputation for being so careful and conscientious in arriving at his decisions.

In this past decade of large military budgets, Senator CASE's knowledge of the Armed Forces has been invaluable to our committee and the country.

Finally, may I say with deepest regret that if ever a Senator worked himself to death, it was FRANCIS CASE. Despite warnings, he would not let up. He kept on driving himself hard in pursuance of his duties to the point where even his strong body and heart could stand it no longer.

Mrs. Bush joins me in expressing warm sympathy to Mrs. Case and the family.

Remarks by Senator Saltonstall

Of Massachusetts

Mr. SALTONSTALL. Mr. President, I join with my colleagues in commemorating the service to his country of Senator FRANCIS CASE, of South Dakota. I respected him as a man and enjoyed his friendship.

As one who served on the Armed Services Committee with him over the years, I know of his conscientiousness to duty, his careful attention not only to the principles involved in the measures brought before us, but also to the details involved in those bills. In this way, he helped us to work out the final draft of measures approved by our committee.

But I knew FRANCIS CASE also as a friend. We sat beside each other on the floor of the Senate. We consulted each other on legislative matters. I valued his advice, because I knew how thoroughly he studied every bill that the Senate considered. I valued his judgment too because I knew he had innate commonsense, much practical experience, and a shrewd native intellect.

So I miss him as a wise colleague, as a thoughtful friend, and as an American citizen who loved his country and wanted to serve it to the best of his ability. I shall always remember him as one who by his presence and by his work enhanced the prestige of the U.S. Senate.

Mrs. Saltonstall joins me in giving to Mrs. Case and her daughter our heartfelt love and sympathy.

Remarks by Senator Curtis

Of Nebraska

Mr. CURTIS. Mr. President, those who watched FRANCIS CASE work marveled at his accomplishments. He was always well prepared and was tireless in his efforts. He left a significant and important imprint upon legislation throughout all the years he served in the Congress of the United States.

His rugged honesty, like his perseverance in his work, caused him to stand out as a man among men. Shakespeare's words "perseverance keeps honor bright" seems to have referred to FRANCIS CASE, as did Alexander Pope's when he said, "An honest man is the noblest work of God."

A long list of legislative accomplishments can truly be credited to Senator CASE. These include the development of the Missouri River Basin, the Wheeler-Case Water Projects Act, mineral development, soil conservation, Indian legislation, the Case Labor Act of 1946, and the renegotiation of Government contracts, which program was started by reason of an amendment introduced by Senator CASE to an appropriations bill. I could go on with a long list of legislative accomplishments and contributions to the cause of good government.

He was a man of deep faith. While he will be greatly missed in both Houses of the Congress, we know that he has entered a house not made with hands, eternal in the heavens.

Remarks by Senator Beall

Of Maryland

Mr. BEALL. Mr. President, for several years, until his untimely death, Senator FRANCIS CASE and I had neighboring offices, and I always thought that this situation was particularly appropriate.

When I initially came to Washington as a Member of the 78th Congress, FRANCIS CASE was among the first Members of the House of Representatives to welcome me and offer assistance. I soon learned that FRANCIS CASE was an ideal model for those who wished to learn how to better serve their constituents and their Nation. South Dakota elected FRANCIS CASE to the U.S. Senate in 1950, and after I joined him in this body 2 years later, it was my privilege to serve on the Senate District of Columbia Committee while he was its chairman. I later had the privilege of working with him as a member of the Senate Armed Services Committee.

In all of his activities, FRANCIS CASE proved himself to be a hard, conscientious worker whose courage and ability earned him the friendship and respect of everyone who had the privilege of coming into contact with him.

As I mentioned, Mr. President, we were neighbors in the Senate Office Building, and I have outlined the reasons why this seemed to be so apt. It follows, therefore, that through his death I have suffered a deep personal loss. I know that a grateful Nation joins those of us who had the honor of working closely with FRANCIS CASE in mourning the passing of such a dedicated patriot and statesman.

Remarks by Senator Tower

Of Texas

Mr. TOWER. Mr. President, Senator FRANCIS CASE and I had in common the fact that we were both raised in Methodist parsonages, and we once attended church together, while I was on a speaking trip to South Dakota. He was a true, kind, and warmhearted friend. In the year that it was my privilege to serve with him here in the Senate, I have come to know his integrity of character, his devotion to principles, and his degree of dedication to causes he espoused. Our Nation loses, with his passing, a public servant who contributed much in more than a quarter century of distinguished service. He will be greatly missed by those who believe in the constitutional values and the fundamental freedoms that are inherent in our free enterprise system and our democratic way of life.

Remarks by Senator Randolph

Of West Virginia

Mr. RANDOLPH. Mr. President, on June 22, 1962, Senator FRANCIS CASE laid aside the burdens of public service which he had so faithfully borne, and passed on into the eternal life. The death of this dear friend and respected steward has brought to each of his colleagues in the Senate a deep sense of personal loss and grief.

However, FRANCIS CASE has left to us an example of patient and conscientious devotion which provides both challenge and inspiration for the days ahead. We will remember the painstaking care with which he studied the provisions of proposed legislation, and we will recall the penetrating qualities of mind which enabled him to focus on the very heart of a problem. And he was ever a loving husband and father, whose fondest pleasures were found in the warm and simple atmosphere of the home.

It was my privilege to serve with Senator CASE on the old House of Representatives Committee on Roads, and we continued to enjoy a warm and lasting friendship while serving together on the Public Works Committee of the Senate. He will be sorely missed on the Hill.

Mrs. Randolph joins in offering our sincere sympathy in this time of bereavement to Mrs. Case, and to their daughter and granddaughter.

Remarks by Senator Engle

Of California

Mr. ENGLE. Mr. President, the death of Senator FRANCIS CASE last month took from the Senate a legislator of the highest principles and a distinguished public servant.

FRANCIS CASE was a man who was more interested in his committee responsibilities and the problems of his constituents than in seeking publicity. This is a quality unique among men in public life. It is this quality that endeared him so much to the people of South Dakota who sent him to the House of Representatives for seven consecutive terms and to the Senate for two terms before he passed away.

Senator CASE was my colleague in the House as well as the Senate. Some of my most rewarding experiences in the House I associate with FRANCIS CASE. We collaborated on the original Saline Water Conversion Act. The modest proposal that we launched has since grown into a program that will one day bring about a technique for water conversion to take care of all the parched centers of the globe.

As a member of the Senate Armed Services Committee, FRANCIS CASE distinguished himself as an expert on military affairs. It was a pleasure to watch him work in committee and to listen to him on the floor of the Senate. Of one thing his colleagues could always be sure—that when FRANCIS CASE took the floor he had studied his subject thoroughly and was in complete command of his facts.

FRANCIS CASE was a highly conscientious and honorable public servant, and a gentle and genuine human being. We will miss him very much in the Senate.

My deepest sympathies to his family and to the people of South Dakota.

Remarks by Senator Goldwater

Of Arizona

Mr. GOLDWATER. Mr. President, the people of South Dakota as well as the people of the United States sustained a serious loss in the death of our esteemed colleague, Senator FRANCIS CASE. Senator CASE was not only a Republican and a conservative but he was an outstanding and courageous statesman as well. He will be sorely missed by the people of South Dakota and by the Senate of the United States.

Remarks by Senator Fong

Of Hawaii

Mr. FONG. Mr. President, it was with profound sorrow that I learned of the sudden passing of my friend and colleague FRANCIS CASE, of South Dakota, one of the Senate's ablest legislators and one of our Nation's most dedicated citizens.

Our acquaintanceship and warm comradeship dated from the earliest days of my tenure here nearly 3 years ago, when I was assigned to the Public Works Committee, on which FRANCIS CASE was already serving as topranking minority member.

I deem it a signal honor and a stroke of good fortune as well to have had as my mentor on this very important committee a man of his wide-ranging and solid experience. And now I have lost a faithful counselor on whose sound advice and enlightened leadership I leaned so heavily.

In committee and on the Senate floor, I soon came to appreciate the many sterling qualities distinguishing FRANCIS CASE: his impeccable integrity, his objectivity, his sincerity, his conscientiousness, his diligence, his thoroughness, his consideration for others, his kindness, and his courage.

He was truly worthy of the trust reposed in him by his constituents who elected him to the U.S. Congress for nearly a quarter of a century. On our statute books are numerous laws bearing the imprint of FRANCIS CASE.

Only a few days before his passing, he had won nomination for yet another term in the Senate.

It was characteristic of FRANCIS CASE to shun the limelight preferring instead to labor quietly day after day in behalf of his fellow South Dakotans and his fellow Americans. We number millions who owe him a debt of gratitude for his effective service.

A stanch Republican, FRANCIS CASE never allowed partisanship to override his fundamental principles. All of us knew the very high standards which he set for himself and to which he steadfastly adhered. His family may take a full measure of pride in his exemplary conduct, which won him the deep respect of all.

My wife, Ellyn, and I extend to Mrs. Case and to all his other loved ones our heartfelt sympathy in their bereavement.

Remarks by Senator Cotton

Of New Hampshire

Mr. COTTON. Mr. President, it was my privilege to serve in the Congress with FRANCIS CASE for 16 years. When I entered the House of Representatives he had already made his mark. A bill he had authored and which bore his name laid out careful new concepts in the field of labor relations and furnished the foundation for the Labor Relations Act of 1947. It is impossible to enumerate in the years since the instances in which his skilled craftsmanship was imprinted upon legislation. He was one of the artisans who created the Interstate Highway System. Those of us who served with him on the Public Works Committee of the Senate can testify that this legislation will ever remain a monument to him.

FRANCIS CASE was fundamentally a lawmaker. No Senator has ever excelled him in his conscientious, painstaking care with which he studied, corrected, and molded every section and every paragraph and every line of bills both in his committees and on the floor of the House and Senate.

FRANCIS CASE was an honest, just, and upright man who kept inviolate until the last day of his life the precepts he learned as the son of a Methodist minister. He was an earnest and intense man, yet he was possessed of a quiet, subtle sense of humor which saved him from the slightest tinge of fanaticism.

FRANCIS CASE was utterly unable to spare himself. After he had sustained his first heart attack we, who served with him and loved him, watched him struggle to carry the heavy load of work he had always borne and were powerless to

dissuade him. Like many of our colleagues, he wore himself out in the service of his people and his country and died before his appointed time.

> And yet why pity them? Full well they lived
> Their God-appointed plan, died joyously,
> And left a golden memory! Pray who
> Could ask a fairer fate for them, or me?

Remarks by Senator Cannon

Of Nevada

Mr. CANNON. Mr. President, I want to join the colleagues and friends of the late Senator CASE who have spoken so eloquently in expressing their sincere regret over his untimely passing.

The State of South Dakota and the Nation could ill afford the loss of a man like Senator CASE whose whole life was dedicated to public service and duty to country.

I particularly recall the warmth of his friendship and the grasp of his intellect on the Armed Services Committee where he made outstanding contributions to the strengthening of the Nation's Military Establishment.

His career as a distinguished newspaperman in his native State served him admirably in the contribution he was to make beginning in 1934 when he was elected to the House of Representatives. Senator CASE brought with him a wealth of experience and an amazing background in legislation when he came to this body in 1950. He earned his way to an important position of esteem in the Senate by hard work, devotion to duty, loyalty to friends, and an abiding belief in the high principles which guided him throughout his public life.

His loss is a severe blow to the State of South Dakota and has left a void in the highest councils of our Government.

Remarks by Senator Symington

Of Missouri

Mr. SYMINGTON. Mr. President, 16 years ago as Assistant Secretary of War I started presenting defense budgets to the Military Appropriations Subcommittee of the House Appropriations Committee.

At that time it was my privilege to come to know the late junior Senator from South Dakota, who in 1950 joined this body.

Over the years our friendship ripened. It could not have done otherwise because, with his sterling character, his passion for the truth, and his rugged endurance in debates on those issues when he felt principle was involved, FRANCIS CASE was a true friend, warmhearted and kind even in disagreement, to the point that it could not have been possible but to develop great affection for him, along with deep respect.

This country mourns a great American patriot. Mrs. Symington and I send his gracious wife and daughter deepest sympathy. Their loss is also a loss to all those who believe in the heritage and traditions of the United States.

Remarks by Senator Carroll

Of Colorado

Mr. CARROLL. Mr. President, I want to express my deep sense of loss at the passing of our colleague, Senator FRANCIS CASE, of South Dakota. We had known one another since I first entered the Congress in 1947, when he also was a Member of the House, and our wives and families are good and warm friends.

Senator CASE was one of the most competent Members of this great body. He was highly regarded by us all for his skill and his diligence. He was an honest, courageous, and dedicated public servant in the truest sense of those words. He never shrank from a fight on behalf of his high principles and firm convictions, and he never allowed partisanship to obscure his sense of fairness and propriety.

Those of us from Western States will always be indebted to Senator CASE for his leadership in matters concerning development of natural resources in our region. He contributed much to the Nation with his work on weather modification research, desalination of water, highway problems, synthetic liquid fuels, including development of oil from shale, and similar matters which are of great concern to our region.

But the Nation as a whole always occupied first place in his thinking, and this was reflected in his outstanding work as a member of the Armed Services and Public Works Committees.

He was indeed a U.S. Senator from South Dakota in the full meaning of those words. He represented both his State and the Nation, and he did a fine, workmanlike job on behalf of both. We will miss him.

On behalf of Mrs. Carroll and our daughter, I wish to express our deepest, heartfelt sympathy to Mrs. Case and her family in this time of bereavement.

Remarks by Senator Humphrey

Of Minnesota

Mr. HUMPHREY. Mr. President, I join with the distinguished junior Senator from Colorado in the expression of sympathy and condolences to Mrs. Case, her daughter, and other members of the family of our late beloved colleague, Senator FRANCIS CASE, of South Dakota. South Dakota is my native State, and it has surely been ably represented in the U.S. Senate.

Senator CASE stood as a symbol of personal and political integrity. His record is one of great courage and dedication to the public interest. We shall miss this fine public servant, as will the people of his State.

I am most pleased to be able to associate myself today with the generous, yet factual and true remarks of the Senator from Colorado.

Remarks by Senator Anderson

Of New Mexico

Mr. ANDERSON. Mr. President, like the able Senator from Minnesota, I am glad to associate myself with the remarks of the distinguished Senator from Colorado. I hope that fitting recognition will be made of the many worthwhile contributions he made to the public welfare both on the committees of which he was a member and in the Senate itself.

For example, FRANCIS CASE was a leader in the study of the production of artificial rainfall. Also, his work in the field of desalination of water was extremely important. One of the first two plants established in connection with the brackish water development is located in his State of South Dakota and stands as a tribute to the work of Senator CASE in that situation.

Having attended college with him and having known him for a long time, I regarded him as one of the finest men ever to serve in this body.

I am glad the Senator from Colorado has made the statement he has made today, in which he was joined by the able Senator from Minnesota.

Remarks by Senator Murphy

Of New Hampshire

Mr. MURPHY. Mr. President, although I did not know Senator FRANCIS CASE well, I did admire his tireless efforts. His deeds were always in the best interest of his State and of our Nation. His understanding of the parliamentary procedure of the U.S. Senate was always a source of amazement to me.

The courage which FRANCIS CASE showed over the years, both as an individual and as a U.S. Senator from a great State, will long be remembered by his family and friends. The U.S. Senate has lost one of its greatest Members.

Remarks by Senator Smith

Of Massachusetts

Mr. SMITH. Mr. President, I would like to pay tribute today to our departed colleague, Senator FRANCIS CASE, of South Dakota.

During the 2 years in which we served together on the Senate Public Works Committee, I acquired great respect for my colleague from South Dakota. No man had more integrity. No man had a keener mind for detail. No man was more dedicated to seeing that the public money was wisely spent.

The Senator made great contributions in the field of water conservation and desalinization. He also initiated the Reorganization Act of 1942, to improve efficiency in defense spending. As a member of the District of Columbia Committee, I was particularly appreciative of the efforts which Senator CASE, a former chairman of the committee, had made to secure for District residents the right to vote for the President and Vice President, a right which became a law through the 23d amendment to the Constitution.

Senator CASE was a man of unquestioned talent and devotion to his country. This devotion was reflected first in his service as a marine in World War I, then in 26 years of service in the U.S. Congress. He carried out his duties in the Senate with the utmost conscientiousness and honesty. We have lost a man of strong character and high purpose, and I know that my colleagues will join with me in extending our fullest sympathies to Mrs. Case and his daughter, Mrs. Jane Commander.

Proceedings
in the
House of Representatives

Proceedings in the House

FRIDAY, *June 22, 1962.*

Mr. REIFEL. Mr. Speaker, I offer a resolution.

The Clerk read as follows:

Resolved, That the House has heard with profound sorrow of the death of the Honorable FRANCIS CASE, a Senator of the United States from the State of South Dakota.

Resolved, That the Clerk communicate these resolutions to the Senate and transmit a copy thereof to the family of the deceased Senator.

Resolved, That a committee of two Members be appointed on the part of the House to join the committee appointed on the part of the Senate to attend the funeral.

The resolution was agreed to.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair appoints as members of the funeral committee the following Members of the House: Mr. Berry and Mr. Reifel.

The Clerk will report the remainder of the resolution.

The Clerk read as follows:

Resolved, That as a further mark of respect to the memory of the deceased the House do now adjourn.

The resolution was agreed to.

Accordingly (at 3 o'clock and 8 minutes p.m.) under its previous order, the House adjourned until Monday, June 25, 1962, at 12 o'clock noon.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. McGown, one of its clerks, announced that the Senate had passed the following resolution:

S. RES. 352

Resolved, That the Senate has heard with profound sorrow and deep regret the announcement of the death of Hon. FRANCIS CASE, late a Senator from the State of South Dakota.

Resolved, That a committee of Senators be appointed by the President of the Senate to attend the funeral of the deceased.

Resolved, That the Secretary communicate these resolutions to the House of Representatives and transmit a copy thereof to the family of the deceased.

Resolved, That as a further mark of respect to the memory of the deceased the Senate do now adjourn until 10 o'clock antemeridian tomorrow.

THURSDAY, *July 26, 1962.*

A message from the Senate by Mr. McGown, one of its clerks, announced that the Senate had passed a resolution as follows:

S. RES. 366

Resolved, That the legislative business of the Senate be now suspended in order that memorial addresses may be delivered on the life, character, and public service of Honorable FRANCIS CASE, late a Senator from the State of South Dakota.

Resolved, That the Secretary communicate these resolutions to the House of Representatives and transmit an enrolled copy thereof to the family of the deceased.

Resolved, That as a further mark of respect to the memory of the deceased, the Senate, at the conclusion of its business today, do adjourn.

Remarks by Representative Reifel

Of South Dakota

Mr. REIFEL. Mr. Speaker, we in South Dakota have lost a brilliant statesman and beloved son in the sudden death this morning of Senator FRANCIS CASE. The Nation is denied the continued services and further labors of a dedicated servant of all the people.

As a distinguished Member of the House of Representatives for seven consecutive terms beginning in 1936 and for 11½ years in the other body, Senator CASE served his State and Nation longer in public office than any other man in the history of our State.

With a sense of obligation that bordered on consecration, he devoted himself to his work, for his beloved South Dakota and our America. All who knew and admired him, as did Mrs. Reifel and I since our first associations with him in 1933, recognized his immense talents, capacity for service and tremendous record of accomplishment.

The proud record of Missouri River development with its dams and lakes is but one of many lasting memorials to his name and effectiveness. Above all, he was a man of integrity and honor and a dedicated student of government in keeping with the highest standards of public service.

His well-deserved reputation for honesty was pointed up dramatically in 1956 when he courageously rejected a money gift which might have been interpreted as influencing a key vote.

In the field of legislation he had few peers when it came to public works, particularly flood control projects and highways. In addition to being chief legislative architect of Missouri River development, he was one of the fathers of the nationwide Interstate Defense Highway System.

Senator CASE was recognized nationally as a pioneer in the now widely acclaimed desalination program to convert sea or brackish water into fresh water as an answer to our Nation's rapidly diminishing water supplies.

Equally active in the field of reclamation, he was responsible for numerous irrigation projects across South Dakota and the Nation. He believed fervently that water and soil are among our greatest blessings and should be placed in the highest possible productive use for the benefit of present and future generations. He pioneered legislation in the field of weather research and cloud modification.

Some of his best known legislative acts include the Case-Wheeler Water Conservation Act of 1937 and 1940; Renegotiation of excess war profits, 1942, which has saved the taxpayers of this Nation many billions of dollars; Government Corporations Control Act, 1945; United Nations invitation to the United States, 1945; Case labor relations bill, 1946, and Synthetic Liquid Fuels Act, 1948.

In addition, he was active in behalf of appropriations to implement the 70-group Air Force and as a member of the Senate Armed Services Committee was a fervent believer in the principle of a strong deterrent as a means of keeping the peace.

Senator CASE introduced the first legislation to dispose of surplus farm commodities in exchange for foreign currencies, the prelude to the food-for-peace program which he cosponsored.

Recently he received an overwhelming vote of confidence from the people of South Dakota in gaining approximately 85 percent of the vote cast in the primary to renominate him for a third Senate term.

On behalf of my colleague, the Honorable E. Y. Berry, today, and on behalf of all the people of South Dakota, I extend to his family and dedicated staff our deepest sympathy and condolences. And I know the House joins in this expression of sincere sorrow at this great loss.

Remarks by Representative Berry

Of South Dakota

Mr. BERRY. Mr. Speaker, the Nation suffered a serious shock in the death this morning of one of its most beloved and outstanding statesmen, Senator FRANCIS CASE.

The shock suffered by the Nation, however, can in no way be compared to the severe loss suffered by the people and the States of South Dakota. A great public servant has been stricken—his State and Nation mourn.

During his 14 years in the House of Representatives and 12 years in the U.S. Senate, FRANCIS CASE has established a record of accomplishment that shall live on as a lasting memorial to his tireless efforts.

A soldier, a citizen, and a statesman, FRANCIS CASE gave his life in the preservation of constitutional government, in the preservation of the principles of this great Republic, and in defending the right and privilege of the individual.

FRANCIS CASE feared and fought concentration of power in the hands of a few. He believed the Republic could survive only so long as the individual was free from government regulation and control and unfettered by the chains of burdensome taxation.

His tireless efforts were always directed to a full understanding of all legislation and the effect it would have upon these basic American principles.

He was a close student of parliamentary procedures. Few Members of Congress have ever maintained a better understanding of all legislation and successfully provided more amending suggestions for improvement of legislation than FRANCIS CASE.

His constant interest way always his home State of South Dakota and the improvement of conditions in that State.

A great student, a careful legislator, a devoted family man, this great American statesman will be sorely missed by his State, his Nation, and his colleagues.

His colleagues in both the House and the Senate join me in extending deep and sincere sympathy to his widow, his daughter, and granddaughter, his surviving sisters and brother in this hour of bereavement.

Remarks by Representative Chenoweth

Of Colorado

Mr. CHENOWETH. I was greatly saddened when I heard this morning of the untimely passing of Senator CASE. I first learned of his illness last night. I attended a dinner at which Senator CASE was scheduled to be the principal speaker, but was unable to appear. I was informed he had been taken to the hospital yesterday evening, but his illness was not of a serious nature.

I want to extend my sincere sympathy to my colleagues from South Dakota in their great loss. The passing of Senator CASE is an irreparable loss not alone to the State of South Dakota but to the entire Nation.

I knew FRANCIS CASE before I came to the House. When I arrived in 1941 FRANCIS CASE was one of the outstanding Members of the House. He was a most diligent worker. I do not think I have ever seen a more painstaking Member of this House than FRANCIS CASE. He studied every bill that came to the floor and many times offered important amendments to these measures under consideration. He was conscientious in all of his work and was a keen student of all branches of our National Government. I considered him a most efficient legislator.

FRANCIS CASE was not only a very able and capable Member of Congress, but was also a great American. He believed in his country. He supported our Constitution and believed in the American way of life. He was always willing to fight for the principles he so ably advocated.

The fact that his constituents, the people of the State of South Dakota, time after time reelected him and honored him with high office is proof of the fact that his own people, who knew him best, recognized and appreciated his virtues and sterling qualities.

Mrs. Chenoweth joins me in extending our deep personal sympathy to Mrs. Case and to other members of the family.

Remarks by Representative Derwinski

Of Illinois

Mr. DERWINSKI. Mr. Speaker, it was my privilege as a Member of the House to serve on two Interparliamentary Union groups with the Senator from South Dakota, Mr. CASE. As a result of that experience, I was able to observe his tremendous interest in the problems that face the Nation and his tremendous dedication to the principles of good government. I can truly say he set an example for all of us. He set an example of dedication to public service that was at the same time so typically American and which is too often taken for granted. We who worked with him in even a limited fashion in Washington, appreciated his tremendous dedication to the principles of our free enterprise economy and his well-deserved and respected reputation for personal integrity. He will be missed, and his passing is a loss not only to the citizens he so ably represented for a quarter of a century but to the entire Nation. Mrs. Derwinski and I wish to join the Members of the House in paying our respect to our late distinguished colleague, and extending our personal condolences to his family.

Remarks by Representative Marshall

Of Minnesota

Mr. MARSHALL. May I take this opportunity to join with many others who express their sympathy over the passing of Senator CASE.

Senator CASE was a Member of this body when I first came to the Congress. He was a diligent, hard-working Member of this body. He was always courteous and it was always a pleasure for me to work with him on a number of occasions. I always found him to be sympathetic and a person who believed in doing everything possible for the welfare of his people.

The people of South Dakota have lost a great Senator. The United States has lost a great American.

I wish to extend sympathy to Mrs. Case and the family in the loss of this great and splendid man.

Remarks by Representative Halleck

Of Indiana

Mr. HALLECK. Mr. Speaker, as one who had known FRANK CASE since he first came to this Chamber as a Representative from South Dakota in 1936, I was deeply shocked to learn of his death this morning.

I knew him as an extremely hard-working, conscientious Member and I came to admire him for his determination, his courage, and his unquestioned integrity.

Beyond that, may I say in all my time in the Congress of the United States I have never known a colleague who was more fair or considerate in his dealing with his associates.

FRANK CASE made substantial contributions to the legislative history of the Congress in many fields during his service in both bodies. His work here was characterized by a thoroughness of preparation that was nothing short of remarkable. It reflected his willingness to spend long and tiring hours of research into the many assignments that came his way.

I think the record of FRANK's majorities in succeeding elections during the terms of his office in the House are the best evidence of the confidence the people of South Dakota had in this fine public servant.

Starting his career with the barest of majorities, FRANK CASE at one stage was given nearly three-fourths of all the votes cast by the people he represented.

In the death of Senator CASE today the Nation has lost a dedicated American, our party has lost a vigorous champion, and I have lost a valued friend.

I extend my deepest sympathies to his bereaved family.

Remarks by Representative Auchincloss

Of New Jersey

Mr. AUCHINCLOSS. Mr. Speaker, the Congress has lost a very capable and able American in the death of FRANCIS CASE, Senator from South Dakota. He had a most penetrating inquisitive mind and with indefatigable zeal he would pursue a problem to its completion. He was always fair and did not reach a conclusion without painstaking examination of all the facts available.

He was one of the first Members I met when I came to Congress in 1942 and on many occasions I had discussions with him concerning matters of public interest. A warm friendship developed which lasted until his death and I am very conscious of the void in my life which his passing has created.

His high moral standards and his fearlessness in promoting that which is right was legend and his devotion to those principles which he believed in was an inspiration to all his friends. My heartfelt sympathy goes to his family in this hour of their bereavement.

Remarks by Representative Dague

Of Pennsylvania

Mr. DAGUE. Mr. Speaker, the sad word of the untimely passing of the distinguished Senator from South Dakota has brought sorrow to the hearts of all of his former colleagues of the House and we are joined with his host of friends in mourning the passing of this warmhearted and dedicated public servant.

FRANCIS CASE was a Member of the House when I came here and his stature as a legislator of ability was well established. It must be recognized, however, that Members of Congress are impressed as much by human traits as they are by a display of legislative acumen and the popularity of Mr. CASE rested largely on his warmhearted nature together with his complete accessibility to both his colleagues and his constituents.

Throughout the membership of both Houses of the Congress, as well as among the several committee staffs, are a number of former and Reserve members of the U.S. Marine Corps. An honored member of this group was our late lamented friend and colleague from South Dakota and it was this service comradeship that brought us even closer in the common identity of having served the Nation in both peace and war.

We shall miss this genial friend who has gone on to answer that celestial summons and we are pledged to keep his memory forever green. We are mindful, too, of those loved ones who must carry on alone and we shall petition the Master to sustain and comfort them in their hour of sorrow and desolation.

Remarks by Representative Weaver

Of Nebraska

Mr. WEAVER. Mr. Speaker, it was with genuine shock and regret that I learned of the passing of our good friend and great statesman, the Honorable FRANCIS CASE, Senator from South Dakota. His death will create a void hard to fill in the lives and memories of those who knew him.

Senator CASE was a man of courage and vision, an able and astute leader in his State and in the great Midwestern Plains area. He served his constituents long and well and was universally respected and liked by those who knew him, worked with him, and even among those who from time to time opposed him in the political wars.

Mr. Speaker, the State of South Dakota and the American people have lost a fine and devoted friend and servant. His colleagues in the Congress have lost and do now mourn the passing of a good friend.

Mrs. Weaver joins me in expressing sympathy to Senator CASE'S family.

Remarks by Representative Nygaard

Of North Dakota

Mr. NYGAARD. Mr. Speaker, I rise to join my colleagues in expressing a profound sense of loss over the passing of Senator FRANCIS CASE, of South Dakota. We were, in a sense, neighbors, with many of the projects he sponsored also benefitting North Dakota as well as his beloved South Dakota. He served his State loyally and ably for many years in the House of Representatives and the Senate.

It is a sad experience for all of us here in Washington to see such a great friend of the people pass on. But imagine what the loss must be to South Dakota. The people there have lost a respected, sincere voice that always spoke for their best interest.

Throughout his long service to his State and country, he was one of the most diligent, sincere men ever to appear in the Halls of Congress. His countless contributions to all Americans will always be remembered.

Fitting words are hard to summons at a time like this, but the thoughts that occur are many. Suffice it to say that we who had occasion to know him and to see his achievements will miss him. I wish to extend my deepest sympathy to Mrs. Case, their child, and grandchild.

Remarks by Representative Short

Of North Dakota

Mr. SHORT. Mr. Speaker, it has not been my privilege to enjoy a close acquaintance with Senator FRANCIS CASE. I have, however, heard for many years favorable comments regarding the work of FRANCIS CASE, who served our neighboring State of South Dakota, first as U.S. Representative and later as a U.S. Senator.

It is interesting to note that comments relative to the activity of this distinguished Member of our National Congress invariably emphasize that he was a fearless defender and proponent of what he considered to be right. As anyone in politics knows, this is not always a popular position. Senator CASE, however, never was one to deviate, because of the immediate political considerations, from a course which he considered to be in the best interest of the welfare of our country.

It was with deep regret that we learned of the sudden death of the Senator. His advice and counsel will be sorely missed in the Halls of Congress, and the people of South Dakota will miss his objective and effective representation.

I want to take this occasion to extend my sympathy to the members of the Senator's family.

Remarks by Representative Beermann

Of Nebraska

Mr. BEERMANN. Mr. Speaker, on behalf of all Nebraskans I want to extend condolences to our sister State of South Dakota for her recent loss of an eminent statesman, Senator FRANCIS CASE. Senator CASE, a newspaper publisher and rancher, began his career in Congress in 1936 when he was elected to represent the Second South Dakota District. So well was his constituency represented it saw fit to yield him its majority confidence so he was returned to that office for six additional terms.

Later, of course, the Senator sought election to the other body and on the basis of his past ability to accurately reflect the opinions of his people as a representative, he was successful in obtaining that office. He was reelected in 1956, and even as this latest illness claimed his life, he was preparing once again to take his record to the people of his State for reapproval and confirmation.

These are some of the pertinent facts in the life of Senator CASE, but I would point out for my colleagues that often a recital of facts does not tell the whole story. All of us are born, most are joined in wedlock, have issue, then die. Each occurrence is marked by date.

But as I have said, dates do not tell the story of the man. Rather, it is what occurred in the time between that provides the measure for greatness, and as I search the life of FRANCIS CASE, of South Dakota, I find many, many such instances that indicate here walked a man of wit, wisdom, and judgment.

Mr. Speaker, in the midwestern ranch country that marks my State, and the State of the deceased Senator, we have a phrase that is used to describe great men when we discover one among us; the term is sort of homespun, but deep in meaning. It goes like this: "There walks a mighty tall man."

FRANCIS H. CASE

I want to say that Senator FRANCIS CASE, of South Dakota, walked mighty tall in our midwestern country, earning that admiring description by his warmth of heart, generosity, and a willingness to listen to all.

Saying that, I can add but little more in tribute to this great career. South Dakota is a land of clear skies, open prairie, and rugged hills. It tends to develop its men in that fashion, open and free of all guile, big in spirit and rugged in defense of the principles that made these United States the great Nation that it is.

All these qualities were attributes of Senator FRANCIS CASE. We list them to serve as a guide star to others from his State who, seeing the height of greatness he achieved, will be encouraged to assume the responsibilities of public life and perhaps carry them forward to new limits of individual freedom.

Remarks by Representative Cunningham

Of Nebraska

Mr. CUNNINGHAM. Mr. Speaker, it was with shock and deep regret that we learned of the death of Senator FRANCIS CASE, of our neighboring South Dakota.

All of us in the Missouri River States have benefited from the work and interest of Senator CASE in flood control, agriculture, conservation, and the other areas which are so close and so important to our people. We have been grateful for having such a statesman from our part of the country.

We in Nebraska liked to feel that we had an extra Senator to join our two distinguished Members of the Senate, because we knew that FRANCIS CASE was interested not only in his State but what was good for all the farmers and businessmen and others in the Great Plains, throughout the Midwest and throughout the Nation and world.

Senator CASE was close to the people. They liked him. He served them well. His family and his State—his people—should be proud of him, and I hope they find solace in the respect which his memory will always bear.

"He who is greatest among you shall be your servant." Matthew 23: 11.

Remarks by Representative Nelsen

Of Minnesota

Mr. NELSEN. Mr. Speaker, Senator FRANCIS CASE, of South Dakota is mourned by all the Nation, for his passing is truly an American loss.

Long before I came to Congress, the name of Senator CASE was known and honored in my own State of Minnesota, just as his honest and dedicated service was known and is known throughout the Midwest and throughout the Nation.

This great and diverse man—newspaper reporter, editor, soldier, rancher, and Senator of the United States—served in the House and Senate for more than a quarter of a century.

He worked unceasingly for betterment of the District of Columbia's residents; he worked for sound, economical public works legislation where it was needed—for highways, rural development, water conservation; for farmers and city dwellers alike.

Senator CASE was a man of honor, and a man who honored the truth above all.

We extend our deepest sympathy to Mrs. Case and her daughter in this sad time of bereavement.

Memorial Tributes
to
Francis H. Case

Memorial Tributes

Mr. MUNDT. Mr. President, FRANCIS CASE included in his vast catalog of endeavors activities as a newspaper publisher and editor. In keeping with the warm association FRANCIS had with his brothers in the profession of journalism, I feel it would be particularly appropriate if there could be included following the eulogies by my colleagues, a few representative editorials written in tribute to the late Senator. I request permission that such be made a part as designated.

[From the Webster Reporter & Farmer, June 27, 1962]

OUTSTANDING SERVICE

With deep regret, South Dakotans received the news last Friday of the death of Senator FRANCIS CASE from a heart attack at Washington. During his long public career of seven terms in the House of Representatives and two terms in the Senate, CASE compiled a record of brilliant service to his State and Nation. To a keen, analytical mind, he added strict integrity, boundless energy, and dedication to his constant aim of being a conscientious public servant. Indeed, his devotion to the tasks entrusted to him was so intensive that it contributed to his untimely death. He leaves behind him a record of many accomplishments for his State and Nation which will endure through many years.

To this writer, the news of CASE's passing brought a personal sorrow as well. We were college classmates and college roommates. Later, we were business associates. Though our paths divided since 1928, we have been close friends throughout the years.

Day County, along with the entire State, has many reasons to be grateful to CASE. He was instrumental in securing Indian Bureau funds to surface the highway from Waubay north to the lakes area. He had an important role in getting the saline water conversion plant for South Dakota and Webster. He was at the time of his death sponsoring a wetlands bill through Congress which would provide funds in lieu of taxes for wetlands sought to be purchased in the lake region and other areas of South Dakota by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. He was the author of the Renegotiation Act which during war days saved the Government several million dollars in war contracts. He was also active in securing development of the Missouri River Dam projects.

And we could go on and on. His influence throughout has been one of alert, painstaking, devoted service to his State and Nation.

[From the Custer County Chronicle, June 28, 1962]

NOR LONG REMEMBER

Thousands of words of eulogy have been, and will be, written and spoken about Senator FRANCIS CASE. Those words will in all likelihood fit into the category of which Lincoln had in mind when he said at Gettysburg: "The world will little note nor long remember what we say here, but it will never forget what they did here."

Lincoln erred in his prediction, what he said is remembered, but what "they did" is, to most people, very vague.

It will not be so with FRANCIS CASE. What is said about him will be soon forgotten, but what he did will be long remembered. Stand anywhere in South Dakota and you will see evidence of his work—water conservation; the dams from Angostura to Big Bend; Mount Rushmore, of which he was one of the original boosters and served on the national commission for many years until his death; national park and national forest improvements; Black Hills Ordnance Depot; Ellsworth Air Force Base; the Titan and Minuteman complexes; public buildings; hospitals; veterans facilities; rural electrification; airports; the list of major projects in which he had a hand is endless.

But it was the "little" things that he did for the people he represented that probably most endeared Senator CASE in the hearts of his people—the little personal matters such as a draft hardship case, a dispute with some Government agency, the encouragement of some young man or woman in a difficult time, help in securing a pension for someone, assistance in clearing an Indian claim—it was these "little" unpublicized acts for which he will be most remembered by his fellow South Dakotans.

Although the interests of his State were always uppermost, CASE made himself one of the most highly respected legislators in the Government, authorizing many important bills of national and international significance and his sound reasoning on the floor of the Senate commanded the respect of members of both political parties.

Custer is proud to have been the home of FRANCIS CASE and is proud to have been able to share his abilities with the State and the Nation and the free world.

We regret that his most cherished ambition was left unrealized—his desire to retire from public life to his ranch and the outdoor life in the Black Hills he loved.

Bismarck said: "A really great man is known by three signs—generosity in the design, humanity in the execution, and moderation in success."

FRANCIS CASE was a "really great man" by that definition.

[From the Lead Daily Call, June 25, 1962]

THE BACKLOG

(By Camille Yuill)

Many persons will remember Senator FRANCIS CASE for his accomplishments in water conservation, weather study, appropriations, and military affairs, but many others will recall all the little things he has done. They will remember his help in a purely, personal, and individual problem, his thoughtfulness in sending or telling them this or that bit of information especially helpful and applicable to them, and his courtesy and graciousness whenever they made demands.

Black Hills and West River folk will always remember his part in Mount Rushmore development, the Badlands National Monument, the flight, his untiring promotion of the travel industry, his persistent efforts toward the growth and development of the region he loved.

FRANCIS CASE was never too busy to answer an inquiry, regardless of its triviality for he had a great awareness of the importance of small matters to the questioner. He found the time to trace a missing military man to relieve a worried family's fear, to fly hundreds of miles to attend the funeral of an employee, to answer a schoolchild's letter, to stop to explain a particular piece of legislation. He kept the common touch.

In all his activities he remained fundamentally true to his ideals and convictions, regardless of criticism or pressure. He believed in his country and its Government and gave it unselfish and dedicated service throughout his entire life.

His family has lost a devoted husband, father, and brother. We, like many others, have lost a personal friend of many years' standing. And the Nation and the State have lost a brilliant and great statesman.

[From the Daily Belle Fourche Post]

EVERYBODY'S SENATOR

Thousands of words of tribute are being written and spoken today about Senator FRANCIS CASE, whose unexpected death has left South Dakota, and the Nation reeling.

To the tributes which the Nation's leaders are paying the South Dakota Senator, we can add but one important point.

Senator FRANCIS CASE was a man of stature among men of stature, but he never lost the ability to communicate with and earn the respect and understanding of the little man.

We believe that much of the Senator's strength was due to the fact that through 25 years of public life he never forgot the little man back home.

No matter how long he had been on the job that day, no matter how many miles he had traveled, no matter how many burdens he already carried on his shoulders, FRANCIS CASE always found time to listen to another individual problem.

We have known him to call from Washington at midnight in regard to what seemed to us to be a minor inquiry by a local resident. We knew he had had a gruelling day on the Senate floor. Yet, long after others were home and in bed, the Senator sat in his office making certain that every inquiry received proper attention.

FRANCIS CASE, of course, had a remarkable mind. It was a tremendous mind, but an orderly one. Vast quantities of pertinent facts were cataloged in that mind. Whether it was the cost of a B–52 or the question of an emergency leave for a soldier, the Senator made certain he had a complete understanding of the matter.

Ordinary South Dakotans knew they had an understanding representative in Washington. They knew that when something had to be done, "FRANCIS" would do it.

It was this determination to see that every person in South Dakota had a representative in Washington that endeared FRANCIS CASE to South Dakotans. If ever a man was held in universal respect, that man was Senator CASE. Little wonder that South Dakota and the Nation will miss him.

M. LUCCA.

[From the Daily Belle Fourche Post]

NOW, OUR OWN

The newspaperman knows that the day will come when the obituary and tribute he writes will be for one of his own. But that does not prepare him for it when it happens.

So it is today that I write of FRANCIS CASE, brother-in-law, by relationship, but more than that—brother and friend, a man with an expansible heart to whom loving more persons meant deepening the relationship with those he already loved. The smallest in-law cousin was as close as the blood niece and nephew.

But his wife Myrle, daughter Jane, and little granddaughter Catherine, held the pinnacle of his heart.

It was not surface affection with any of us—the generalities that would fit anybody. The mind that held the concerns of his State and Nation held the identity of each of the family and of friends—without crowding, or regarding it as anything out of the ordinary. The little things that were important to those he loved became important to him. For instance, the bicolor Huntsman rose I was planting when he stopped by one May day brought the inquiry that fall when I saw him again: "Was that Huntsman the true red and gold you hoped for?" Yet he had been in Washington, and farther, since that May day.

Frequently, people would ask us: "What does FRANCIS think about—?" (Some controversial issue.)

Whatever we knew was safe to tell. Never did FRANCIS CASE burden his family or friends with things that should not be discussed. Never were we told off-the-record material and then have to worry for fear we had inadverently told something that should not be told. Not once in his 25 years of publice life was there any friction over somebody in the family's telling something that embarrassed him. He sorted what he told without being conscious that he was sorting. It was part of his inate thoughtfulness.

It might be expected that the family lined up for favors FRANCIS could give as a result of his position. The very opposite was the case. We have never known his family to ask favors through his office. They'd ask to borrow his horse trailer, perhaps, but ask for a political favor—never.

Whenever he could, FRANCIS and his family dropped in. And if it were to be long enough, all the family close would be called to come: It was: "Myrle, FRANCIS, and Jane just arrived."

And they came. It meant interesting things to tell, laughter—led by FRANCIS' resonant laugh.

How could so many be so close to him?

We find this week as the messages and calls roll in how many more there were who shared this closeness, how many there are who mourn with us. And almost everyone asks: "Do you suppose he knew how much he meant to us?"

And I find myself comforting them with the words, "I know he did. I've seen his face when he told of offers to help for the coming campaign he had received from more than we can ever count."

The public tributes have been spoken and published. Now all of us have to find out how we can get along without him.

IRMA G. WEYLER.

[From the De Smet News, June 28, 1962]

FRANCIS CASE, A MAN OF HONOR, SERVICE TO PEOPLE OF HIS STATE AND THE NATION

South Dakota mourns, in the death of Senator FRANCIS CASE, the loss more personally felt in the West River and Black Hills areas where he had lived so long, first publishing a newspaper; however, as a graduate of Dakota Wesleyan University at Mitchell and in more recent years a Senator-at-large from the State, also well known in the eastern half of the State.

FRANCIS CASE was a dedicated man—dedicated to facts, honesty, and service. No political opponent is recalled as questioning any of these attributes. His services to the State were many, and in a few instances he performed outstanding service nationally and internationally. Recalled is his proposal that in gifts to other nations there be a minor percentage of contingent contribution—a point that brought some light rebuttal at the time but proved to save the Nation huge sums when some nations decided the gift was not so desirable if they had to match it with a small percentage. Then there was the time a large donation was made to him by someone interested in a bill passage. It seems other Members of the Congress did not know what to do in such an instance, but the Senator from South Dakota did not hesitate: He told on the Senate floor of receiving the money and returning it. It was the kind of response his friends would expect of him.

The death of Senator CASE leaves a vacancy not easily filled, for while he was a Senator-at-large and a Republican, to the West River he was its representative in the Senate, and to the rest of the State he was respected and appreciated.

South Dakota will long benefit from the service FRANCIS CASE gave it, as an editor when he invited President Coolidge to establish a summer White House in the Black Hills, as member of the State board of regents, in Congress. He was devoted to the problems of water control and water resources, a key figure in the Missouri River development, had a part in bringing Ellsworth Air base to the State, the radar base to Gettysburg.

The junior Senator from South Dakota is credited with having saved the Nation millions in reviewing military contracts, and he visited posts around the world to check on facilities provided for the men in service.

FRANCIS H. CASE

Mr. BOTTUM. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to have printed several items appearing in newspapers published in South Dakota and elsewhere concerning the death of my predecessor and friend, the Honorable FRANCIS CASE.

[From the Pierre Reminder, June 1962]

VAN RAMBLES

(By Cyril Van Hise)

As other South Dakotans are, I am saddened by the death of our devoted servant FRANCIS CASE, and can recall a little incident that was typical of our honored Senator.

Back in 1939 when I was commander of the local American Legion Post, "Hook" Phares died in Chicago and the body was shipped to Pierre for burial. "Hook" had a friend in FRANCIS CASE. Those of you who knew him remember that he acquired the name of "Hook" from his ability to acquire extra food for the soldiers on the border and he had a gift for getting into extraordinary places at unusual times. Whenever FRANCIS had a campaign to win he hired "Hook" to put up posters. Mr. CASE said his candidacy was emblazoned on backyard fences, in barns, granaries, and even outhouses and there was much good-natured banter about the whole thing.

"Hook" died of cancer and Senator CASE (then Representative CASE) had made it possible for him to be admitted to the best Government facility. When he died I knew FRANCIS CASE was in the Black Hills so I called him and advised him of the funeral date and hour. He said he would attend.

Came the funeral * * * we went out to the cemetery and were completing the military rites. I looked out of the corner of my eye and saw a solitary figure making his way up the rise through the trees. I motioned to the minister and the others and went out to meet Mr. CASE. He came to the graveside proudly and I asked that he say a few words. His response was touching and very beautifully done. I shall never forget it.

This was FRANCIS CASE * * * an unforgettable character.

South Dakota Poetry: Our Great Good Neighbor, U.S. Senator Francis Case, Republican, of South Dakota, 1896–1962

(From Pasque Pedals)

He was good neighbor of our great Northwest—
Intent on projects that would serve us best,
With grave intensity he gave his days
To details solving baffling maze on maze.
He early learned how silly ignorance rules,
And through his papers pressed for better schools.

At his young neighborliness we sometimes laughed—
Then—in our startled pride, our hats we doffed;
"The summer White House" was his bravest loot—
It put our Black Hills on world tourist route!
Reared in a manse, he seemed to take us all
As his parishioners—answered call on call;
He heard the cattle bawl on range drouth-bare,
And water rights, cloud seeding were his care.

In his integrity he clearly knew
Not rank nor wealth to a man's worth gave clue;
Time and again he went by land and air
To check that servicemen had what was fair.
In deep sincerity he lived his creed
When neighborliness must answer personal need.

He was good neighbor to our hills and plains;
But he was more. He knew the waking pains
Of bypassed men—the power we hold in trust—
He fought the acrid danger of power lust.
Significant as was his job and great,
Yet now and then he still had stolen date
With poetry, and nourished in his heart
To found a National Center for the Arts;
While for his loved Black Hills, his newest dream—
To place above its pines the marble gleam
Of "Christ the Redeemer," on a mountain crest—
Surely a symbol of what he held as best!
This our memorial—high in the sun—
A joy and a challenge to all who may come!

—Adeline M. Jenny.

Valley Springs, S. Dak.

FRANCIS H. CASE

[From Yankton Press and Dakotan, June 23, 1962]

REPUBLICANS OF STATE SHOCKED BY CASE DEATH

The shock which Republicans of South Dakota felt Friday morning when word came from Washington of the death of Senator FRANCIS CASE was somewhat like the bombshell that hit Americans all over the world in the spring of 1945 when President Franklin D. Roosevelt died.

When President Roosevelt died while World War II was still in progress in Europe and the Pacific, people all over the world wondered just who could take his place in a time of crisis.

And when FRANCIS CASE died last week, the Republican Party in South Dakota was left to wonder "Where do we go from here?" The party was badly shaken by the sudden development, as the highly regarded Senator had been poised to battle George McGovern in the U.S. Senate race in November.

Just who will replace Mr. CASE as the Republican candidate in the fall general election—as well as Gov. Archie Gubbrud's choice to fill the vacancy the rest of this year—is still a matter of speculation. An Associated Press story from Pierre Monday listed as favorites for the nomination by the State GOP central committee July 9 the names of Lt. Gov. Joe Bottum, Congressman Reifel, Boyd Leedom, and Nils Boe.

FRANCIS CASE was a distinguished public servant who served South Dakota and the Nation well over a 25-year period in the Halls of Congress. He was widely recognized as a man of integrity and a painstaking student of legislation. His contributions in shaping U.S. policy and drafting the law of the land were many.

Just 2 weeks before his death, Senator CASE stopped in the Daily Press and Dakotan office while in Yankton for a poetry society banquet at Yankton College. He showed no effects of his mild heart seizure a few months ago, and he was ready for the battle with Democratic Candidate McGovern.

The Food for Peace Director, commenting on CASE's overwhelming victory in the primary election a few days before, had suggested that both Senate candidates pledge to conduct a clean campaign according to a code put forward by a committee headed by Charles Taft. Senator CASE's reply was significant:

"I do not think I have to take the pledge on that," he stated. "I have been in quite a few campaigns and I cannot recall one in which my opponent or commentators accused me of any mudslinging or dirty tactics * * *. I incline to the belief that the average voter already has some opinion on how our habit of action squares with prior statements of purpose or declarations of intention."

[From the Watertown Public Opinion, June 23, 1962]

SENATOR FRANCIS CASE

Few men in public or private life in South Dakota have achieved a record of great and effective service to their State and Nation of such proportions.

Without reservation, this can be said of Senator FRANCIS CASE, whose death, as he faced a political campaign for election to his third term in the U.S. Senate, stunned and sorrowed South Dakotans as it did his colleagues in Washington and the scores of others in or out of Federal service with whom his years in Congress had brought him into contact all across the country.

Death did not, in this instance, cut short as it sometimes does, a man's career. Rather it unexpectedly ended a particularly fruitful one that spanned 14 years in the U.S. House of Representatives and almost 12 years in the Senate, yet came at a time when Senator CASE was still adhering to the same rigorous work schedule he had always observed and with the same display of vigor, enthusiasm, and vitality that characterized his application to every task.

The shock which swept the State and National Capital in the news of the death of Senator CASE was magnified, of course, by the sequence of medical bulletins issued during and after the Senator's confinement in a hospital some weeks ago. These indicated that whatever impairment caused the hospitalization was a mild affair and that treatment and rest had fully restored the Senator's health. If the Senator, himself, was aware of any other situation than thus revealed, his refusal to acknowledge it or yield to its possible implications was characteristic of his lifelong attitude of always placing duty to his responsibilities above personal convenience or comfort.

Throughout his long career, Mr. CASE was known for the strenuous work routine he observed and the physically demanding schedules he followed in fulfilling every demand on his time and talent he could possibly meet.

It was this diligence, of course, plus his informed judgment, experience, and intimate knowledge of South Dakota and its problems and people, which enabled Senator CASE to attain the attainments that constitute his impressive record.

More completely chronicled elsewhere, Mr. CASE's accomplishments include such outstanding contributions as his long participation in the formulation of the Missouri Basin program now materializing in the gigantic flood control dams, great inland lakes, hydroelectric power, and irrigation potential; his leadng role in the planning and legislation for the great Interstate Highway System that will give the Nation more than 40,000 miles of superhighways

within a few more years; his sponsorship of the Renegotiation Act of 1942 which saved the Federal Government millions of dollars on wartime contracts; and of the legislation which assisted surplus disposal as well as advancing foreign aid by providing payments to the United States in the currencies of the countries being helped.

Mr. CASE was a diligent student in every facet of his responsibilities as a Congressman. He probably possessed as thorough knowledge and understanding of the tremendous flow of legislation in Capitol Chambers, and of its implication for the State and Nation, as any man in Congress. It was this informed knowledge that won the admiration and the respectful ear of his colleagues in both political parties through the years, and made effective so many of the efforts he undertook. He attain positions of influence on powerful committees of the Senate, where his service won the respect and esteem that was reflected in and out of Government in the messages of sorrow and regret that mounted throughout Friday.

Throughout South Dakota, as in the Capitol, the name of Senator CASE has long been a symbol of dedicated and honorable public service and so it will remain. We join with thousands of others in extending our sincerest sympathy to Mr. CASE'S family.

[From the Sioux Falls Argus-Leader, June 25, 1962]

HERB BECHTOLD'S ROUND ROBIN

MEMORIES OF A COLUMNIST ABOUT A FRIEND

Senator FRANCIS CASE was a hard worker. There was the time he was scheduled to make three appearances in Sioux Falls in 1 day. The first was at 7 a.m. At 3:30 that afternoon he had inspected the new armory in Sioux Falls and had given speeches at two other places—and still had not had time to eat that day.

He generated ideas by the dozen. He kept his staff stepping with his ideas, scrawled on newspaper clippings, paper napkins, or any old scrap that was handy. His major ideas usually showed up as a new piece of legislation or an amendment. It was said that he was the "amendingest Senator" in service.

Senator CASE was a dry. His father was a retired Methodist minister and his mother was active in temperance work.

There was the time a reporter in Pierre invited him to have a beer before the Senator left by train.

They moved to a local tavern where the Senator matched the reporter bottle for bottle—but with grape pop.

Rancher CASE found relaxation in Washington by riding horseback—usually at the Maryland farm of Owen Scott, former Sioux Falls man who is executive editor of U.S. News & World Report.

CASE also used to play baseball and tennis. A reminder of his baseball days was a bat which stood in one corner of his office with a broken handle. It was broken the last time the Senator got hold of it during a game.

Look magazine once referred to Senator CASE as an "outstanding campaigner for higher ethics in public office." It was his policy to accept only small gifts "such as candy or fruit." The largest gift he would accept was "an annual turkey."

Senator CASE was a religious man. In August of 1958, while on a trip to South America, he saw the towering, impressive "Christ, the Redeemer" statue on Mount Corcovado overlooking Rio de Janeiro. That Christmas, he used a picture of the giant statue on his Christmas cards and advocated a figure of "Christ on the Mountain" in the Black Hills near Spearfish, home of the famous "Passion Play." He suggested that a model made many years ago by Gutzon Borglum be used. CASE wanted the beatitudes from the Sermon on the Mount inscribed on the pedestal below the figure.

National Geographic magazine carried a picture in 1959 which showed Senator CASE with the flag that never was. It was one of the 39-star flags which were designed in 1889 when it seemed likely that the two Dakotas would form one State.

Senator CASE met General de Gaulle at the French Embassy in Washington in 1960 and pointed out to him that predominantly Scandinavian South Dakota has a French name for its State capital. CASE told the general that no offense was meant in the un-French pronunciation which South Dakotans use when they call Pierre Peer.

CASE was sharp with figures in Congress and also in predicting the outcome of elections. Prior to the November 1960 election he predicted that Richard Nixon would carry South Dakota by 57.34 percent. Actual vote was 58.21. CASE forecast a 52.76 vote for Senator Karl Mundt. Actual vote: 52.44. CASE said Archie Gubbrud would win by 50.57. Actual margin: 50.73.

Most people, to look at the small, solemn and seemingly humorless Senator from Custer, would never dream that he was in one of the great absurdities of the 20th century.

Anyone old enough to have read a newspaper in 1927 must remember that photograph of "Silent Cal," taken in the Black Hills near Senator CASE's ranch. President Calvin Coolidge had a 20-gallon hat rammed down over his ears. He looked so utterly absurd with his dour visage peering out from under the monstrous sombrero that the entire Nation was convulsed.

The picture was printed and reprinted to undiminishing mirth. It became such a sensitive matter that those who were in on the stunt soon got to the point where they would not admit having been in the vicinity, or even South Dakota.

Nearly three decades later, Senator CASE confessed that he was in on the shenanigans.

"I was standing right beside him when it was done," he said. "But wild horses couldn't make me identify the actual culprit."

INDIAN GROUP HONORS MEMORY OF SENATOR FRANCIS CASE

"His day is done, the shadows have fallen and a great friend of the Sioux lies at rest.

"Eloquence and elaborate phrases will not express the feeling of the Sioux people. Glowing tributes would be amiss, this public servant and a great friend of the Sioux, if living would not desire them so.

"Then let's all be agreed: Here was an honest, sincere friend of the great Sioux Nation. And after all, what tribute could be finer: Therefore be it

"Resolved, That since the Great Spirit, the Creator of all mankind, in His infinite wisdom has chosen to take from among us this diligent, honest, and devoted friend of the Sioux people, the Wounded Knee Subcommunity Council of Wounded Knee, S. Dak., regrets the passing of this devoted friend and servant whose memory we shall ever cherish; be it further

"Resolved, That to his bereaved wife, Mrs. Francis Case, friends and relatives, we tender our heartfelt sympathy. We sincerely hope and pray that the Great Spirit will look down with compassion upon the bereaved, and will encircle His arms of love and protection around them during their hour of trial; be it further

"Resolved, That in token of our feelings, a copy of this resolution be mailed to the surviving spouse, Mrs. Francis Case, of Custer, S. Dak., and that copies of this resolution be incorporated in the minutes of our proceedings, there to remain as a memorial to the integrity and fidelity of our friend and defender of the Sioux people's right, the Honorable FRANCIS CASE."

CERTIFICATION

I, the undersigned, as secretary of the Wounded Knee Subcommunity Council of Wounded Knee, S. Dak., hereby certify that the foregoing resolution was duly adopted by the members of said Wounded Knee Subcommunity Council on June 26, 1962, by a unanimous vote.

MATTHEW HIGH PINE,
Secretary.

Attest:

OSCAR HOLLOW HORN,
President.

Dated June 26, 1962.

[From the Aberdeen American-News, June 26, 1962]

CREDIT TO MIDWEST REPUBLICANISM

Tributes paid to Senator FRANCIS CASE at his funeral Tuesday, added to those that have been voiced and written by hundreds of his friends during the past few days, strongly reveal the esteem in which he was held.

The respect for him expressed in the newspapers of South Dakota—the State he had served in Congress for 25 years—was expected by all who were familiar with his record of service.

The late Republican Senator's friends are gratified to know that many persons outside of South Dakota shared with his home State constituents a sincere admiration for his qualities.

As an example, the Washington Post, a newspaper that favors the liberal point of view in Government and finds merit in more Democratic than Republican policies, commented editorially.

"The death of FRANCIS H. CASE takes from the Senate an honest, conservative friend of the District of Columbia and a legislator who was spunky enough to report on the offer of a bribe. The offer came in 1956 when a $2,500 campaign contribution was dangled before the South Dakota Republican with the object of influencing his vote on natural gas legislation then before Congress. Mr. CASE was shocked by the blatant offer, and had enough courage to expose this attempt to use money to buy votes.

"Ultimately, the natural gas bill was vetoed by President Eisenhower on the grounds that improper influences were used to secure its passage. But some of Mr. CASE's colleagues seemed more indignant at the Senator's exposure of the scandal than they were by the offer of the 'gift' itself.

"An inquiry headed by the later Senator George censured the lobbyists involved but failed to commend Mr. CASE for bringing the improper offer to attention. It was a wry footnote that a 'clean

elections' bill arising from the incident and sponsored by virtually every Member of the Senate was entombed in committee.

"Senator CASE deserves to be remembered for more than his connection with a notorious incident. He served as chairman of the Senate District Committee for many years and showed a diligent concern for the welfare of Washington. Always an advocate of economy, he is credited with saving the taxpayers millions when he introduced a bill during World War II requiring renegotiation of war contracts.

"A former newspaperman, a politician who inclined more to the colorless than the flamboyant, Senator CASE was an agrarian conservative whose earnest sincerity was a credit to Midwest republicanism."

[From the Milwaukee Journal, June 27, 1962]

SENATOR CASE'S FINEST HOUR

Senator FRANCIS CASE, Republican, of South Dakota, who died last week, was not a lawmaker of unusual distinction, generally. But 6 years ago he set one example of tested virtue that stirred the country and had historic repercussions.

Probably many legislators receive propositions in various forms that could be broadly termed attempts to bribe. But even when they conscientiously spurned such offers they are usually unwilling to crowd the hero's bench by exposing the propositioners. Not CASE.

In 1956 the Senate was about to pass and send to the White House the heavily lobbied bill to exempt natural gas producers from Federal rate regulation. CASE was about to vote for it, but told the Senate he would not because of having just received, and rejected, a $2,500 "campaign contribution" from one of the gas companies.

The Senate passed the bill anyway, but CASE had stirred such public indignation at the gas interests' overlobbying that President Eisenhower, who would have signed the bill, vetoed it by way of rebuke to their "arrogance." The odor has so lingered that to this day the proponents have not been able to get the bill passed again.

Senate investigators came up with a fine distinction that the money was an "attempt to influence" but not a bribe, because no specific tit for tat was proposed. Far from being a forthright contribution, however, it was in $100 bills in a blank envelope, relayed through two gas company attorneys to a friend of CASE's campaign manager. The two attorneys confessed to lobbying without a license, but that was the legal end of the matter.

The Senator himself was a reluctant hero, wryly noting that a $2,500 contribution in any case would have raised too many eyebrows in South Dakota. Nor did he get any praise or thanks from his colleagues, who generally felt more annoyed than anything else at having the subject come up. Clean-election bills in the wake of the incident have fared no better than the gas bill itself.

[From the Corsica Globe, June 27, 1962]

As it comes to all men, so death came to Senator CASE on Friday. South Dakota and the Nation lost a great statesman. During his 25 years in Washington, Mr. CASE demonstrated that he was a student of public affairs, that because his decisions were based on principle and study he did not waver, while being tolerant and moderate.

Those who now say that they did not always see eye to eye with the Senator, but respected his great devotion to his position, are in effect saying that he was right. That is perhaps the highest tribute that can be paid to a public servant.

More or less personal: The writer knew Senator CASE as a newspaper publisher before he went to Washington, and was delegate at the State convention which nominated him over four other candidates for Congressman. Subsequently it was always a privilege and a pleasure to visit with him when the opportunity presented itself.

[From the Clark County (S. Dak.) Courier, June 27, 1962]

SELECTING A NEW CANDIDATE

Clark County, S. Dak., and the Nation lost a true friend last week with the death of FRANCIS CASE. Admiration for the man has been expressed by men of both parties, among those being his competition for office, George McGovern.

The quality that made a lasting impression on the writer's mind was the announcement some years back that he was considered one of the hardest working Senators in Washington. Time magazine and dailies carried the story, in which they remarked how thorough he was in securing the facts before making a decision. Because of his thoroughness Senator CASE was one of the best informed men in Washington.

The Senator visited Clark County not many months ago. He had aged since his previous visit, but he was still loaded with ideas, and prepared to fight for the things he felt were right.

[From the Elk Point (S. Dak. Leader-Courier, June 28, 1962]

SENATOR CASE

South Dakota and the Nation have lost a great man. Senator FRANCIS CASE, U.S. Senator from South Dakota, an able man and an outstanding Senator, has died.

Senator CASE was a highly respected man in the U.S. Senate. He sponsored many important bills in Congress and saw many of them enacted into law. The Senator was highly regarded among his colleagues for his knowledge of the many complex problems confronting the lawmakers. At the same time he worked energetically and successfully for the State of South Dakota. This State has benefited tremendously from his efforts.

Senator FRANCIS CASE has made his mark on the Nation and certainly on South Dakota. In South Dakota he will long be remembered for the personal attention he gave to the many problems brought to him by his constituents. The friendly, thoughtful consideration given to the people he served will always assure him a place in the hearts of his fellow South Dakotans.

[From the Moody County (S. Dak.) Enterprise (Flandreau), June 28, 1962]

SENATOR FRANCIS CASE

Many words have been written and many will be added concerning the loss to South Dakota and the Nation in the death of Senator FRANCIS CASE. The news was received in South Dakota and across the Nation last Friday and came as a shock to the country. It was known that the Senator had been hospitalized in March and on Thursday evening news was relayed that the Senator had been taken to the hospital but his illness was not termed as serious. Thus his sudden passing had not been expected and his loss was keenly felt.

FRANCIS CASE served the State and the Nation faithfully through seven terms and in the House of Representatives and two in the U.S. Senate. He has been described as an indefatigable worker,

a man of firm convictions and vast knowledge, with an unusual insight into the workings of government.

As a public servant, Mr. CASE never ceased to strive for what he thought was right, and his opponents would and have been the first to praise his abilities, integrity, and effectiveness.

The examples set by FRANCIS CASE as he served his State and Nation should form a great challenge for his successor and the individuals who follow in his stead would be wise to heed his great work both in South Dakota and in Washington.

[From the Woonsocket (S. Dak.) News, June 28, 1962]

DEATH OF CASE LOSS TO SOUTH DAKOTA AND NATION

The untimely death of Senator FRANCIS CASE Friday is a distinct loss to South Dakota and the United States. The Senator served South Dakota through nearly all of his adult life, as a newspaper publisher, then as Congressman for many years and was nearing the end of his second term as Senator. He served his State and Nation well in the interests of good government and South Dakota residents stand to benefit for untold years as a result of his leadership in developing State resources, particularly the harnessing of the Missouri River. His accomplishments include the stature and courage to battle for what he believed to be the best for his country and for the people he represented in national legislative assembly. His death leaves a vacancy in the U.S. Senate which will be exceedingly difficult to fill in the manner in which it has been occupied.

[From the Wolsey (S. Dak.) News, June 28, 1962]

South Dakota politics were upset last week in the death of Senator FRANCIS CASE. He had served well in the House of Representatives and in the U.S. Senate, and all South Dakotans can well be proud of the fine record he made in the 25 years he represented this State.

At the time of his death, Senator CASE was the Republican nominee to succeed himself and he was to be opposed by George McGovern of the Democratic Party. It was generally conceded that the Senate race this year would be exciting and probably close with the edge going to Senator CASE. Now, however, the Republicans have to select a new candidate strong enough to retain the senatorship for their party.

Senator CASE was strong politically in South Dakota and very influential in Washington, D.C. He was a reserved and a firm

student of government and was constantly alert to benefits to be derived by the Nation and the State of South Dakota. Many pieces of legislation he sponsored will have a long-lasting benefit. His fine work on the National and State levels will be greatly missed.

[From the White (S. Dak.) Leader, June 28, 1962]

NATION MOURNS DEATH OF SENATOR FRANCIS CASE

Flags in our town and over the State were at half-staff Tuesday as the citizens shared in honoring the memory of Senator FRANCIS CASE whose funeral was held that day.

From everyone, all party lines erased, come praises for the service Senator CASE rendered his State and country during the 25 years he represented South Dakota in Congress.

The descriptive word used most often is "dedicated." Perhaps no other expresses more precisely his attitude toward his responsibilities. His integrity, honesty, industry, and ability never were questioned.

In one of his late newsletters he said: "The destiny of man in the province of God is not the destruction of His universe. It is the privileged responsibility of everyone to hope and to work for a brighter day for all mankind."

Everett M. Dirksen said some time ago, "CASE is undramatic but he is thorough."

All seem to agree that Senator CASE contributed service far beyond the call of duty.

His passing on is a great loss to his party, his State, and to the Nation. Let us honor his memory by our own more devoted participation in the movements that will accomplish the high standards for which he strove.

The various interests of Senator FRANCIS CASE are shown in his last newsletter. In it he touched upon weather, crops, the wise use of water, flood control on the Vermillion River, satellite communications, importation of beef, connected with tariff-cutting, dropouts from high school, construction for defense, foreign aid, and more. He closed with this expression of appreciation: "A personal note: Thank you, everyone, for whatever interest you may have taken in the primary election of June 5, 1962. I trust that in every respect the results may contribute to responsible and effective representative government."

[From the Sisseton (S. Dak.) Courier, June 28, 1962]

GREATLY MISSED LEADER

The sudden death of Senator FRANCIS CASE has caused great sorrow among residents of South Dakota.

This was a man who had provided 26 years of outstanding service to the State and Nation. Few men in public or private life have provided such capable leadership in Washington.

People of Roberts County, credited with giving him the largest margin of victory of any area in the State during the June primary, will sadly miss this man. He was a real friend of people in northeast South Dakota regardless of their color, creed, or political beliefs.

Accomplishments in the Senate include legislation for weather research, cloud modification, desalination of water, and highway acts. He also introduced laws to dispose of surplus farm commodities for foreign currencies.

It goes without saying that both South Dakota and the Nation will sadly miss this great man in the coming months.

[From the Selby (S. Dak.) Record, June 28, 1962]

South Dakota lost a great booster and friend when Senator FRANCIS CASE passed away from a heart attack last Friday. Sincere sadness was expressed by men and women when they learned of the unexpected death of a man who was completing 26 years as a Member of Congress from the State of South Dakota. From both political parties came expressions of regret for his untimely death. During the 26 years that FRANCIS CASE served South Dakota, many accomplishments were made under his direction and his works and efforts for the State will live for many years in the minds of those who knew him. His loss is a distinct one to the State.

[From the Salem (S. Dak.) Special, June 28, 1962]

SENATOR CASE

South Dakota citizens were stunned Friday morning by the sad news of the death of Senator FRANCIS CASE. His sudden passing came as a complete surprise to all of his constitutents.

It has been said by many already, and we wish to concur, that in the loss of Senator CASE, South Dakota and the Nation lost a true public servant. The one thing about Senator CASE which will

always be remembered is that he never forgot, in all his years in Washington, that he was elected by South Dakotans to represent their needs in our Capital and this was a job he performed with great ability. With him his State and people were first.

Certainly it is no secret that we have, on numerous occasions, taken exceptions to many of his ideas and philosophies, because we belonged to different political parties with different ideas, but we always respected the Senator because he was consistent in his politics and the people of South Dakota always knew where the former newspaperman from Custer stood. For this he was respected by his fellow Republicans and Democrats alike.

His confidence in the wonderful natural resources of our State and the work he did in behalf of the conservation and development of those resuorces will linger long to remind us of his service to all of the people of South Dakota.

[From the Rosholt (S. Dak.) Review, June 28, 1962]

Just recently, Senator FRANCIS CASE wrote a nice personal note to us, little knowing that it would be the last letter we would ever get from him.

Senator CASE is dead.

The State of South Dakota thus loses a public servant of tremendous ability and dedicated service.

Nothing spectacular about Mr. CASE, but when he said something he meant it and everybody knew he meant it.

Here's one man whose shoes will be hard to fill in the Halls of Congress.

[From the Pollock (S. Dak.) Pioneer, June 28, 1962]

POLLOCK SHARES SADNESS OVER DEATH OF CASE

The people of Pollock share the sadness of the rest of South Dakota, and of the Nation, over the loss of Senator FRANCIS CASE.

His loss, in fact, may be felt more deeply here than in many other areas. Not only was he a personal friend of many Pollock residents, but he was a friend of the community. He was the chief speaker at the ground breaking which started the new town in June of 1955, and he was the chief speaker at the opening last August of the north causeway, which marked the completion of the actual relocation phase of the new town.

In between these events, he made several visits to Pollock, and helped the community win success in many projects of vital importance which otherwise might have ended in failure. His

work in Washington, along with that of Senator Karl Mundt, helped get the water system, the school, and even the causeway which now has formed the new Lake Pocasse.

No one is impossible to replace, but it will be difficult, at least, to replace Senator CASE. His years of experience and his seniority, and his extensive knowledge of the problems of South Dakota, meant much to the State.

[From the Mobridge (S. Dak.) Tribune, June 28, 1962]

SENATOR CASE'S SUCCESSOR

The unexpected death Friday of Senator FRANCIS CASE was a great loss to South Dakota and to the Nation, and a personal blow to the friends in this vicinity who had known him personally for many years and held him in the highest esteem.

Senator CASE was a friend to Mobridge during the many years when he was west river Congressman, as well as during his 12 years in the U.S. Senate. His place will be hard to fill.

The Republican Party now has the difficult task of selecting the man they feel can best fill FRANCIS CASE's shoes. There will be no lack of candidates, for anyone who has been in the political arena considers serving in the U.S. Senate as the highest position to which he could aspire.

Both Sigord Anderson and Boyd Leedom, now serving in Federal bureaus in Washington, have been mentioned as possible candidates. The Tribune believes that both men have lost touch with the problems and needs of South Dakota during their 10 years in the National Capital, and should remain in their high burecauratic positions.

Nor do we believe that either of our U.S. Representatives should desert the posts to which they are certain to be reelected for the dangerous assignment of challenging George McGovern for the Senate post. Both Reifel and Berry will serve us better where they are.

Our choice for the Republican candidate would be either former Gov. Joe Foss or Lt. Gov. Joe Bottum, both exceptionally able campaigners and men of high repute. We recommend either to the members of the State central committee who will make the decision.

FRANCIS H. CASE

[From the Milbank (S. Dak.) Herald Advance, June 28, 1962]

We Express Sympathy

South Dakota will long mourn, nor will it soon replace Senator Francis Case, who died Friday while at work for his country.

But to his family and to his immediate associates the loss is a personal one that is only made sharper by the greatness of the man they can no longer see or hear, but only remember.

Eulogies have been written, memorial services have been held, praise has been freely given, but these are but the gestures made when loss is too great to encompass in a few moments.

It is in the hours that follow those of shock and reaction that those close to the Senator must face their loss.

The editor of the Herald Advance and the members of her family join all the others of our Nation in extending sympathy to the family of Senator Francis Case, his wife, his daughter, his granddaughter, and his sisters.

To his office force, too, we express our regrets for we know in what deep respect and affection they held their wonderful "boss."

Perhaps this is the moment to remind them how fortunate they all have been to expend their energies, their love, and affection upon one who so richly deserved it, who was held in esteem, not only by those who knew him well, but by the great men of our Nation who worked with him and were impressed by his integrity and ability.

[From the Lennox (S. Dak.) Independent, June 28, 1962]

A Hero Passes On

He may not have fallen in battle on the shores of a Pacific island or on a battlefield in Europe, but Senator Francis Case died a hero last week in the battle to preserve this Republic and the liberty for which it stands.

A soft-spoken but influential Member of the Senate, Francis Case was respected by Republicans and Democrats alike. No one ever had reason to question the good Senator's integrity or sincerity and the most evident reason for the opposition he collected during his political career was due to the fact that he refused to compromise his principles nor show personal favoritism in return for financial or political support.

Lobbyists and special interest groups always could count on Senator Case listening to their pleas, but all soon came to realize that their cause would be considered by him only if it were in the best interests of South Dakota and our Nation. Even those with whom

he disagreed came to respect him and often had to concede in the long run that CASE was right and they were wrong.

We are proud to have known FRANCIS CASE. It always gave us a certain feeling of satisfaction that CASE, a former weekly newspaper publisher, so well represented the people of South Dakota and was able to hold his own against any and all statesmen and politicians regardless of their background or circle of friends. We did not have the privilege of talking to the good Senator in the past 2 years but the last time he was in Lennox we visited with him at the Independent office and through that conversation were again reassured that South Dakota was represented in the Senate by one of the most able and conscientious men we have known.

Senator CASE loved South Dakota and its people and was justly proud of his beloved Black Hills. Although his demanding duties in Washington gave him little time at home, he often expressed his joy at being able to return occasionally, and had he lived beyond his active career in the Senate we are sure he would have thoroughly enjoyed his declining years in the land he loved and served so nobly.

We know there are others who are better able to eulogize this great man at his passing, but as South Dakotans and Americans we wish to express our deep feeling of loss. FRANCIS CASE will not be easily replaced for men of such dedication, courage, and high principles are few and far between. The good soldier he was, Senator CASE did not expect to go unscathed in the battle for liberty. He did not find his work easy or his path smooth, and, as a Christian soldier, we are sure FRANCIS CASE understood the significance of the words that God will bury the workman but not his works.

The work of Senator CASE will live on as this country remains free and his passing should serve to remind us all of our personal responsibilities in matters of government. We should, with increased devotion, seek to serve our country with courage, and adherence to those principles which have made this country great, as did Senator CASE.

[From the Britton (S. Dak.) Journal, June 28, 1962]

SENATOR FRANCIS CASE DIES

South Dakota lost an exceedingly able and conscientious citizen last week in the death of Senator FRANCIS CASE. His loss will be felt not only in South Dakota but in the Halls of Congress, for he was highly respected by political friend and foe alike.

Senator CASE worked tirelessly for South Dakota and the Nation and his devotion to public duty certainly serves as an outstading example to others. There is little question that Senator CASE

worked for the future as well as present day. Many of the proposals submitted by the late South Dakota Senator and adopted by Congress will have their greatest benefit to the Nation and to South Dakota in the years to come—his legislation to study brackish water and cloud seeding to mention only two.

Development of the Missouri River was promoted by Senator CASE, as well as others, and the full impact of this project has not begun to be felt as yet.

Senator CASE leaves a "big pair of shoes" to fill in Washington—though not big in the physical sense, he was indeed big in ability. Whoever steps into those shoes has his work cut out for him.

[From the Miner County Pioneer (Howard), June 29, 1962]

The death of Senator FRANCIS CASE was a great loss to both South Dakota and the Nation due to his devoted service during the many years he served this State in both the House and Senate in Washington.

His passing, as that of others, reminds us of something that has always seemed a pity—we might even say a tragedy. The fact that a person must die to be recognized for his abilities and his contributions in life.

In fact, it makes us just a bit sick to our stomach when we read and hear the many tributes paid to men and women after they are dead. Then, it seems they just can't say enough good about them, but they could not find the time to say anything nice about them while they were living.

It seems that most persons are prone to "criticize, condemn, and complain" than they are to "honor, praise, or give thanks." It would be a much happier world if we could just keep that in mind.

[From the Lake Preston (S. Dak.) Times, June 29, 1962]

TRUE SERVANT OF THE PEOPLE

The sudden and untimely death of Senator FRANCIS CASE last Friday ended 25 years of service to State and Nation in Congress and there are a lot of high points in an illustrious legislative career for South Dakotans to recall.

Coming to South Dakota in 1949, we knew CASE only during the second, or Senate phase of his congressional career. But in the past dozen years—through a few meetings, hearing some speeches, but mostly through close study of newsletters through many con-

gressional sessions we gained a great respect for his conscientious attention to duty, his sincerity and legislative honesty, and an unremitting industry in fulfilling his legislative duties.

Naturally, there were many instances when we didn't agree with his views, but shadings of economic and sociological viewpoint are minor compared to an intellectual honesty that made publicity seeking secondary to legislative accomplishment, even to one making a career of politics.

A lack of bombast, the barest minimum of National and State headlines characterized his career—but that career was also characterized by a lot of accomplishment, much of it unheralded.

To our way of thinking the high point of CASE's career came in December 1955, when he put the gas and oil industry to rout—and the American public is still reaping dollar-and-cent benefits from CASE's exposé of the attempt to bribe him.

For that bribe which went awry as it ran up against an honesty the like of which the gas and oil lobby had had no firsthand experience before, killed the gas bill in that and several succeeding congressional sessions. Regulation of gas rates was not taken from the Federal Power Commission.

It required moral courage for the Senator, then in his first term, to risk ostracizing himself in that most close-knit of all clubs, the U.S. Senate; it took political courage, too, to make South Dakota's largest newspaper "look bad" in the State and in journalistic circles over the entire Nation.

Yes, it would have been financially rewarding to have accepted the $2,500 he could have used very well; it would have been convenient to have politely—and quietly—declined the bribe offer. That would have been the easiest way, but would not have been the way of a truly dedicated public servant.

So, for one of the few times in the past half century, the oil and gas industry was taken to task.

For above all, FRANCIS CASE was a true servant of the people.

[From the Lemmon (S. Dak.) Tribune, June 29, 1962]

THE SENATOR

The impact of Senator FRANCIS CASE'S death, although a stunning blow to all America, will not reach its proportional import for many months to come. It is difficult, you see, to hurriedly weigh the abilities of a man of the Senator's caliber in a few short days. No one, with the exception of God Himself, could do justice to such a monumental endeavor in so short a period of time.

All that can be done by the Nation's press, in due tribute to Senator CASE's admirable record, is to reflect briefly his public mood, temperament, accomplishments, and dreams of the future. This of course is being done, as we all know.

Many of his congressional and senatorial colleagues, high governmental officials and President Kennedy himself, have offered comments of the highest praise about this unusual man who seemed to possess a rare virtue of commanding the respect of even his most intense political rivals.

These excerpts too, regardless of their well written structure, do not come close to doing the Senator proud. For words of this nature, like all words of respect and admiration associated with death, have a way of being too freely given. Consequently, they lose much of their significance when a truly deserving man like Senator CASE is involved.

The Tribune believes that South Dakota, and likewise the Nation, has lost one of the most dedicated legislators ever to trod the thankless road of public service. Senator CASE was not a controversial or, for that matter, an extremely colorful solon. His frail physical stature seemed to coincide with his quiet mannerisms. Yet, what he lacked in unimportant material attractiveness, he more than made up for with devoted heart, keen mind, and an awing ability to get things done—and done right. It was these segments of his character which molded the foundation for his greatness.

Needless to say, a 100-percent replacement for Senator CASE is the next thing to impossible.

It is our hope, however, that the man chosen to occupy the Senator's office in Washington, D.C., will pattern his tenure after the atmosphere of high integrity which must abound from within its confines.

[From the Canova (S. Dak.) Herald, July 4, 1962]

AN ABLE STATESMAN

South Dakota lost one of its ablest—if not the ablest—public servant the State has ever had in the recent death of U.S. Senator FRANCIS CASE. CASE was a man who carefully examined all angles of every problem that confronted him and when he once decided on a course of action he could not be sidetracked by fear or pressure from doing the thing he thought best for his State and the people in it. After going to Washington a quarter of a century ago he soon acquired the reputation of being a hard worker and he never forgot that his first obligation was to the people of South Dakota. He never was inclined to be a social butterfly in the Nation's Capital

and took out little time for recreation. In fact, his strict adherence to business and the duties of his office may have been a factor in shortening his life, but he probably would not have had it any other way. It will be hard to pick a man to fill Senator CASE'S shoes. He will occupy a big place in the history of the State. The newspaper fraternity of the State is proud of the fact that CASE started his career as a newspaperman in South Dakota.

[From the Hamlin County (S. Dak.) Herald Enterprise (Hayti), July 5, 1962]

It is trite to say that in the passing of Senator FRANCIS CASE both the State of South Dakota and the Nation sustained an irreplaceable loss—particularly so in a distraught time like the present when coolheaded, analytical thinking is so vitally important. For more than most, the late Senator possessed a deep sense of statesmanship that ran like a bright golden thread through his public service. It, and his sterling honesty, earned him the deep esteem and respect of all whom he served. Not an extremist, he demonstrated repeatedly nevertheless throughout his fine public career that he was not afraid to stand upon his convictions, or to champion righteous, albeit momentarily unpopular, causes. In the light of this it is not to be wondered that South Dakotans generally experienced a sense of deep depression on that beautiful June Friday morning when the shocking word came that its good and faithful servant of long years had passed on unexpectedly. For he had rendered a uniformly superb quality of service that will be difficult to match, ever.

Perhaps few people can comprehend the energy and application to the job that the late Senator CASE devoted to his work, or even make an approximation of the widespread ramification of his interests and activities. The writer recalls the thoroughness of the Senator's application in the instance some years back when certain liquor interests in the State embarked on a program of compromising and corrupting municipal liquor store managers through resort to gifts and bribes. The Senator followed up every lead, assembled an impressive volume of information on the subject, spoke repeatedly in the Senate on the subject, and finally brought the offending wholesalers to book. It cost these malingerers some hundreds of thousands of dollars in penalties, and brought about a general housecleaning for the whole sorry picture. While this was a masterful victory for the public, a tribute to his tireless persistence, and a distinct feather in his cap, Senator CASE carried it

along routinely with his customarily heavy grist of senatorial work. Nor did we ever learn that he capitalized publicly—as he would have been fully justified in doing—on the fine job he consummated so successfully in this instance.

Mr. BERRY. Mr. Speaker, "A man is not without honor save in his own home," but in his own home where he was best known, Senator FRANCIS H. CASE enjoyed the highest honor.

I have asked consent, Mr. Speaker, to include the tributes paid to Senator CASE by the weekly newspapers of the Second Congressional District and by some of the daily newspapers throughout the State of South Dakota, which are as follows:

[From the Lemmon (S. Dak.) Leader]

For 65 years FRANCIS CASE lived among and worked for the people who gave him greatest inspiration—his neighbors of South Dakota. He thought first of them and the great State he served always with every ounce of his brain and his being.

In helping his neighbors work out gigantic conservation problems along the Missouri River, on the farms and ranches, in the towns and the cities, Senator CASE often went far beyond the call of duty. As Congressman for seven full terms and for 12 years in the U.S. Senate he placed his magnificent talents to best use of his State and the Nation.

At heart he was a conservative because he did not believe in waste. Instead of squandering billions of dollars of the assets of his country under giveaway plans he sought to save billions of dollars through the renegotiation of Government contracts.

Senator CASE was sturdy, stalwart, and never sacrificed principle for personal gain. Rank and file Democrats, like Republicans, found in him a true friend because what he proposed he performed. He never crossed them.

Before the Senate Saturday Dr. Frederick Brown Harris, its Chaplain, prayed: "Gazing at the empty seat of our friend and colleague, FRANCIS CASE, we think with admiration of his ethical integrity as his strict and sensitive conscience molded in the dedication of church parsonages was never betrayed or even lured by the sirens of expediency."

What finer tribute could be paid to a man who distinguished himself by service to all.

[From the Gate City Guide]

The sudden passing of Senator FRANCIS CASE came as a shock to his many friends and supporters in South Dakota who were girding themselves to aid him in securing a third term in the U.S. Senate. The Senator had just come out of a primary campaign in which he bested his opponent overwhelmingly. Now his work is over and his chores are left to others to carry on. Senator CASE has been a hard-working, diligent representative of the people he represented in the Congress. He worked hard, and played little. When he should have eased his work to preserve his strength he gave no heed, but continued a pace which finally proved too severe. In his long legislative career he served his constituents well. Though in disagreement with many of his stands on public questions it can be said that he pursued a course which pleased his constituents and brought him the continued confidence he enjoyed. New hands will now take up the burdens and the onward course of government will move along.

[From the Custer Weekly]

WITH GRATITUDE

Considering the many eulogies which have been paid the memory of Senator FRANCIS CASE from high places concerning his devotion to and accomplishments for his State and Nation, it would seem unnecessary, perhaps even presumptuous, for us to write along these lines.

However, we feel this is an appropriate place to express gratitude for the loyalty Senator CASE retained for Custer, and for the many favors, both large and small, that he continued to do for this immediate area. These ranged widely—from his urging in 1926 to adopt the Game Lodge as a summer White House to his most recent efforts to extend the mica purchasing program.

This service has meant much to Custer. There are, in fact, some of us who feel that Custer's position at present is much like that of an orphan who has just lost a guardian. Certainly there will be times when things aren't going as smoothly as they might and we will wonder where to turn for help. But we feel there are many persons here who, while they do not move in the same sphere of influence as did the Senator, have much in the same spirit of loyalty and progress for which he was noted. The time comes when every orphan must stand on his own feet and make his own way—that time has come to Custer.

FRANCIS H. CASE

[From the Hot Springs Star]

The millions of words of tribute, written or spoken, the actions of respect and admiration of not only his personal friends but of leaders from all over the world, serve as testimonials of the high esteem in which Senator FRANCIS CASE was held by statesmen, the clergy, men of the arts, political and military leaders, as well as by the people who were always uppermost in his mind—the folks back home.

The Senator's keen and factual mind, his deep-rooted sense of perception, his diplomatic approach to every problem, whatever it might be, left him, after a long 25 years representing South Dakota, with no political enemies but with political opponents, who held in highest regard his well-studied opinions.

The Senator's years in Hot Springs, as a student, and as publisher of the Hot Springs Star, give our area every right to remember his as a favorite son.

In the eyes of the world, Senator CASE was truly a great man. His passing is being mourned by his State and his Nation.

[From the Sturgis Press]

The unexpected death of Senator FRANCIS CASE will be mourned throughout the State and Nation with a keen sense of loss.

He was a sincere and dedicated public servant and his 26 years in the Halls of Congress, 14 years as a Congressman and 12 as a U.S. Senator, will forever be a shrine to him. There will be many eulogies to Senator CASE voiced throughout the land and they will emanate from persons of all walks of life, from the President of the United States on down to the lowest of the late Senator's constituents. But none of them will be more eloquent than the record of public service that Senator CASE left behind him.

Public service started early in the life of FRANCIS H. CASE. He served in the U.S. Marines during World War II and entered the newspaper profession after the war. In his editorial capacities he was a vigorous champion of many worthwhile programs for his State, and particularly for his beloved Black Hills. He served on the State Board of Regents prior to his election to Congress and his interest in education was reflected in the strong support he gave to legislation in this field in the Nation's Capitol.

CASE spent much of his boyhood on a Meade County homestead where he was nurtured on the sound philosophies of the plains pioneers. His father was a Methodist minister here and religion was a deep-rooted part of the late Senator's entire life. There was no hypocrisy within him as he led a good Christian life which was without personal blemish during his 65 years as a mortal man.

The late Senator never forgot the lessons he learned as a boy on the plains of South Dakota. They were evident in his many years as a public servant. He was a hard-working, conscientious and sincere public official and certainly these traits stemmed from his pioneer heritage. He was well aware of the problems of the people on the grassroots level and he represented them well in the Halls of Congress. He authored numerous measures designed to supplement rather than replace the initiative of the people.

The record will show that Senator CASE's greatest contribution as a public servant was his resourceful leadership in the development and conservation of the Nation's natural resources. He was the sparkplug in the development of the Missouri River dam program and a pioneer in the Federal Government's programs in weather modification research. He had the vision to realize that there is a growing worldwide water shortage and he sponsored experiments to convert salt water for human consumption. He did not live to see complete success achieved in tis field, but someday the world will realize the fruits of his early activity.

Senator CASE was also a leader in the field of highway legislation and national defense projects. He was extremely vigilant in striving to obtain the most for the taxpayers' money in these expensive programs. His legislative accomplishments are legion and reflect his studious approach to the problems of the Nation. He did not act precipitously, but with cautious deliberations and any legislation bearing his signature was preceded by intense study and forethought. That's why so much of it has stood the test of time as good legislation.

The one thing above all else that stands out about the life of Senator CASE is the profound respect for him by all who knew him. This respect crossed party lines because Senator CASE was more of a statesman than a politician, more of a patriot than a partisan. This kind of respect is not freely given; it is earned. The best interests of the people came above all other considerations in the outstanding legislative career of the late Senator, and he was respected—if not beloved—for it.

In 26 years of public service, of course, Senator CASE acquired political enemies—but even these held him in high personal regard. He had the courage of his convictions and he retained it despite partisan vilification. We didn't always agree with the Senator's position on national legislation, either, but we never doubted his sincerity or motives for a moment. And we never knew a time when Senator CASE failed to respond to the needs of the people he represented. In fact, he had a knack for anticipating these needs and acting on them with dispatch.

FRANCIS H. CASE

The boy from Meade County, who was raised in the shadow of Bear Butte and inherited the sound philosophies of the plains pioneers, became a big man—not in stature, but in statue. His productive career of public service is his monument, and it is an imposing one.

[From the Queen City (Spearfish) Mail]

All of South Dakota and much of the Nation is mourning the death of South Dakota's FRANCIS CASE, for 25 years a Member of the Congress of the United States.

Senator CASE was much more than a statesman to the thousands of friends he had in South Dakota and across the Nation. He was a companion, moderator, arbiter, and a symbol of democracy to the multitudes who knew him, personally or casually.

The Nation has lost a statesman, not a politician. The State has lost an exponent of all that is right and good, and the publishing business has lost a general who was not afraid to campaign for his State or Nation.

It has been many years since Senator FRANCIS CASE was actively engaged in the profession of publishing a newspaper, but his influence dates back to the visit of former President Calvin Coolidge to the Black Hills in 1927, a visit that Case pushed until it became a reality.

He never discontinued the practice of editorializing, even through his Washington office, for the benefit of South Dakota. His efforts for Black Hills promotion reached Spearfish in his desire to see the completion of the Christ on the Mountain project proposed for Spearfish Mountain just south of the city.

Much may be written in the history books about Senator FRANCIS CASE, of South Dakota, but it remains for the people of his State and Nation to tell the complete story of the man who served us so ably and well for a quarter of a century on Capitol Hill. A single example, if it is necessary, should be the shrine of democracy, Mount Rushmore, which the Nation might not have today without the efforts of FRANCIS CASE, and that is but one example, if the record is bared.

[From the Buffalo Times-Herald]

The passing of Senator FRANCIS CASE last week leaves South Dakotans with the task of filling a man-sized pair of shoes in selecting a successor to the man from Custer, who has given South Dakota and the United States 25 years of faithful and effective service in Washington.

The Senator from South Dakota was known in Washington as "a legislator's legislator." Possessing an astute mind and a serious, methodical way of carrying out his duty, Senator CASE was often called upon to analyze and study the effect of important legislation for other Senators and Representatives. CASE amendments made many pieces of legislation more effective and saved the United States many millions of dollars. His energetic manner, his intelligent approach to problems of the country, and his conservative eye on the cost of Government operations, coupled with principles of absolute honesty and strong moral principle made Senator CASE a man respected by everyone who knew him.

One of the facets of the Senator's makeup which never ceased to amaze us was his ability, when called on in any group of people discussing almost any subject, to get up and present relevant facts and figures on the subject with the precision of rapid rifle fire. This revealed that he had made an intensive study of almost every subject of interest to his South Dakota constituents. Another point which reflected his meticulous care of details in his office was illustrated many times for folks in this area. If we had any question concerning pending legislation, any problems arising from our daily contact with government, a letter to FRANCIS CASE would bring a quick reply with informaiton or help.

Water conservation and water supply improvement in South Dakota were close to the heart of Senator CASE, and his work was largely responsible for development of the Missouri River and the advantageous agreements on distribution of Missouri River power. In his last report from Washington, the Senator said, "As building of the big reservoirs on the Missouri moves toward completion, attention naturally shifts to making the stored water serve recreation and irrigation as well as electrification. Work on the tributaries will not be as dramatic nor will there be as much pressure by outsiders. This means they can be more thoroughly studied for their value to towns, farms, crops, ranches and livestock within our own State."

Senator CASE was a strong advocate of national military security, and believed in the principle of military readiness to deter war. However, he recently said "My observation, over years of experience with military appropriations both in the House and the Senate, is that we need to regard with a careful eye appropriations made to the military. I think we should make all possible efforts to recapture excessive profits or prices; but if the element of safety or protection or a proper posture of national defense is involved, then I think the doubt should be resolved in favor of security."

Leading debate on the Senate floor recently, CASE was able to forestall a grab of funds committed to insuring and guaranteeing

bank deposits and savings, as the administration proposed to use these funds for politically expedient public works.

FRANCIS CASE was anything but the popular image of a politician. His dedication to principle made him a bit blunt at times, and groups looking for special favor soon found they were dealing with the wrong man when they approached FRANCIS CASE.

South Dakota and the Nation have lost one of their most effective legislators and most high principled statesmen with the passing of Senator CASE, and his absence in the Halls of Congress will be felt by members of both political parties. His recent tremendous primary election victory gave testimony to Senator CASE'S standing with South Dakota Republicans, and the fact that he has served his home State in both Houses of Congress for 25 years speaks of his place with South Dakota citizens of both parties.

South Dakotans have a mighty important job to do in filling the man-sized shoes of Senator FRANCIS CASE.

[From the Newell Irrigator]

CASE'S DEATH IS PEOPLE'S LOSS

The many eulogies already written or spoken of South Dakota's late Senator FRANCIS CASE indicate the high esteem in which he was held on all levels of government. His passing was not only a great loss to South Dakota but to the entire Nation.

CASE will be remembered long for his interests and work in many legislative fields—national defense, reclamation, soil and water conservation, Missouri River development, weather modification and water treatment—as well as for national projects and programs more directly affecting South Dakota.

In such fields as weather modification, water treatment, and legislation providing for cooling-off periods preceding labor strikes he was a legislative pioneer. In reading and detecting flaws in proposed bills, he was a thoroughgoing legislator. In insisting that rural America receive its just share of highway and public works appropriations, and that all projects be measured in how best the entire country might best be served, and in calling attention to attempted undue legislative influence, he was a people's legislator.

Truly, Senator CASE was a legislator of high stature, whose passing represents a keen loss to South Dakota and the Nation.

[From the McLaughlin Messenger]

Our country owes a great debt to the late Senator FRANCIS CASE. In a greater measure, South Dakota has benefited from his work.

CASE was a scholar, a man with an inquisitive mind. He had the facility to assemble facts and use them. His was a curious mind, one that was ever questioning.

He had the rare combination of the qualities of a researcher and a dreamer. He could prod and probe into the mazes of Government programs and their finances and deal with tiresome statistics. Still he could envision bringing water from the clouds, fresh water from the sea, and halting the flow of mighty rivers. He could share in the dream of Gutzon Borglum to put faces on the mountains and enjoy the cowboy poetry of Badger Clark.

We are fortunate that he used these great talents in the service of his country.

[From the Philip Pioneer-Review]

News reports early last Friday morning stunned the State and Nation with the announcement of the death of the Honorable Senator FRANCIS CASE of South Dakota.

It's difficult to express in words the feelings of all who knew, respected, and admired the quiet, personable Senator. This editor had been privileged at several South Dakota Press Association conventions and newspaper day events to visit and hear addresses by CASE, and like other newspaper folk, has been proud to have known this former member of our profession.

Indicative of the esteem in which Senator CASE was held by members of both parties and in both House and Senate are the following remarks taken from the Congressional Record of last Friday, June 22.

From Senate Majority Leader Mansfield's remarks: "Like so many Members of this body, I have served in both the House of Representatives and the Senate with this friend. The death of this rancher, this newspaperman, but, above all, this statesman, has left a void which it will be hard to fill by his State, his country, and his party.

"To say that I am shocked and distressed is greatly to understate my personal feeling, because I had great confidence in Senator CASE, and his integrity was never questioned."

And from Senate Minority Leader Dirksen: "Mr. President, sometimes the term 'faithful servant' is rather widely used. If ever the tribute could be correctly used in referring to anyone with whom I have served in public life, certainly it could well be said

of FRANCIS CASE—'Well done, thou good and faithful servant; enter into the joy of thy Lord.'

"FRANCIS CASE could well be described, I think, as a living profile in courage, in conviction, and in devotion to freedom; and he will be sorely missed. FRANCIS CASE had a brilliant mind which was remarkably capacious, particularly for detail, and for analytical ability was one of the greatest I have ever encountered."

Sentor Karl Mundt, as reported by Associated Press: "The passing of Senator CASE is a great loss for the State and Nation, and particularly for those of us who knew him so well as an intimate colleague and dear friend. For 24 years we have been colleagues and teammates in the House or Senate, and South Dakota has never had a better friend in Congress than FRANCIS CASE."

George McGovern, U.S. Food for Peace Director and Democratic nominee for CASE's Senate seat—"All of us mourn the passing of Senator CASE. He was one of the most conscientious and honorable men I have known in public life. Although he and I were in opposite parties, I have publicly expressed my great respect for him on many occasions in the past. Those tributes were well deserved and they can be seen in even truer perspective in the light of the Senator's passing."

CASE's illustrious record in both House and Senate speaks for the service he performed for his constituents from South Dakota, and notwithstanding the loss of seniority in the Senate, it will be literally impossible to replace him.

News media reports are publicizing numerous suggested memorials to his honor, and each of them will be worthy and deserving of support.

The Pioneer-Review, as spokesman for the many in this area, would express deepest sympathy to Mrs. Case and the family. We would further recommend to the Honorable Governor Gubbrud, whose duty it is to appoint an interim successor until next fall's general election, that such honor be bestowed upon the esteemed late Senator's widow.

[From the Kadoka Press]

The death of Senator FRANCIS CASE last week came as a shock to South Dakotans and Americans. South Dakotans knew that CASE had suffered a heart involvement some time ago, but paid little attention to it since he was reported to have recovered from it. His loss is a blow to the freedom-loving people of this country. He was one of the most respected legislators in the U.S. Senate and

his loss will be deeply felt, not only in South Dakota, but throughout the Nation. Senator CASE served South Dakota in the House of Representatives and the U.S. Senate for a quarter of a century. His service to his State and Nation can be equaled by few men.

[From the Omaha (Nebr.) World-Herald]

FRANCIS CASE spent 25 years in Washington as a Representative and as a Senator from South Dakota. He served both his State and his country well. His was a respected conservative voice.

Senator CASE was quiet and often tactiturn. Someone once described him as a midwestern Cal Coolidge, and in temperament he was such a man. A knowledgeable Senator and a hard-working member of the Armed Services and Public Works Committees, he had the respect of his colleagues in the Senate, and he obviously had the confidence of his constituents who returned him to Washington so many times.

Mr. CASE'S death throws South Dakota politics into turmoil because he was a candidate for reelection this fall and faced a formidable Democratic opponent in former Representative McGovern. His party will be hard pressed to find a replacement candidate as widely respected as FRANCIS CASE.

[From the Rapid City Journal]

FRANCIS CASE is dead.

The news was appalling to the West River area which at times had voted up to 80 percent of the ballots to keep the man small of physical stature but big of mind in the Congress.

CASE had a grasp of the Federal governmental structure as few men of the Nation had. He had figures on his tongue tip that most persons would have to grope for.

There were times when the rank and file found fault with his easy rolloff of statistics, considering them dull. But he had knowledge of the functions of the multibillion-dollar operations of Government that few persons could equal.

Speaker of the House Joe Martin recognized CASE'S keen analytical mind and grasp of figures as an attribute. He told a Journal reporter in 1948 when visiting the Black Hills whenever he had an onerous chore to assign he could always count on CASE to do a thorough job.

Although not an attorney, CASE had a faculty of studying legislative bills and finding amendments that made them say what they meant.

He was undoubtedly one of the most astute minds to ever enter the Halls of Congress.

He was one of the country's foremost advocates of weather modification. He believed that moisture-ladened clouds could be seeded in order to produce rain, also, that those clouds could be prevented from dumping damaging hailstones on the ground.

CASE had a knowledge of subjects that escaped many South Dakotans because they had no immediate effect upon the citizen. For instance, he was the author of the forerunner of the Taft-Hartley labor bill—requiring a cooling-off period in labor strikes.

His foresight was almost superhuman. He preserved for South Dakota 50 percent of the power production from Big Bend Dam—otherwise the appropriation would not have been made.

When CASE proposed that President Coolidge be invited to the Black Hills there were those who laughed. His editorials as a Hot Springs newspaperman and his reader's letter to Time magazine accomplished the purpose. He definitly was a man of vision. He probably contributed as much as anyone, excepting Coolidge himself, to making the Black Hills a vacation mecca.

CASE never was one to be spectacular. Yet, he was colorful in spite of his desire to remain behind the congressional political scenes. The publicity when he turned down a $2,500 campaign contribution for a measure he favored, showed his true stature. He voted against the measure to remove Federal regulations on natural gas transmission. And, his action ultimately resulted in President Eisenhower's veto of the act.

Senator CASE had a heart condition that bothered earlier. But he wasn't about to have that slow him down and the physicians agreed he could be up and about.

Being up and about would be the way to describe South Dakota's Senator for all the years he was with us, whether in Washington or in the State.

He was a good, hard-working, sincere South Dakotan. The Nation loses, too.

[From the Mitchell Republic]

The untimely death of Senator FRANCIS CASE of South Dakota is a severe loss to both the State and to the Nation for the veteran West River legislator has served them both well. His death also is a tragic reminder of the pressures involved in serving the high office he held.

CASE, in one capacity or another, has served South Dakota and later the Nation most of his adult life. His obituary lists his many recorded accomplishments such as the legislation he has sponsored, his political fights for what he believed to be the best for his country, and for the people he represented in Congress.

These are more than just words in the Congressional Record. They represent the honest thinking of a man during some of the most perilous years this Nation has faced. He feared no pressure groups, economic or political, and he was indebted to no one other than those who elected and reelected him to Congress. As a result he could and did act as he saw fit.

He was a strong advocate for development of our natural resources and in his committee work and floor speeches was a leader in the harnessing of the Missouri River. Once the major structures neared completion, he drummed constantly when back in South Dakota that this State has a major stake in the water behind these dams, a stake that can be developed only through concentrated efforts by South Dakotans.

There are, of course, many in South Dakota who did not agree with some of the political thinking of Senator CASE. That is the way of two-party government. But there were few on either side of the political fence who did not know where the Senator stood on important issues. That trait alone will long commend his memory to South Dakota and to all the Nation.

[From the Brookings Register]

South Dakota and the Nation lost a great man, and the U.S. Senate one of its most able and respected Members, when FRANCIS CASE succumbed to an apparent heart attack.

He had served the State and Nation faithfully through seven terms in the House of Representatives and two in the Senate. A man of wide and varied interests, he was most noted for his legislative activities dealing with water conservation. His 1940 House resolution generally is credited with having launched the Missouri River development program, now nearing fruition with the construction of Big Bend Dam, last of the mainstem impoundments. His activities in behalf of saline water research and weather modification were further demonstrations of his interest in water.

Senator CASE was an indefatigable worker, a man of firm convictions and vast knowledge, with an unusual insight into the workings of government. He never ceased to strive for what he thought was right, and those who opposed him on many matters would be the first to praise his ability, integrity, and effectiveness.

FRANCIS H. CASE

Senator CASE's epitaph might well be the words of one of America's best known correspondents, expressed to this writer on a recent trip to Washington: "He (Senator CASE) is the most scholarly man in the Senate."

[From the Aberdeen American-News]

Sincere sadness and shock were expressed by thousands in South Dakota upon learning of the unexpected death of Senator FRANCIS CASE, senior member of this State's delegation in Congress. And the sadness was shared by his fellow lawmakers and students of government everywhere.

Repect for Senator CASE was by no means confined to South Dakota or to members of the Republican Party of which he was a member.

His love of country, his studious nature, his ceaseless work, his sense of fairness, and his notable conscientiousness combined to make him one of the more effective Members of the Senate. His activities lacked showmanship but they helped produce results that will be enjoyed by Americans for many generations.

Senator CASE's death is a distinct loss to South Dakota and the United States. The innumerable improvements, brought about through his tireless efforts, will remain as memorials to him.

[From the Madison Leader]

The news came over the United Press International wire, bringing the shocking announcement that Senator FRANCIS CASE, one of the State's most devoted, most highly honored public servant, was dead.

It is trite to say, as so many others have said, that his death was a loss to his State and Nation. But it is precisely true.

He had a complete grasp of the problems of the National Government. He was always two or three steps ahead in his thinking about public affairs and the ways to meet new problems.

If Senator CASE (then Representative CASE) had been offered repayment for the money he saved the U.S. taxpayers in one move, he would have to live 9,300 years at the rate of a million dollars a year. This was his famous bill providing for renogtiation of war contracts. The Armed Forces would place orders for a large number of articles, then would reorder at an amazing rate, as the military operation grew. So Representative CASE proposed that the Government, in settling these contracts, would audit the books of the

supplier and adjust the price to allow a reasonable profit, and no more. It is estimated that this one piece of legislation saved the Federal Government $9.3 billion.

[From the Huron Plainsman]

Futility reaches no greater heights than when an attempt is made to appraise the public contributions of, or to eulogize a great man when death suddenly and tragically strikes.

Particularly is this so when that man happens to be a neighbor and one who gave up his very life in the service of what, next to his immediate family, was dearest of all to him—his home community.

And so it is with U.S. Senator FRANCIS CASE, South Dakota's junior U.S. Senator, whose long and illustrious career was closed by death.

Because his professional career before entering Congress was in the newspaper publication field, CASE might be termed a man who lived by the written word. But it is his deeds, his tremendous contributions to the many phases of South Dakota's community betterment, that will place his name in history forever as one of this State's most distinguished of all civil servants.

No truer reflection of Senator CASE's great stature in Congress, nor of the high esteem in which he was held by his colleagues, than the spontaneous flow of tributes following his death. From leading public figures, members of both political parties including President Kennedy, who served with Senator CASE in Congress and later was closely associated with him as the Nation's Chief Executive, came these deeply sincere acknowledgements of the deeds of this truly great legislator. Most fitting of all, perhaps, that from Vermont's Senator Aiken, who termed Senator CASE a "legislator's legislator."

Senator CASE's loss to South Dakota is immeasurable as it is tragic.

[From the Pierre Capital Journal]

South Dakotans have rarely been more shocked than they were upon hearing of the death of Senator FRANCIS CASE from the effects of a heart ailment.

We think it will be generally concluded by everybody that this State has lost an outstanding public servant and that the Senate of the United States has lost one of its most capable Members.

The list of CASE's acomplishments since he came to South Dakota in 1909 as a boy of 14 is a long one. He served his country in World War I as a private in the U.S. Marines. He served the communities in which he lived as an energetic and reliable newspaper editor. He served his State as a regent of education, as a Representative in Congress, and as a U.S. Senator. He served the Republican Party as a delegate to the party conventions, as a vigorous campaigner, and as a sound counselor.

CASE was nominated at the recent primary election in South Dakota as a candidate for reelection. It will be necessary for the party central committee to fill that vacancy. In view of the imminent convening of the party State convention it would appear appropriate that the convention itself should have an opportunity to make a recommendation.

In the meantime the Senate is in session, and it will be necessary for Governor Gubbrud to select somebody to fill the vacancy in CASE's seat until the next general election in November. That is one appointment that should be made promptly. There is too much legislation in which South Dakota is interested appearing on a day-to-day basis in the Congress to permit that seat to remain vacant very long.

Mr. BERRY. Mr. Speaker, since this is the day set aside in the other body for recognition of the just respect due to a great U.S. Senator, FRANCIS CASE, who recently was called to serve in a higher body, I have asked unaimous consent to insert an editorial from the Custer County, S. Dak., Chronicle, the newspaper that Senator CASE published for so many years.

The editorial reads as follows:

"NOR LONG REMEMBER"

Thousands of words of eulogy have been, and will be, written and spoken about Senator FRANCIS CASE. Those words will in all likelihood fit into the category of which Lincoln had in mind when he said at Gettysburg: "The world will little note nor long remember what we say here, but it will never forget what they did here."

Lincoln erred in his prediction, what he said is remembered, but what they did is, to most people, very vague.

It will not be so with FRANCIS CASE. What is said about him will be soon forgotten, but what he did will be long remembered. Stand anywhere in South Dakota and you will see evidence of his work—water conservation; the dams from Angostura to Big Bend; Mount Rushmore of which he was one of the original boosters and served

on the national commission for many years until his death; national park and national forest improvements; Black Hills Ordnance Depot; Ellsworth Air Force Base; the Titan and Minuteman complexes; public buildings; hospitals; veterans facilities; rural electrification; airports; the list of major projects in which he had a hand is endless.

But it was the little things that he did for the people he represented that probably most endeared Senator CASE in the hearts of his people—the little personal matters such as a draft hardship case, a dispute with some Government agency, the encouragement of some young man or woman in a difficult time, help in securing a pension for someone, assistance in clearing an Indian claim—it was these little unpublicized acts for which he will be most remembered by his fellow South Dakotans.

Although the interests of his State were always uppermost, CASE made himself one of the most highly respected legislators in the Government, authorizing many important bills of national and international significance and his sound reasoning on the floor of the Senate commanded the respect of members of both political parties.

Custer is proud to have been the home of FRANCIS CASE and is proud to have been able to share his abilities with the State and the Nation and the free world.

We regret that his most cherished ambition was left unrealized—his desire to retire from public life to his ranch and the outdoor life in the Black Hills he loved.

Bismarck said: "A really great man is known by three signs—generosity in the design, humanity in the execution, and moderation in success."

FRANCIS CASE was a really a great man by that definition.

Mr. REIFEL. Mr. Speaker, as a further mark of tribute to South Dakota's late Senator FRANCIS CASE, I ask that the following newspaper editorials, commenting on his unexpected passing, be included.

In addition, I ask that Senator CASE's last report to the people of South Dakota, indicating his characteristic concern for the general welfare of the people and his wide variety of interests, be reprinted.

The editorials and report follow:

[From the Washington Post, June 23, 1962]

FRANCIS H. CASE

The death of FRANCIS H. CASE takes from the Senate an honest conservative, friend of the District of Columbia, and a legislator who was spunky enough to report on the offer of a bribe. The offer came in 1956 when a $2,500 campaign contribution was dangled before the South Dakota Republican with the object of influencing his vote on natural gas legislation then before Congress. Mr. CASE was shocked by the blatant offer, and had enough courage to expose this attempt to use money to buy votes.

Ultimately, the natural gas bill was vetoed by President Eisenhower on the grounds that improper influences were used to secure its passage. But some of Mr. CASE's colleagues seemed more indignant at the Senator's exposure of the scandal than they were by the offer of the "gift" itself. An inquiry headed by the late Senator George censured the lobbyists involved but failed to commend Mr. CASE for bringing the improper offer to attention. It was a wry footnote that a "clean election" bill arising from the incident and sponsored by virtually every Member of the Senate was entombed in committee.

Senator CASE deserves to be remembered for more than his connection with a notorious incident. He served as chairman of the Senate District Committee for many years and showed a diligent concern for the welfare of Washington. Already an advocate of economy, he is credited with saving the taxpayers millions when he introduced a bill during World War II requiring renegotiation of war contracts. A former newspaperman, a politician who inclined more to the colorless than the flamboyant, Senator CASE was an agrarian conservative whose earnest sincerity was a credit to Midwest Republicanism.

[From the Washington Evening Star, June 23, 1962]

FRANCIS H. CASE

The death of Senator FRANCIS CASE, of South Dakota, loses to the Senate one of its most zealously conscientious and hardworking Members. Some of those who knew him best believe the rigorous regimen he set for himself in fulfilling his committee and other responsibilities contributed to his final illness. Be that as it may, he knew no other course. Hard work was the pattern of his life.

Here in Washington he will be pleasantly remembered for his work as a member of both House and Senate legislative committees on the District of Columbia, which included a term as chairman of the latter. Like most of those who have contributed to the building of a better city, he never looked on such committee assignments as a chore, grudgingly performed, but as a useful opportunity for constructive service. He was one of the genuine champions of voting rights for the people of this community and an architect of the 23d amendment, which tardily recognized some of them. Originally an advocate of home rule, skepticism as to its practicality increased with his own experience in local government. He may still have voted for it. But in later years he more than once expressed his personal conviction that the real and worthwhile objectives were voting rights in Congress, as well as in the electoral college.

It is a matter of deep regret that the National Capital as well as the country at large has lost so capable a representative.

[From the Sioux Falls (S. Dak.) Argus-Leader, June 23, 1962]

U.S. SENATOR FRANCIS CASE—A GREAT CITIZEN WHOSE WORK WILL LIVE AFTER HIM

South Dakota and the Nation have lost a great citizen and public servant in the death of U.S. Senator FRANCIS CASE.

His service in Congress spanned more than a quarter of a century—from January 1937, when he took office as South Dakota's West River U.S. Representative, until his death Friday.

In 14 years in the U.S. House of Representatives and in his service in the U.S. Senate since January 1951, Senator CASE labored tirelessly for his State and Nation.

He had a quality of intensity. He drove himself unceasingly in the public service. This continued hard, driving pace through the years undoubtedly contributed to his heart difficulty earlier this year and to his death at 65.

IDEAS AND PUBLIC WORKS

Senator CASE leaves behind him many great and significant accomplishments, that will mark his life as one of service to his State and country.

These accomplishments include both ideas and public works. They include detail work which has saved this Nation billions of dollars—and concern for the simplest request of a constituent in South Dakota.

He became known as an idea man and speaker in student days at Dakota Wesleyan University. After graduation he entered the U.S. Marine Corps in World War I.

It was his idea as a young newspaper editor that brought President Calvin Coolidge to the Black Hills in 1927. This was the publicity springboard from which the Hills took off on the tourist business.

His early work in Congress saw him laboring tirelessly for Missouri Basin development and for programs to aid the Indians. He was coauthor of the Case-Wheeler Act for Water Conservation. He was still working for the full potential of the Missouri Basin when he died, as evidenced by his interest in utilizing the complete hydroelectric capacity of the river dams.

As a U.S. Representative from South Dakota during World War II, he conceived the idea of renegotiating war contracts to recover excess profits. This saved the Government and the taxpayers $9½ billion.

After the Republican trend in 1946, he was ranking Member of the House Appropriations Committee. Later, in the Senate, he devoted much of his time and energies to the Armed Services Committee. Here his concern was not only for the national interest in the defense of the country, but also for the welfare of the soldier, sailor, and airman. He made many trips to the far corners of the earth to see for himself how the service "brass" handled U.S. business and how the GI's were getting along.

His Senate record included legislation for weather research, cloud modification, desalination of water and various amendments to highway acts. He also introduced the first legislation to dispose of surplus farm commodities for foreign currencies and to utilize that in oversea military construction.

At the time of his death he was ranking Republican member of the Senate Committee on Public Works. He served on the Armed Services Subcommittee for Military Construction.

HE KEPT HIS EARLY INTERESTS

Throughout his lifetime he kept his interest in the activities of his youth and early career as a newspaper editor in the 1920's and early 1930. He was a member of the Methodist Church throughout his lifetime. He continued to write poetry about the Black Hills long after his Washington work kept him away from the home scene and his ranch in South Dakota.

South Dakota and the Nation have suffered a keen loss in the death of U.S. Senator FRANCIS CASE—but his good works live after him.

Senator Francis Case Reports to South Dakota

That Month of May

Washington, June 18.—The merry month of May 1962 goes down in the history books as one of the wettest months in South Dakota history. Point after point reported good soaking rains. There was relatively little damage from sudden downpours. In a few spots, tornadoes did savage damage. And even mid-June finds some cornfields too wet to plant. But Statewide, we've had moisture.

And in South Dakota, the continuing major factor in growth and prosperity is the availability and wise use of water.

We are endeavoring to work out a plan which will control floods on the Vermilion River while at the same time retaining some of the water more nearly where it falls instead of rushing it all into the Gulf of Mexico. Other studies are advancing on storage in Lake Byron, Lake Andes, and on the White.

As building of the big reservoirs on the Missouri moves toward completion, attention naturally shifts to making the stored water serve recreation and irrigation as well as electrification. Work on the tributaries will not be as dramatic nor will there be as much pressure by outsiders. This means they can be more thoroughly studied for their value to towns, farms, crops, ranches and livestock within our own State.

Satellite communications: This week the Senate is engaged in another of those protracted debates. The question is whether the so-called compromise plan for development of communication satellites out in space should be linked with the industries which have developed surface and wireless facilities or operated as a strictly Government enterprise.

The debate will probably run all week and its outcome is not certain. As of this writing, opinion seems to favor a combination operation—thereby seeking to get the benefit of business direction and experience along with Government-sponsored research and rights in space.

Want to know first: The Corn Belt Livestock Feeder, published at Spencer, Iowa, in its May 29 number, carries this paragraph:

"Permitting the American farmer to produce just the beef imported last year would have consumed the production of 42.8 million acres." Which is one of the reasons why some Members of Congress from agricultural States are hesitant to grant the President the broad tariffcutting powers he has requested.

Graduates and dropouts: As would be expected, considerable attention has been given during the past month to young people

graduating from high school. The other side of nongraduating has recently been studied by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

This study reveals that between January and October last year 350,000 teenagers over 16 left school without graduating. Of these, 27 percent were without jobs in October. And further, of the total unemployed in October, over 500,000 were young people between 16 and 24 years of age who had not finished high school.

This is not to say that every child who finishes high school finds regular work at once. But it does suggest that completing high school helps. And, probably, it could be demonstrated that the problems of juvenile delinquency are most often found among the jobless. Other things contribute to the problems, but these figures again suggest that an education and a steady job are good starts toward useful citizenship.

Funds for the RS–07: In the Senate last week we added funds to the defense appropriation bill for the "modified B–70," but the money may not be spent now or ever.

The issue was whether to defer the funds until a later date or to provide them conditionally—and to limit their use to that one purpose. During the debate, I said:

"My observation, over years of experience with military appropriations both in the House and the Senate, is that we need to regard with a careful eye appropriations made to the military. I think we should make all possible efforts to recapture excessive profits or prices; but if the element of safety or protection or a proper posture of national defense is involved, then I think the doubt should be resolved in favor of security.

"The most valuable, the most productive, the most successful projects that we have had in the way of aircraft development have been those which have accomplished their purpose without being used in war. I mention, for example, the B–36. It was developed in the period betwen the B–29 and the B–52. This large bomber was never used in a hot war, but by its presence it provided a deterrent capability which enabled this country to survive many crises which might have turned into hot war had we not had that potential.

"Because I think it is important that we not only have a lead, but maintain the lead and be out in front in the future, I shall support the recommendation made by the committee in the bill."

Defense Secretary McNamara did not ask for the money because he doubts that tests will show that the big plane with its 2,000-mile speed can be completed until after we are "fully armed" with missiles. He has said he will not spend the money, and, of course, should not, unless tests indicate the plane will work out.

This is one case, however, where it would be better to be ahead than behind, it seems to me.

Further, I incline to the general position that manned bombers are better policemen than mechanical missiles. You can use them for more purposes—and you can call them back if there's a mistake.

How much foreign aid? The Senate has passed a bill authorizing expenditures of an additional $4,662 million in foreign aid. This represents an increase of $400 million over last year. As I have said on prior bills, that moves in the wrong direction. We should be reducing the dollars shipped abroad this way as much as is consistent with minor pledges and current U.S. interests.

Opinions will differ, of course, as to what are our "current interests," the degree of our interests, and the nature of them.

Few people will advocate that we should provide military equipment to a potential enemy; opinions differ more when it comes to using surplus food to woo friendship or to feed hungry children in Communist lands.

Questions like these arise:

1. Should we help Communist politicians to cover up their failures in food production?

2. If we have given $15 billion to feed and clothe people in friendly lands in the past 16 years and are now helping to feed 30 million children—what will it cost to feed the remaining 700 million whom we are told do not have adequate diets?

One thing should be clear: If, when and where we do provide lunches for more hungry children it should be done in such a way that those getting the food know that America is providing it. The supplies cannot be turned over to a Communist-controlled government in the expectation that they will give the United States any credit.

True friendship between peoples should be increased but no nation is rich enough to feed all the people of the world, nor able to prevent profiteering if the supplies are turned over to unfriendly political opportunists, commercial interests, or black markets.

A personal note. Thank you, everyone, for whatever interest you may have taken in the primary election of June 5, 1962. I trust that in every respect the results may contribute to responsible and effective representative government.

FRANCIS CASE,
U.S. Senator.

Mr. REIFEL. Mr. Speaker, in the weeks since his passing, many adjectives and superlatives have been used to describe

the life and works of the Honorable FRANCIS CASE, late Senator from South Dakota.

Recently South Dakota officials held the ground-breaking ceremonies for a new bridge across the Missouri River between Platte and Winner. It will be a most unusual bridge and the story of how it came into being also is a most unusual one.

But even more, it is a tribute to the perseverance, determination and effectiveness of Senator CASE whenever he tackled a project which he felt was justified.

I have just received word from the South Dakota Highway Commission that my suggestion to name this great bridge in Senator CASE'S honor has been accepted and this will be done upon its completion and dedication. In addition, I am hopeful that the Congress soon will complete action on the resolutions introduced to name in his honor the body of water which this bridge will span. The reservoir now is called Fort Randall Reservoir, after the dam which created the impoundment.

Senator CASE had been scheduled to deliver the ground-breaking ceremony address for the new bridge. After his sudden passing, it was fitting that officials should call upon his chief South Dakota assistant, Mr. Harold Schuler, of Pierre. Mr. Schuler's remarks outlined the manner in which Senator CASE fought for this project. Under leave to extend my remarks, I include this address, "A Man and a Bridge."

A MAN AND A BRIDGE

(Remarks by Harold Schuler, former assistant to the late Senator FRANCIS CASE, at the ground breaking of the Platte-Winner Bridge on July 17, 1962)

Through the years I occasionally have filled in for the Senator and was always happy to do so, but today I find little happiness in filling in for him at his last scheduled appearance.

I have been asked to review what one man did to make the dream of this bridge come true. It is not my intention to overlook anyone who worked to obtain this bridge. I know that FRANCIS CASE would want to share the credit with many people.

Perhaps everyone's part best can be described by the teamwork of a football team. The guards, tackles, fullbacks, and all have to cooperate to execute a play properly in order for the quarterback to carry the ball across the line.

Senator FRANCIS CASE took the ball over the line and scored, but with the help of numerous people, many of whom are here today.

This, then, is the story of a man and a bridge which they said couldn't be built.

It started years ago, but FRANCIS CASE's determined part began in May of 1959 when he urged that the surplus bridges at Mobridge and Whitlocks Crossing be moved down to the Platte-Winner crossing. In his letter to General Itschner of the Corps of Engineers he said:

"It is not an adequate or satisfactory compensation to move a river crossing 15 miles downstream and thereby either feed traffic to out-of-State points or require the traveler to retrace many extra miles."

But in June, General Person of the Corps of Engineers said it was too costly to move the surplus bridge and that it would be cheaper to build a new one. However, the Corps of Engineers position throughout this whole struggle was that the South Dakota Highway Commission elected not to locate a crossing at Wheeler but to relocate the highway across the top of the Fort Randall Dam.

"It is our position that we have discharged our responsibility for providing a replacement at Wheeler and therefore we cannot recognize any responsibility for an additional bridge."

But when everybody said "No," that was usually when FRANCIS CASE really went to work. He began thinking about this agreement with the highway commission to which the corps often referred. In this file is a handwritten memorandum to a staff member in which he ordered that we must find and study this agreement.

In July of 1959 he wrote to Commissioner Armstrong of the Bureau of Public Roads that he would "like copies of the memorandum between the Bureau and the State highway commission and I would like to know what responsibility the Engineers felt they had for providing an adequate crossing." Armstrong replied that no such agreement was on file.

He also wrote to the State highway commission and the then Director McKellips replied that their files did not show a firm agreement and acceptance on this point.

CASE examined the contract between the State and the Engineers in regard to their responsibilities to the State for building this dam which was signed April 5, 1959, by Governor Mickelson and Colonel Prentiss. Upon examination, CASE said that this contract largely dealt with other highways and bridge modifications brought

about by the flooding of the Fort Randall Reservoir, but did not specifically deal with the Sheeler crossing.

Armed with this new evidence, CASE wrote H. R. Wright of the Platte Enterprise in September of 1959 and said, "I will bring up this matter next year in the Committee on Public Works when we consider the omnibus flood control bill."

In November of 1959, the State highway commission passed a resolution urging Federal funds to build the crossing.

On January 19, 1960, CASE introduced a bill, S. 2860, to build a bridge at a cost of $6,375,000. The corps said a new one would cost this much but still maintained it had no responsibility to provide a replacement.

In a news release on this bill CASE said:

"I have been unable to uncover any document indicating the former State highway commission had accepted the Fort Randall crossing as an adequate compensation for the loss of the Wheeler bridge."

Then came the massive challenge of leading and carrying a bill through the Congress. He called for supporting evidence for the need of the bridge from Platte, Winner, Parkston, Sioux Falls, and other places. All was going well, but on March 1, 1960, the bill was dealt a big blow.

The Bureau of the Budget gave an adverse report on his bill and said the crossing at Randall was adequate. Another heavy shell landed on March 25 when the Secretary of the Army Brucker announced that they, too, were opposed to the bill.

The legislative process in Washington is such that when the Bureau of the Budget and the Army say "No" it usually means positive death to a bill. But FRANCIS CASE began to work overtime on his committee and presented all the material you people gathered to persuade them on the need for this bridge. The first ray of hope shown through on June 6, 1960, when the Senate Public Works Committee on page 162 of the omnibus flood control bill report said:

"We, the committee, believe that a crossing at the Wheeler site is economically justified and the committee further believes that local interests should construct the necessary approaches."

It passed the Senate in this form. CASE had won his first battle and praise poured in from this area.

The next massive obstacle was that his provision was not in the House flood control bill and their conference had been instructed not to go along with this bridge. Senator CASE, however, was a Senate conferee so he began a big battle in the conference committee to hold this bridge from falling into the stream. For the next couple days while the flood control bill was in conference to

iron out the differences between the two Houses, he had conferences with Senator Kerr, chairman of the committee; the Secretary of the Army; the Bureau of the Budget—gallantly trying to win his battle for this bridge, which the corps said would cost $6,375,000 to build.

Finally, he and Senator Kerr had a last-ditch conference with Maurice Stans, Director of the Budget under President Eisenhower. After a lengthy persuasion by CASE, Maurice Stans finally said (and this was described by CASE in a letter to H. A. Trevor and John Johnson, of Platte, in September 1960), "Can you build it for $4 or $4½ million?"

CASE agreed to $4.5 million because he had read that South Dakota Highway Engineer Kenneth Scurr had designed a similar bridge at less than planned. He assumed that Scurr could design this one for less and he was right. He also felt that the $6,750,000 Corps of Engineers estimate was a safe figure and that it might not be their lowest. So, he gambled that it could be done and accepted Stans' offer.

On June 30, 1960, the conference committee announced that it inserted the $4.5 million figure but that the State must still agree to pay remaining costs and provide the approaches.

On July 14, 1960, it became the law of the land when President Eisenhower signed Public Law 86–645.

In 1961 CASE urged through Senator Anderson that the approach roads be put on the State system so that Federal aid money could be used for the approaches and the legislature approved the bill of Senator Ramey and Representative Manning for this purpose.

Later CASE convinced the Corps of Engineers that the State—rather than the corps—build the bridge and the corps agreed to that.

A few months ago the highway commission under Governor Gubbrud and Director Don Haggar let this project to contract and here we are today.

As I said earlier, it takes many people to obtain and build a bridge like this, but I think that after this review that you will agree that it was Senator FRANCIS CASE who carried the ball across the line to score.

Now I wish that he could have been here today. He was proud of his work on this bridge. Naming it after him would be very appropriate. He would have liked that.

Let this bridge not only serve as a monument to him but let it also stand here as an example that the impossible can be done and that it takes this kind of determination to make South Dakota a better place in which to live.

FRANCIS H. CASE

Mr. REIFEL. Mr. Speaker, I have introduced a resolution to name the first of the Missouri River lakes in South Dakota created by national legislation in honor of the late Senator FRANCIS CASE, of South Dakota, whose work was responsible for the original authorization.

In addition, I am suggesting to the South Dakota State highway officials that the huge bridge soon to be constructed across this lake be named "The Francis Case Memorial Bridge" in honor of the man who almost singlehandedly obtained the necessary congressional authority for this structure, soon to be dedicated.

There are countless projects all across South Dakota for which FRANCIS CASE was primarily responsible, but he was particularly identified with these two.

It is fitting that the first of the Missouri Rover lakes which have come into being largely through his vision and legislative workmanship should bear his name. And it is equally appropriate that the huge bridge providing a new link between eastern and western South Dakota should be named in his honor that all who cross it shall be reminded of the high regard in which we held him and many ways in which he helped build a better America.

Mr. BERRY. Mr. Speaker, I am joining my colleague, the gentleman from South Dakota, Representative Ben Reifel, in the introduction of this resolution to name the reservoir back of the Fort Randall dam "Lake Francis Case."

Since the Missouri River development program stands as a monument to the great work of Senator FRANCIS CASE, it is fitting and proper that one of the mammoth reservoirs on the mighty Missouri be named in his honor.

I have joined in introducing this bill in memory of Senator FRANCIS CASE who did so much for irrigation, reclamation, and water development in South Dakota.

Water for South Dakota was always the first interest of this great man. Water in South Dakota should bear his name.

Date Due

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